Charm and beauty hadron decays at Belle and Belle II

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Outline

Charm Decays:

- CP violation in charm
- Charm flavor tagging

Hadronic B Decays:

- ▶ Hadronic *B* decays as tool for semileptonic *B* decays
- Determination of CKM angle ϕ_3/γ and ϕ_2/α
- SM Null Tests

Disclaimer

Too many results to fit all into this presentation

Search for $B^- o \overline{\Xi}^0_c \overline{\Lambda}^c$	2401.04807	Belle	
Measurements of $B^0 \rightarrow \omega \omega$	2401.04646	Belle	
Search for $D^0 o p\ell$	PRD 109, L031101 (2024)	Belle	
Evidence of $B^0 o p \Sigma \pi^-$	PRD 108, 052011 (2023)	Belle	
Search for CP violation in $D^+_{(s)} \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$,	2305.12806	Belle	
$D^+_{({ m s})} o { m K}^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$, and $D^+ \stackrel{({ m s})}{ o} { m K}^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^0$ decays			
Search for CP violation in $D^+_{(s)} o K^+ K^0_S h^+ h^-$	PRD 108, L111102 (2023)	Belle	
and observation of $D^+_{(s)} o K^+ K^- K^0_S \pi^+$			
Search for $B_s \to \pi^0 \pi^0$	PRD 107, L051101 (2023)	Belle	
Study of $B^+ o p \overline{n} \pi^0$	2211.11251	Belle	
Determination of the CKM angle ϕ_3 from		Belle i Belle II	
a combination of Belle + Belle II results		Belle + Belle II	
BF and CP violation in $B^+ \rightarrow D_D K^+$ with $D \rightarrow K^0_S K^+ \pi^-$	JHEP 09 2023, 146 (2023)	Belle + Belle II	
BF and CP violation in $B^+ \rightarrow D_{CP\pm}K^+$	2308.05048	Belle + Belle II	
Precise measurement of the D_s^+ lifetime	PRL 131, 171803 (2023)	Belle II	
BF and CP violation for $B \rightarrow K\pi$ and $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$	PRD 109, 012001 (2024)	Belle II	
Observation of $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^-K_S^0$	2305.01321	Belle II	
Novel method for charm flavor tagging	PRD 107, 112010 (2023)	Belle II	

Disclaimer

Too many results to fit all into this presentation Japanese dish: *Okonomiyaki*; *okonomi* "as you wish"



Presenting my own heavily biased okonomiyaki of charm and beauty results

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CP violation in charm

Triple product asymmetries

B Factories are also charm factories 1.3 M $c\overline{c}$ events per 1 fb⁻¹ (1.1 M for $B\overline{B}$) Search for *CP*-violation in $D^+_{(s)} \to K^+ K^0_S h^+ h^-$ at Belle

Measure asymmetry in triple products $C_T = v_1 \cdot (v_2 \times v_3)$

$$\mathsf{A}_{\mathcal{T}} = \frac{\Gamma(C_{\mathcal{T}} > 0) - \Gamma(C_{\mathcal{T}} < 0)}{\Gamma(C_{\mathcal{T}} > 0) + \Gamma(C_{\mathcal{T}} < 0)}; \ \overline{\mathsf{A}}_{\mathcal{T}} = \frac{\Gamma(-\overline{C}_{\mathcal{T}} > 0) - \Gamma(-\overline{C}_{\mathcal{T}} < 0)}{\Gamma(-\overline{C}_{\mathcal{T}} > 0) + \Gamma(-\overline{C}_{\mathcal{T}} < 0)}$$

 $\begin{array}{l} A_{T} \neq 0 \text{ also due to final state interaction} \\ \text{Define } \frac{a_{CP}^{T\text{-odd}}}{a_{CP}^{T}} = 0.5(A_{T}-\overline{A}_{T}) \text{ to remove this effect} \\ \frac{\text{Mode}}{D^{+} \rightarrow K^{+}K_{S}^{0}\pi^{+}\pi^{-}} \quad 18632 \pm 214 \quad (0.34 \pm 0.87 \pm 0.32) \\ D_{s}^{+} \rightarrow K^{+}K_{S}^{0}\pi^{+}\pi^{-} \quad 70080 \pm 676 \quad (-0.46 \pm 0.63 \pm 0.38) \\ D^{+} \rightarrow K^{+}K^{-}K_{S}^{0}\pi^{+} \quad 1425 \pm 44 \quad (-3.34 \pm 2.66 \pm 0.35) \end{array}$

 \Rightarrow All results consistent with no CP-violation



PRD 108, L111102 (2023)

Triple product asymmetries



Using same approach as before: Search for *T*-violation in $D^+_{(s)} \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$,

 $D^+_{({
m s})} o K^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^0$, and $D^+ o K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^0$ decays at Belle



 \Rightarrow First measurements for these decays; All results consistent with no *CP*-violation

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Charm flavor tagging

Charm Flavor Tagging

PRD 107, 112010 (2023)

Need to know D⁰ flavor for CP-violation measurments

Since 1977, achieved by exclusively reconstruction ${\it D}^{*+}
ightarrow {\it D}^0 \pi^+$

 \Rightarrow Clean sample **but** low efficiency

New approach: Train BDT based on kinematic and particle identification information from opposite side *c* (inspired by *b* flavor tagging)

 $\epsilon = (\textbf{47.91} \pm \textbf{0.07}(\textbf{stat}) \pm \textbf{0.51}(\textbf{syst}))\%$

 Doubles sample size compared to old method



Hadronic *B* decays as tool for semileptonic *B* decays

Measurment of $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K^- K_S^0$

 $\mathcal{B}(B^- \to D^0 K^- K_{\varsigma}^0) = (1.89 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-4}$

 $\mathcal{B}(\overline{B}^0 \to D^+ K^- K_S^0) = (0.85 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-4}$

 $\mathcal{B}(B^- \to D^{*0}K^-K^0_S) = (1.57 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-4}$

 $\mathcal{B}(\overline{B}^0 \to D^{*+} K^- K_s^0) = (0.96 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$

3 first observations

Roughly 30% of $B \rightarrow hadron$ decays are not measured

 \Rightarrow Limits performance of the hadronic tag

Total BF of $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K^{(*)} K^{(*)}$ could be up to 6%, but only 0.3% is known + High purity

Oe €0

50

40

30

20

10

Weighted events/0.125

Belle II preliminary

 $B^{-} \rightarrow D^{0} K^{-} K^{0}$

1.5 2 2.5

 \Rightarrow Candidates to be included in hadronic tag



Determination of CKM angle ϕ_3/γ and ϕ_2/α

Determination of CKM angle $\phi_{\rm 3}/\gamma$

phase between $b \rightarrow u$ and $b \rightarrow c$ transitions

tree level only, negligible theory uncertainty

Several Belle + Belle II measurments:

- ▶ $D \to K_s^0 hh$ [JHEP 02 (2022) 063]
- ▶ $D \to K_S^0 K \pi$ [2306.02940]
- ▶ $D \to K_S^0 \pi^0, KK$ [2308.05048]

New determination of γ using only Belle and Belle II measurments: $\gamma = (78.6 \pm 7.3)^{\circ}$





Towards CKM angle ϕ_2/α

Least well known angle of CKM triangle

Accessible in tree level $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ transitions but sizable loop level contribution introduces shift

Remove shift using ${\cal B}$ and ${\cal A}^{\rm CP}$ of isospin related ${\cal B}^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0$ and ${\cal B}^0 \to \pi^0 \pi^0$



Belle II is a unique place to measure all involved decays!

Towards CKM angle ϕ_2/α

PRD 109, 012001 (2024)



World best result for BF of $B^0 \to \pi^+\pi^-$ Result of $\mathcal{B} B^+ \to \pi^+\pi^0$ limited by π^0 systematic

SM Null Tests

Isospin sum-rule

PRD 109, 012001 (2024)

Combination of $B \rightarrow K\pi$ decays offers SM null test [Phys.Lett.B 627 (2005) 82-88]:

$$\mathcal{A}_{K^+\pi^-}^{\mathsf{CP}} + \mathcal{A}_{K^0\pi^+}^{\mathsf{CP}} \frac{\mathcal{B}_{K^0\pi^+}}{\mathcal{B}_{K^+\pi^-}} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2\mathcal{A}_{K^+\pi^0}^{\mathsf{CP}} \frac{\mathcal{B}_{K^+\pi^0}}{\mathcal{B}_{K^+\pi^-}} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2\mathcal{A}_{K^0\pi^0}^{\mathsf{CP}} \frac{\mathcal{B}_{K^0\pi^0}}{\mathcal{B}_{K^+\pi^-}} \approx 0$$

Theoretical precision: $\mathcal{O}(0.01)$, Experimental precision: $\mathcal{O}(0.1)$



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Isospin sum-rule

Two analyses of $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$ one time-dependent [PRL 131, 111803 (2023)] and one time-integrated. Both are combined to enhance sensitivity.

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{A}^{\text{CP}} &= -0.01 \pm 0.12 \, (\text{stat}) \pm 0.05 (\text{syst}) \\ \mathcal{B} &= & (10.50 \pm 0.62 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.67 (\text{syst})) \times 10^{-6} \end{split}$$

World's best result on \mathcal{A}^{CP}

Putting all together for the null test:

 $-0.03 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.05$

Competitive with world average -0.13 ± 0.11



PRD 109, 012001 (2024)

Conclusion

Belle is still providing exciting results both standalone and also in combined Belle + Belle II analyses

Belle II is improving its tools

- Development of new tools using novel ideas
- (Re)measurements to improve hadronic tagging



Belle II isospin sum-rule result and input measurements for ϕ_2/α already on par with world average

 \Rightarrow Sum-rule result is statistically limited, input from Belle II crucial to enhance sensitivity