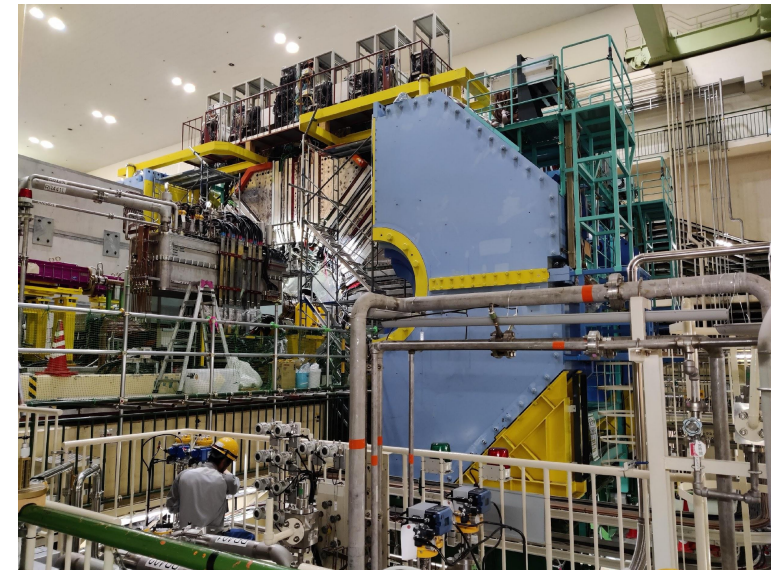


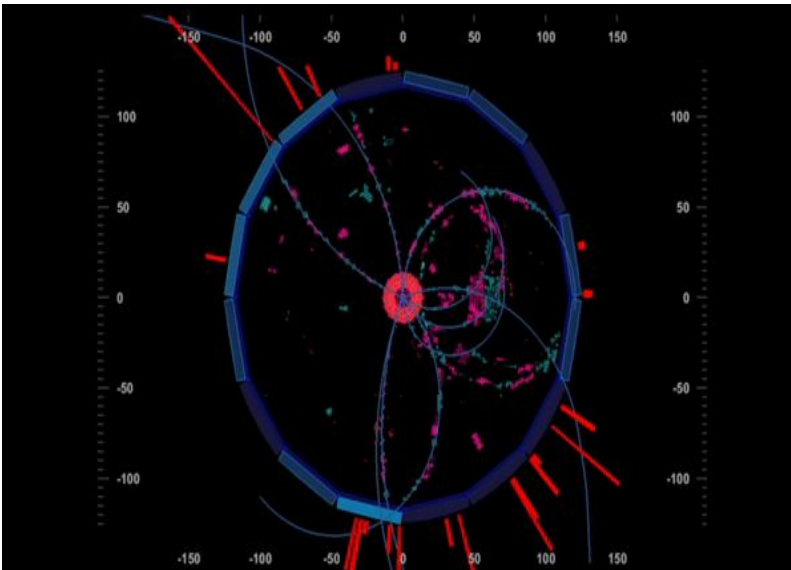
Data Quality Monitoring in Belle II: From Perspective Of KLM Detector



Naveen Kumar Baghel



2024 US Belle II Summer Workshop



Introduction

For data coming from our Belle II detector, how can we determine if it is reasonable and usable for our physics research? What criteria should we use to assess this?

Data Accuracy

Precision of the recorded measurements

Data Completeness

Inclusion of all necessary events and parameters.

Data Consistency

Uniformity in the data recording process.

Error Check

Feedback on Data Corruption or loss

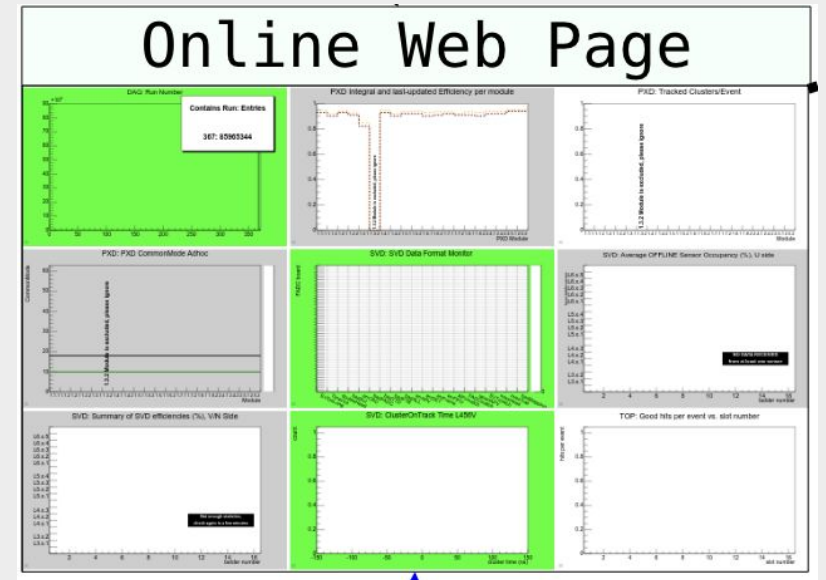
- In the Belle II experiment, each sub-system group maintains its own set of metrics and observables to evaluate the overall quality of a given run. Based on this evaluation, runs are classified as **Good**, **Bad**, or **Recoverable**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for viewing Belle II runs. The URL is <https://rundb.belle2.org/webview/runs/>. The main content area displays run details: 33 events, 816 physics events, recorded on 2024-06-14 at 07:18, with a duration of 2:21:55 and status STOPPING. It lists various system components (SVD, CDC, TOP, ARI, ECL, KLM, TRG) and performance metrics (HER: 7.01, LER: 4.00, 1.52). Input and output rates are shown as In: 503.93 Hz and Out: 40381923. On the right, a dropdown menu is open, showing status options: NOT SET, EXCLUDED, BAD, RECOVERABLE, and GOOD (which is highlighted in green). Below the menu are links for 'Add comment' and a 'Submit' button.

✓ *Ensuring these aspects are maintained involves continuous calibration, real-time monitoring, efficient data filtering, and robust error-checking mechanisms within the DQM system*

Features of DQM

- Feedback to accelerator & sub-systems group
- Good detector performance
- Helps in fixing hardware & software problems
- Sets a good baseline for offline analysis
- Tuning based on physics performance
- Eventually serves for good data



Home | general | Software/Computing | DAQ | Beast | PXD | VXD | CDC | SVD | ECL | TOP | ARICH | KLM | TRG | LABM | UPGRADE | PXD-SVD testbeam

KLM

KLM ELog, Page 1 of 86 Logge

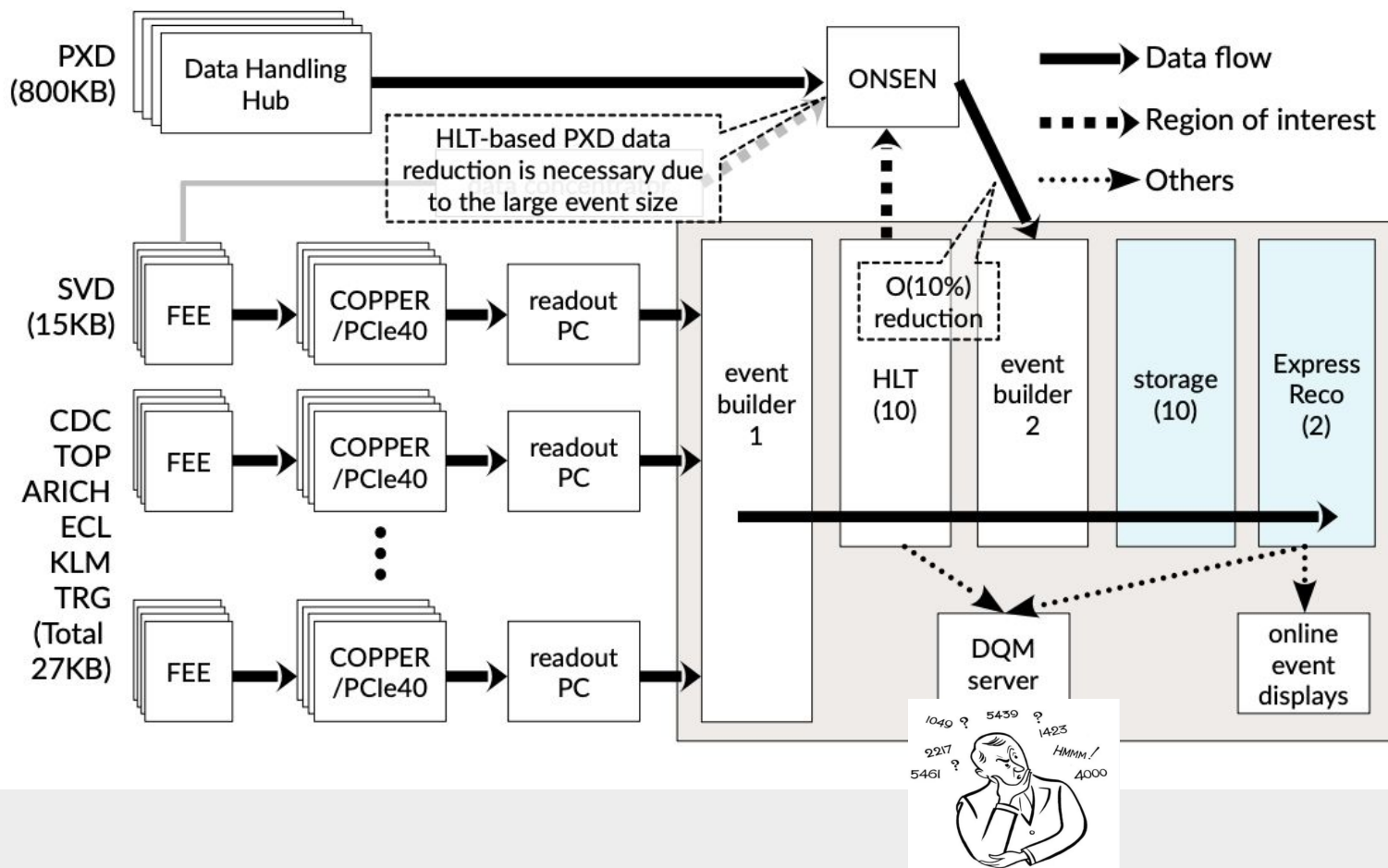
List | New | Edit | Delete | Reply | Duplicate | Find | Help | Logout | Config

Full | Summary | Threaded

Goto page 1, 2, 3 ... 84, 85, 86 Next

ID	Date	JSTTime	Subject	Author	Operators	DAQ Run	Run time (min)	Run type	
1743	2024/06/13 Thu 19:05 UTC	2024/06/14 04:05 JST	OWL 2 Shift Report	Katherine Parham	Katherine Parham	810-815		physics	The KLM ran smoothly. There was a backlog of runs to be flagged,
1742	2024/06/13 Thu 19:01 UTC	2024/06/14 04:01 JST	KLM (A) OWL remote shift report	William W Jacobs	Will Jacobs	808-810		null / physics	KLM remote OWL 14 June: (continued) layer 12 low efficiency in BF1
1741	2024/06/12 Wed 23:51 UTC	2024/06/13 07:55 JST	DAY shift report	Sayan Mitra	Sayan Mitra, Haruki Kindo	792-		physics	0812hr: KLM HV ERROR followed by TRIP, recovered by CR shifter
1739	2024/06/12 Wed 22:54 UTC	2024/06/13 07:54 JST	OWL1 shift report	Seema Choudhury	Seema Choudhury	787-792		Physics	KLM is stable KLM HV error was recovered by the CR shifter All runs are marked GOOD

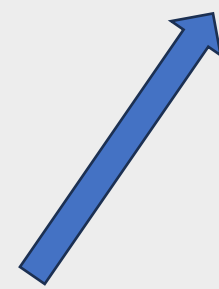
Data Flow in Belle II



Seokhee Park @ KEK

Output of **HLT** (low-level information, timing, triggering etc.) and **Express reco** (w/ PXD and further reconstruction-related) are monitored for DQM.

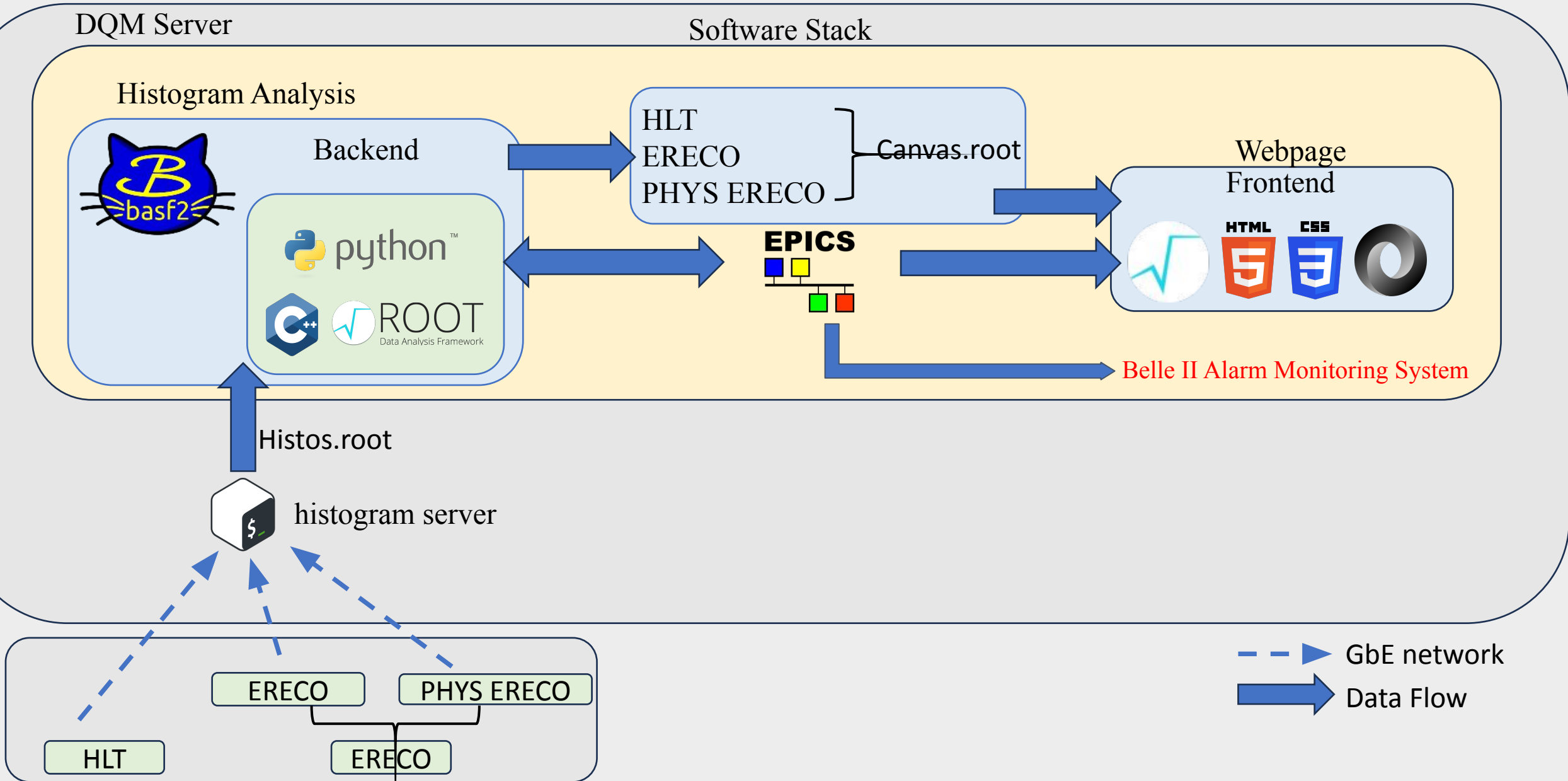
- **~3800** histograms from HLT, 41 MB (6.5 MB in file)
- **~7900** histograms from ERECO, 88 MB (16 MB in file)



The numbers here are from end of Run 1 (2022).

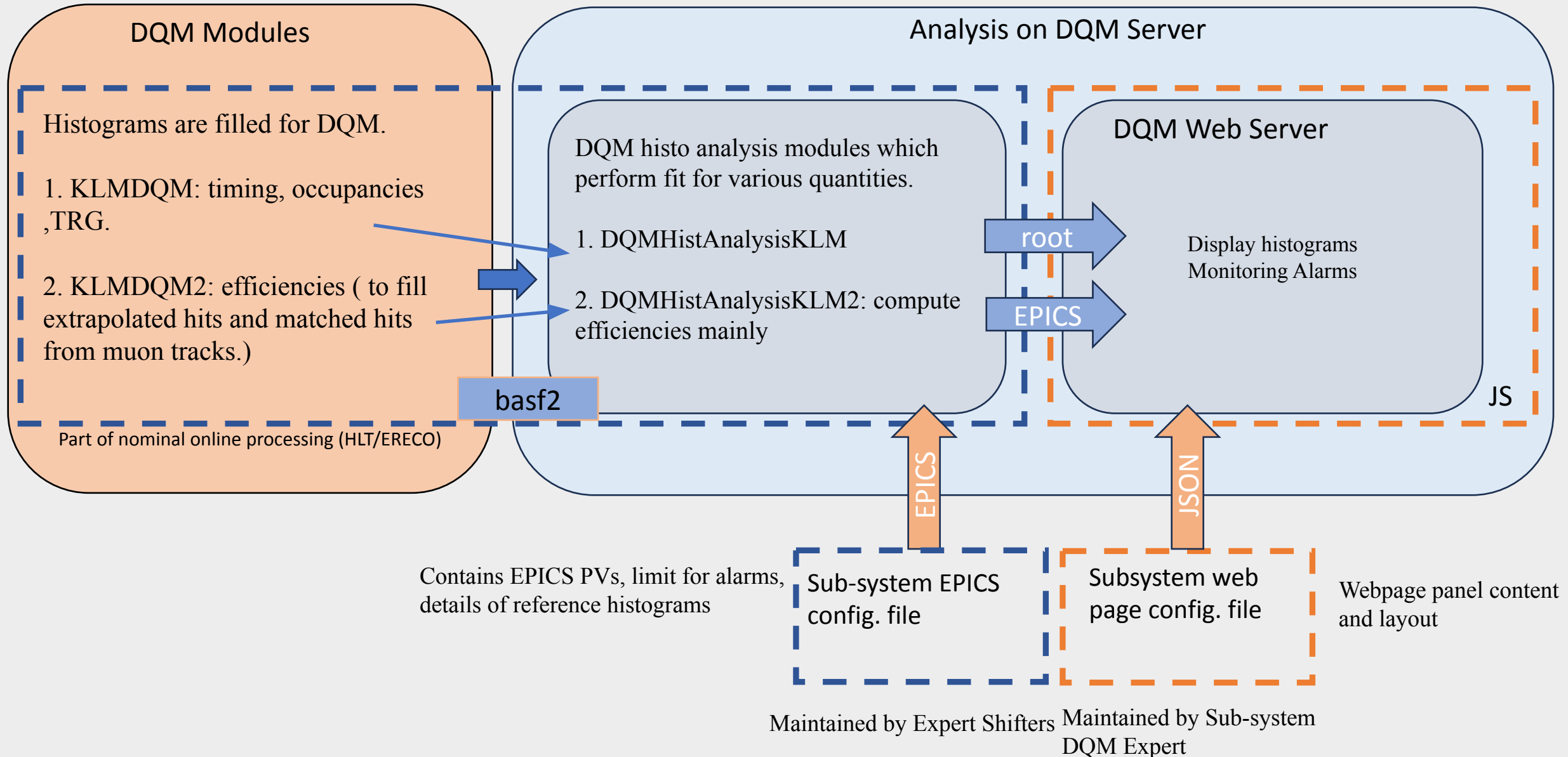
The number of histograms have been increased to >10k from ERECO after LS1!

DQM Pipeline



DQM for the KLM Detector of Belle II

Data Processing & Analysis for KLM

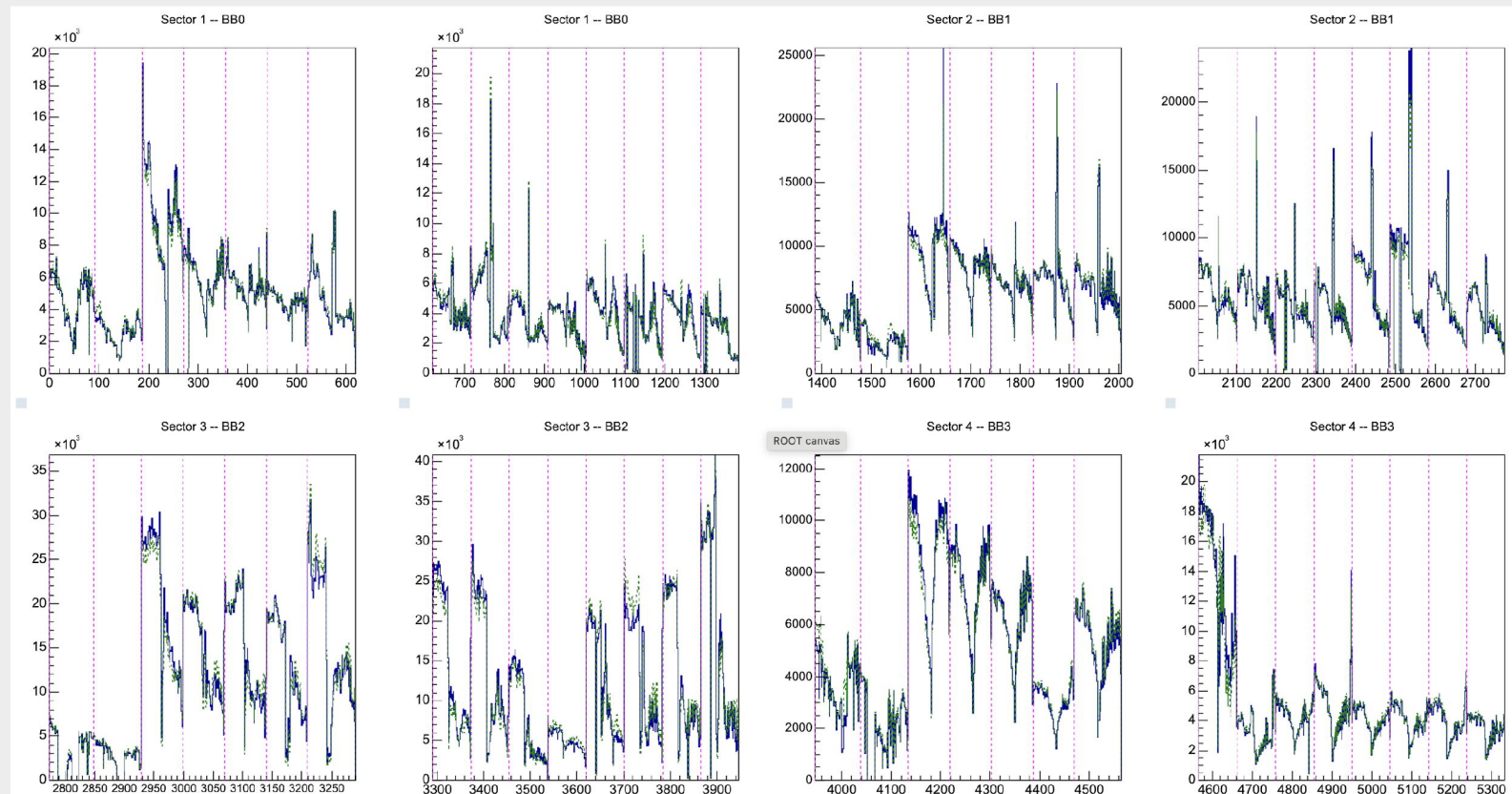


Observables

What **observables** should be included in KLM DQM to effectively monitor hundreds of readout channels and the changing detector conditions on a minute-by-minute basis?

Real-time Monitoring – Continuously monitor readout channel

Hit maps for all KLM sectors



Observables

What **observables** should be included in KLM DQM to effectively monitor to hundreds of readout channels and changing detector conditions on a minute-by-minute basis?

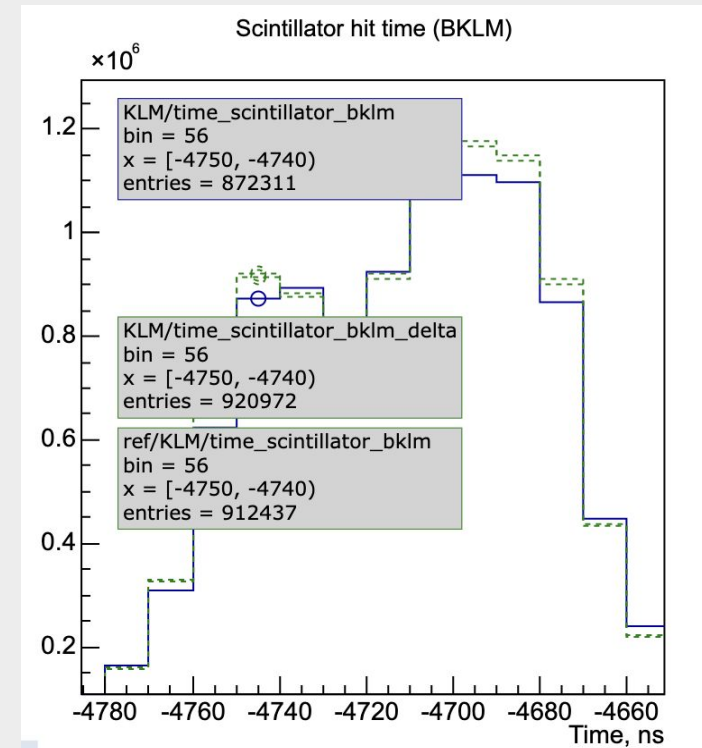
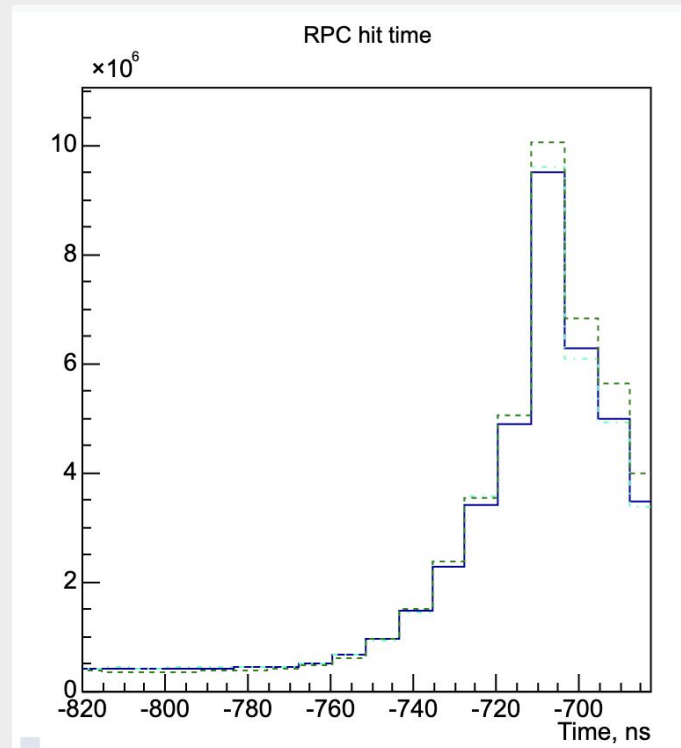
Dynamic Condition Updates – Time slice delta histogram analysis

Dark blue: live histogram

(average over of full run, time integrated)

Dashed green: reference plot
(constant for all runs)

Dashed cyan: delta histogram
(snapshot of the current run, updates every 10k events)



Observables

What **observables** should be included in KLM DQM to effectively monitor hundreds of readout channels and changing detector conditions on a minute-by-minute basis?

Automated Alerts – List of PVs & their alarm threshold

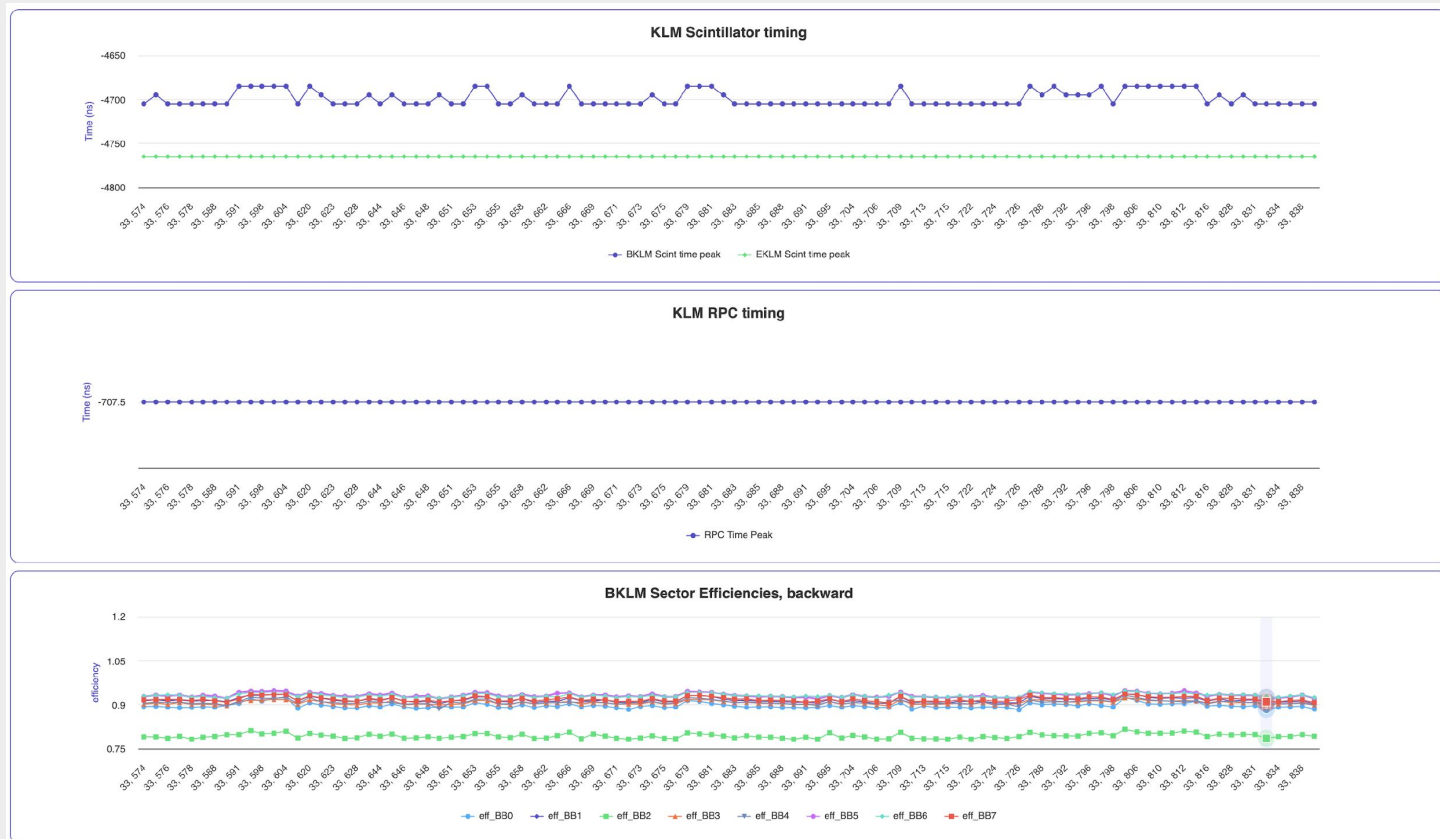
Data Visualization – Colorize histograms to visual alert systems, labels, & thresholds



Observables

What **observables** should be included in KLM DQM to effectively monitor hundreds of readout channels and changing detector conditions on a minute-by-minute basis?

Historical Data Analysis – Trend Plots (Mirabelle)

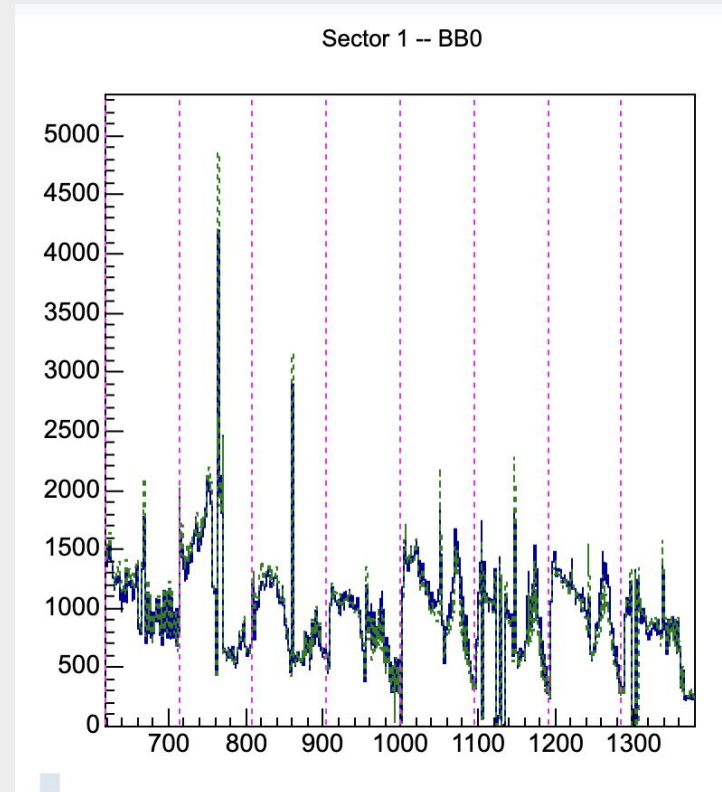
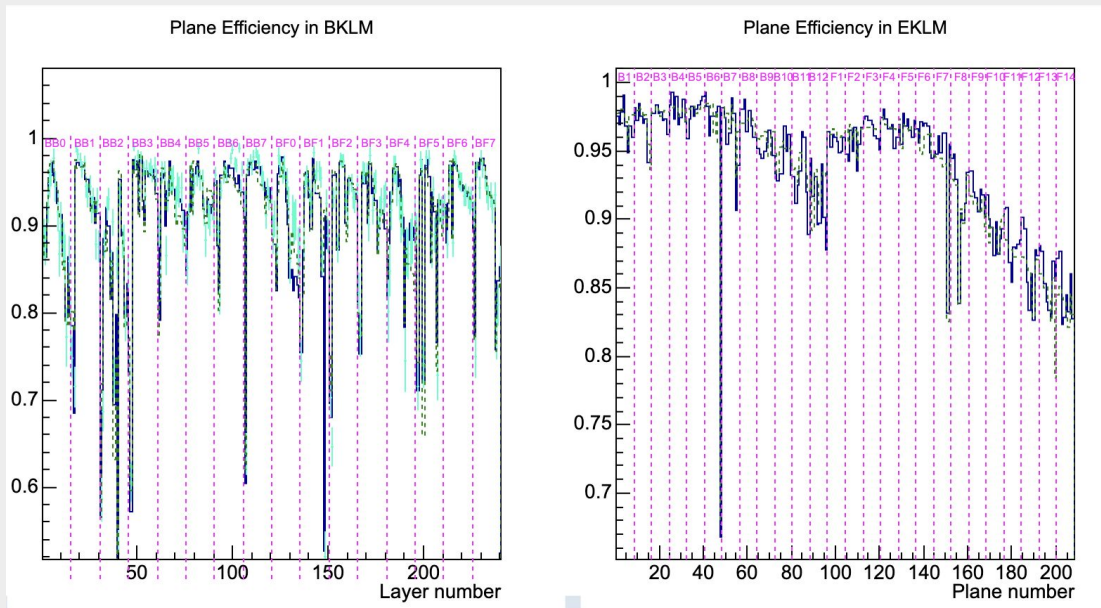


Observables

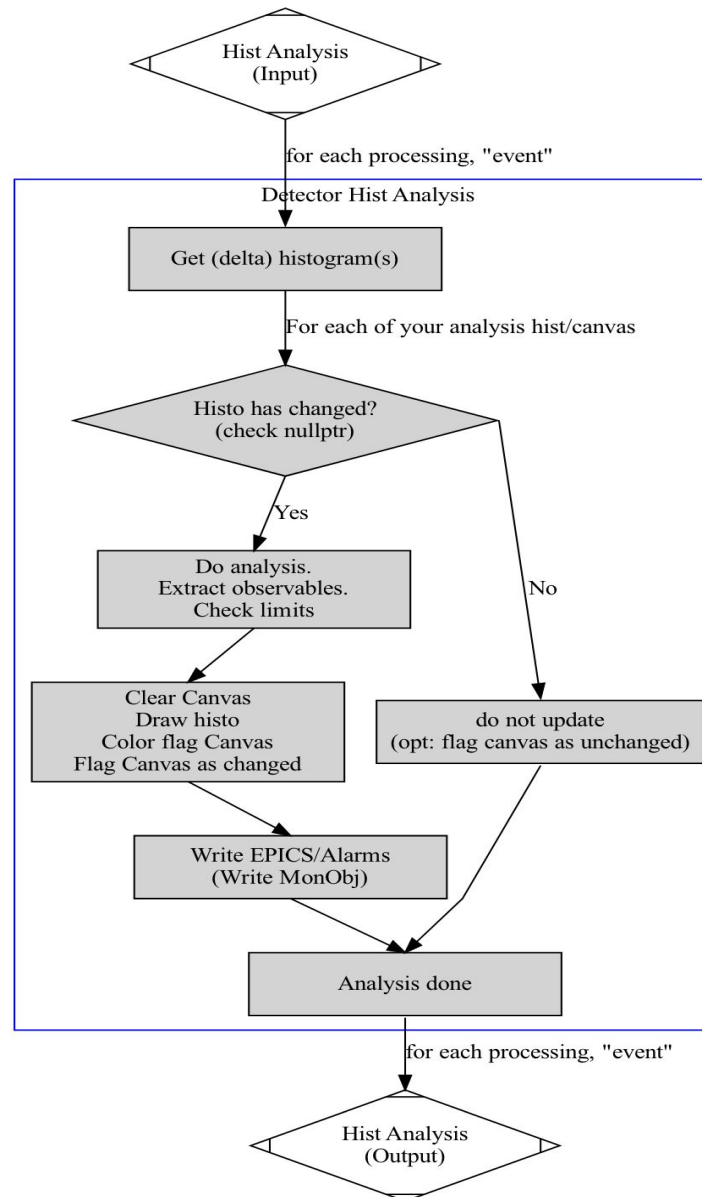
What **observables** should be included in KLM DQM to effectively monitor hundreds of readout channels and changing detector conditions on a minute-by-minute basis?

User-Friendly Interface – Simplify monitoring and interpretation

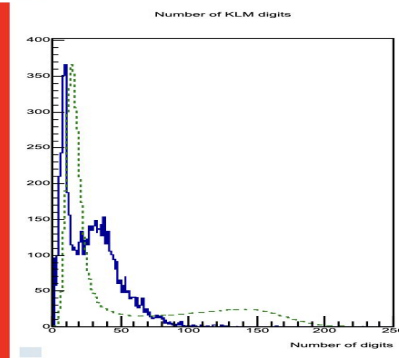
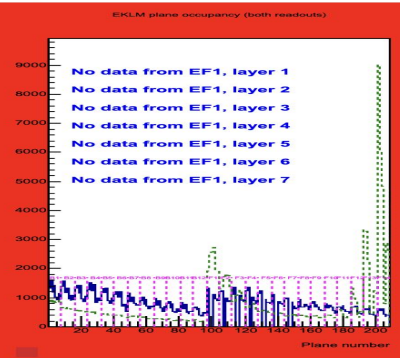
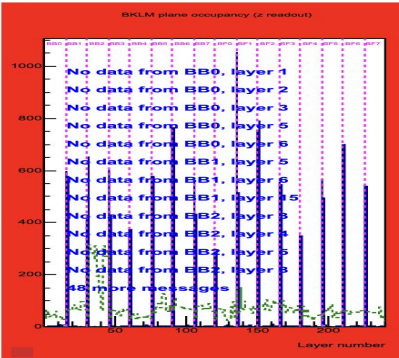
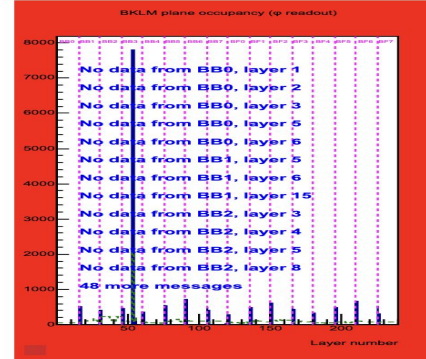
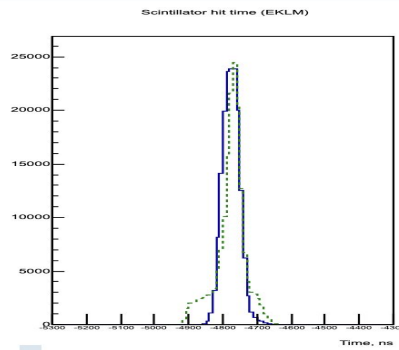
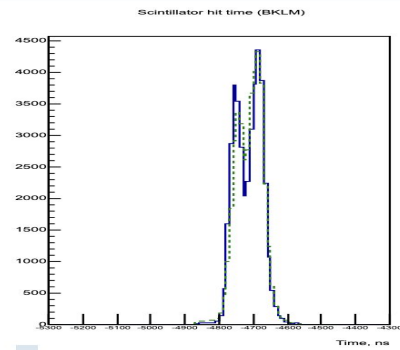
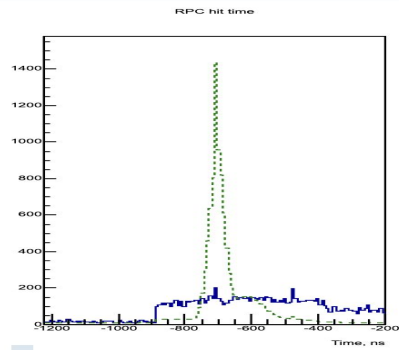
- ✓ Fitting
- ✓ Efficiency Checks
- ✓ Overlay with reference plot



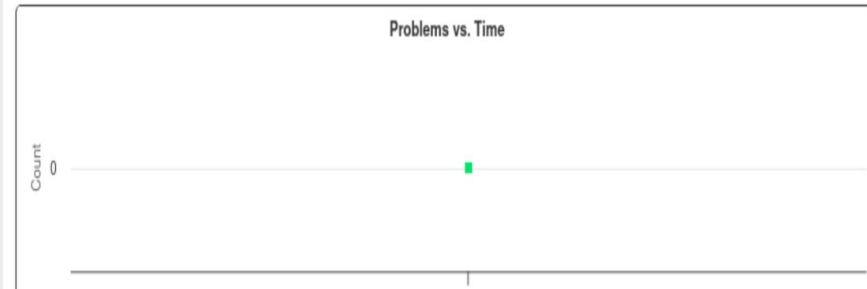
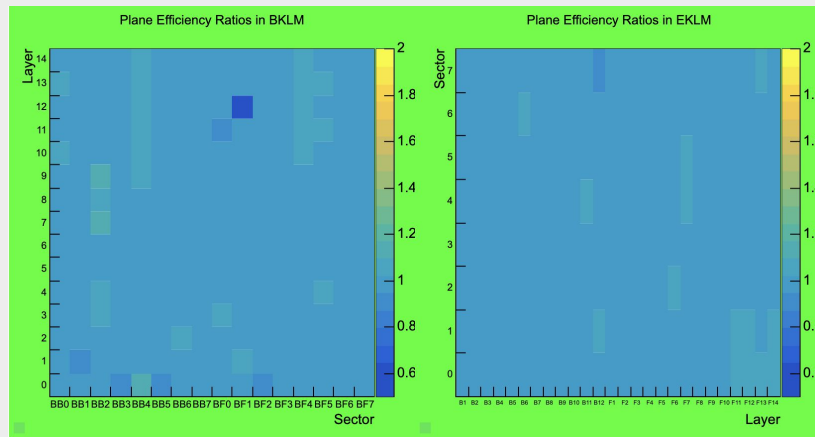
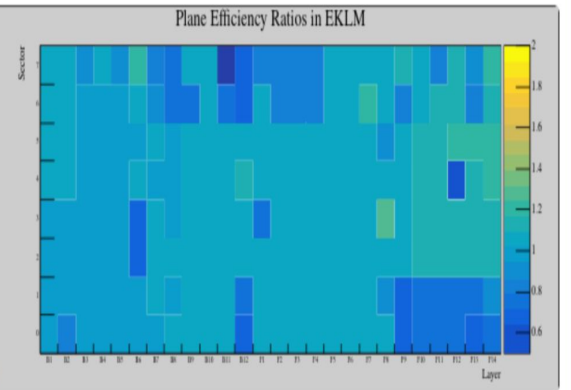
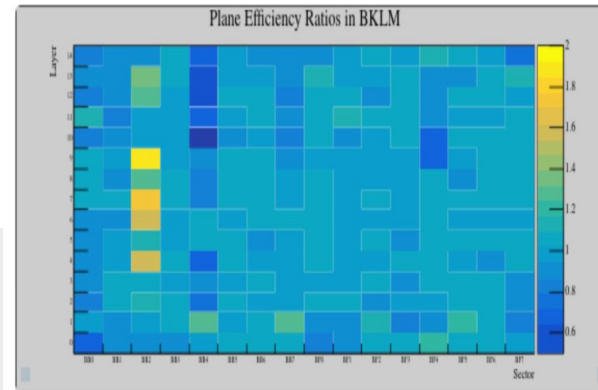
Approach



Examples



KLM expert panel



Masked Channels	0
Dead BKLM Modules	0
Dead EKLM Modules	0
Ineff BKLM Layers	0
Ineff EKLM Layers	0

Recent Developments

- Common functionality within the framework to save work on detector developer side.
- Recent changes will enhance the ability to flag run quality directly from 2D efficiency plots.
- Use configuration file for settings, limits and EPICS (high level abstraction).
- Efforts are put to optimize plot ranges for directly obtaining significance.

Future Improvements

- Background Monitoring
- Finer granularity (Monitoring of each channel to better debug problems)
- Better Anomaly Detection (Use of some ML techniques).
- Faster Reactions (Automatic actions)
- Still requires improvement to defined actions clearly.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

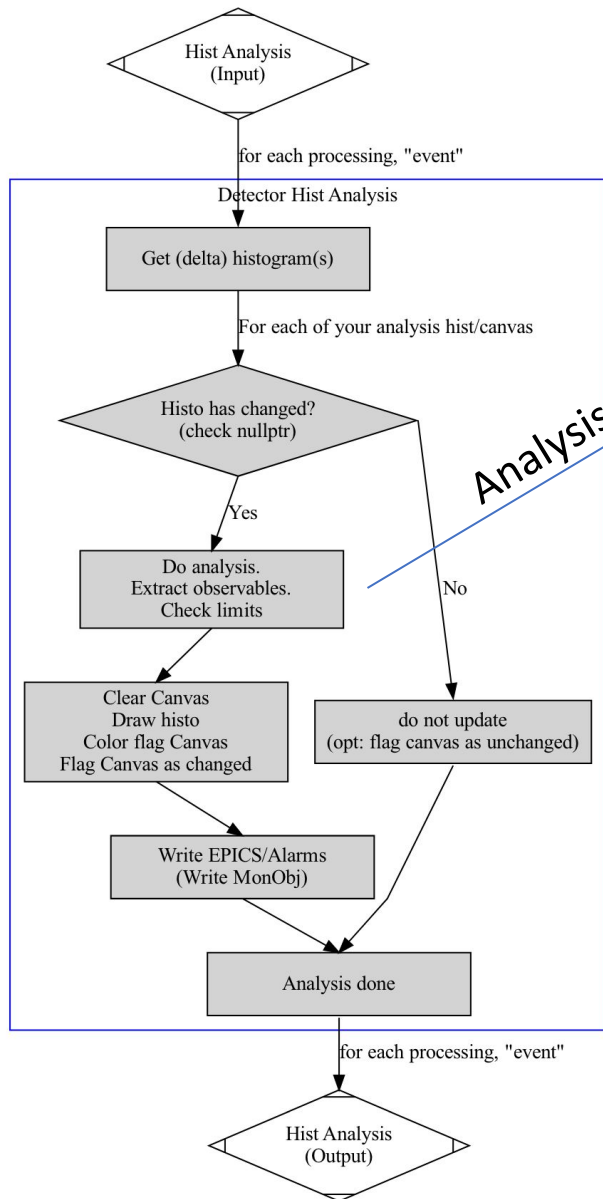
Special Thanks To

- Tommy Lam
- Marcela Garcia
- Luka Santelj & Bjoern Spruck



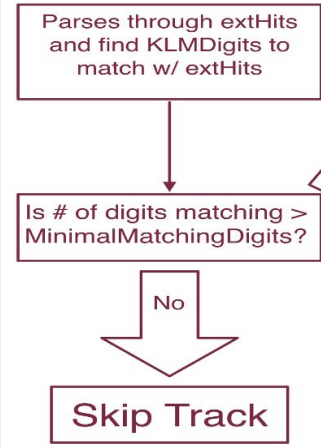
Backup

Approach

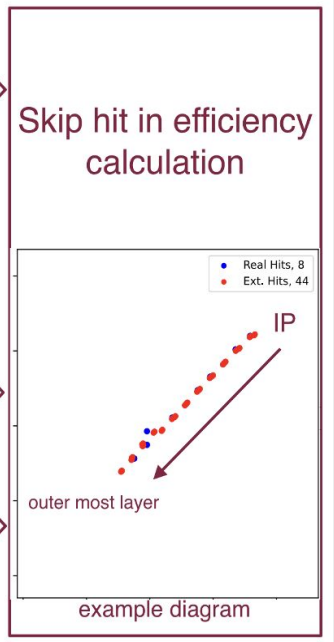
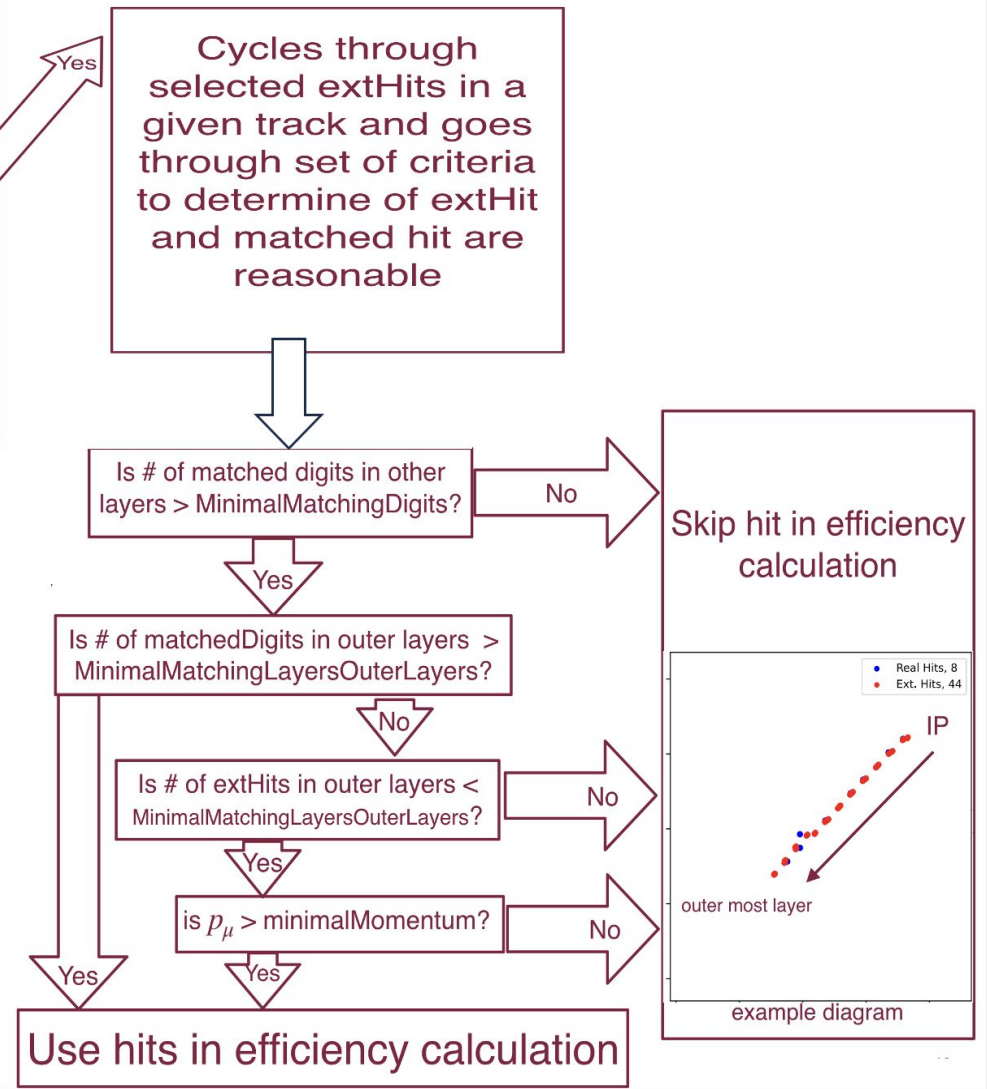


Analysis Involved

For a given muon in an event:



Cycles through selected extHit



Example

[dqm/analysis/modules/src/DQMHistAnalysisExample*.cc](#)

```
9 #include <dqm/analysis/modules/DQMHistAnalysisExample.h>
10
11 using namespace std;
12 using namespace Belle2;
13
14 //-----
15 //           Register the Module
16 //-----
17 REG_MODULE(DQMHistAnalysisExample);
18
19 //-----
20 //           Implementation
21 //-----
22
23 DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule()
24 : DQMHistAnalysisModule()
25 {
26     setDescription("Example DQMHistAnalysisModule! with base features");
27
28     //Parameter definition
29     addParam("histogramDirectoryName", m_histogramDirectoryName, "Name of Histogram dir", std::string("test"));
30     addParam("histogramName", m_histogramName, "Name of Histogram", std::string("testHist"));
31     addParam("PVPrefix", m_pvPrefix, "PV Prefix", std::string("DQM:TEST"));
32     B2DEBUG(20, "DQMHistAnalysisExample: Constructor done.");
33 }
34
35
36 DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::~DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule()
37 {
38     // if this function is not needed, please remove
39 }
40
41 void DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::initialize()
42 {
43     B2DEBUG(20, "DQMHistAnalysisExample: initialized.");
44     TString a = m_histogramName;
45     a.ReplaceAll("/", "_");
46     m_canvas = new TCanvas("c_" + a);
47     m_function = new TF1("f_" + a, TString("gaus"), -100, 100);
48 }
```

```
50 void DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::beginRun()
51 {
52     // if this function is not needed, please remove
53     B2DEBUG(20, "DQMHistAnalysisExample : beginRun called");
54 }
55
56 void DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::event()
57 {
58     TH1* h = findHist(m_histogramName);
59     if (h != NULL) {
60         m_canvas->Clear();
61         m_canvas->cd();
62         h->Fit(m_function, "R");
63         h->Draw();
64         m_canvas->Modified();
65         B2DEBUG(20, "mean " << m_function->GetParameter(1));
66         B2DEBUG(20, "sigma" << m_function->GetParameter(2));
67     } else {
68         B2DEBUG(20, "Histo " << m_histogramName << " not found");
69     }
70 }
71
72 void DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::endRun()
73 {
74     // if this function is not needed, please remove
75     B2DEBUG(20, "DQMHistAnalysisExample : endRun called");
76 }
77
78
79 void DQMHistAnalysisExampleModule::terminate()
80 {
81     // if this function is not needed, please remove
82     B2DEBUG(20, "terminate called");
83 }
```