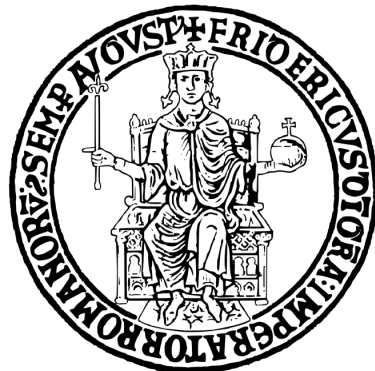


CKM matrix elements $|V_{cb}|$ and $|V_{ub}|$

Guglielmo De Nardo, on behalf of the Belle II Collaboration (representing all B-factories)
University of Napoli Federico II and INFN Napoli

**22nd Conference on
Flavor Physics and CP Violation
27-31 May 2024, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok**



Introduction

- $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$ important to constrain CKM Unitarity
- Extracted from BF measurement of beauty hadron semi-leptonic decays

- With exclusive decays:

- $BF(B \rightarrow H_q l \nu) \leftarrow |V_{qb}|^2 \underline{FF(q^2)}$

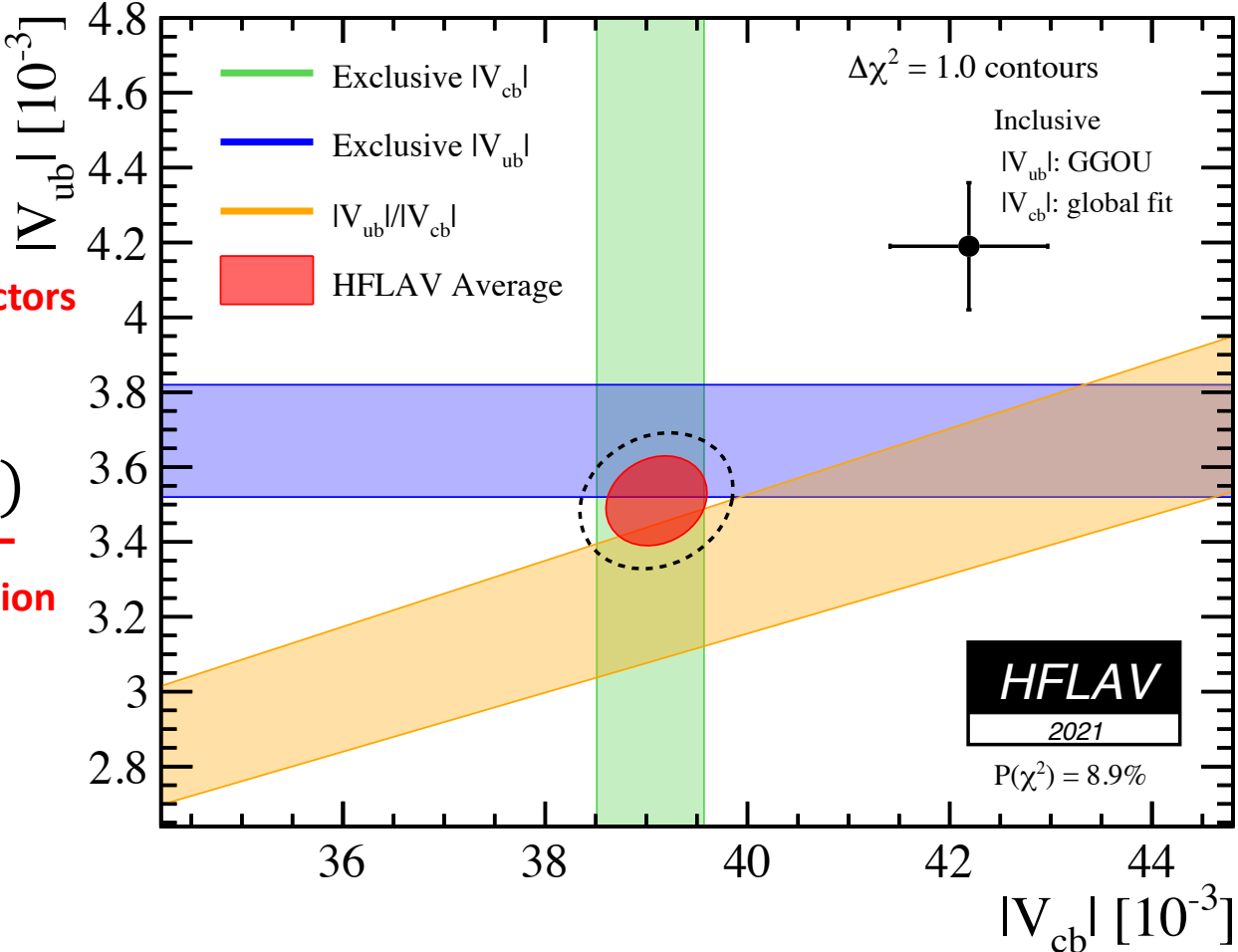
THEORY INPUT: Form factors

- or inclusive decays

- $BF(B \rightarrow X_q l \nu) \leftarrow |V_{qb}|^2 \underline{(1 + \dots)}$

THEORY INPUT: OPE expansion

Longstanding tension among exclusive and inclusive determinations



Recent results to be shown today

$|V_{cb}|$

- $|V_{cb}|$ from angular coefficients of $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$
Belle, arXiv:2310.20286 *submitted to PRL*
- $|V_{cb}|$ from $B \rightarrow D l \nu$
BaBar, arXiv:2311.15071 \rightarrow shown by S. Robertson
- $|V_{cb}|$ from $B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^{(*)-} \mu^+ \nu$
LHCb PRD 101,072004 (2020)

$|V_{ub}|$

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- $|V_{ub}|$ Simultaneously from exclusive and inclusive decays
Belle, PRL 131, 211801 (2023)

$\frac{|V_{ub}|}{|V_{cb}|}$

- $|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ from ratio of inclusive $b \rightarrow c$ and $b \rightarrow u$ decays
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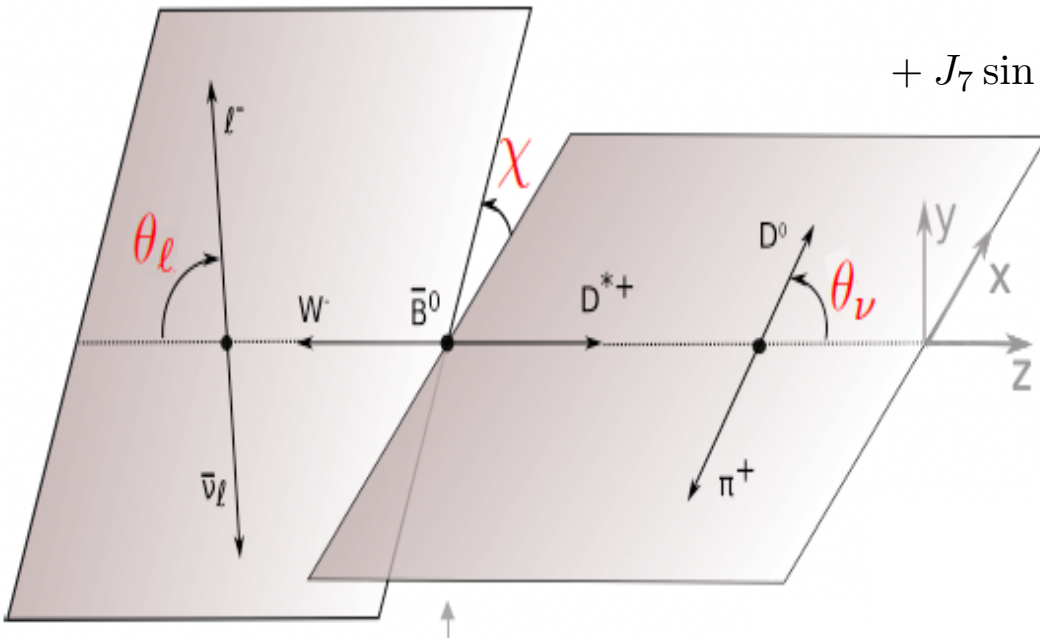


Belle preliminary
arXiv:2310.20286

- Full Belle dataset 711 fb^{-1} - Hadronic B tagging
- reconstruction of $B^+ \rightarrow D^{*0} l \nu$ and $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} l \nu$ with $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+, D^+ \pi^0$
- Continuum background suppressed by BDT exploiting different BB vs qq topologies

$$\frac{d\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* l \bar{\nu}_l)}{dw d\cos\theta_\ell d\cos\theta_V d\chi} = \frac{2G_F^2 \eta_{EW}^2 |V_{cb}|^2 m_B^4 m_{D^*}}{2\pi^4} \times \left(J_{1s} \sin^2 \theta_V + J_{1c} \cos^2 \theta_V \right. \\ \left. + (J_{2s} \sin^2 \theta_V + J_{2c} \cos^2 \theta_V) \cos 2\theta_\ell + J_3 \sin^2 \theta_V \sin^2 \theta_\ell \cos 2\chi \right. \\ \left. + J_4 \sin 2\theta_V \sin 2\theta_\ell \cos \chi + J_5 \sin 2\theta_V \sin \theta_\ell \cos \chi + (J_{6s} \sin^2 \theta_V + J_{6c} \cos^2 \theta_V) \cos \theta_\ell \right. \\ \left. + J_7 \sin 2\theta_V \sin \theta_\ell \sin \chi + J_8 \sin 2\theta_V \sin 2\theta_\ell \sin \chi + J_9 \sin^2 \theta_V \sin^2 \theta_\ell \sin 2\chi \right).$$

- 4D differential rate



$$w = \frac{m_B^2 + m_{D^*}^2 - q^2}{2m_B m_{D^*}}$$

$12 \bar{J}_i = \int_{\Delta w} J_i(w) dw$ are estimated in 4 bins from data

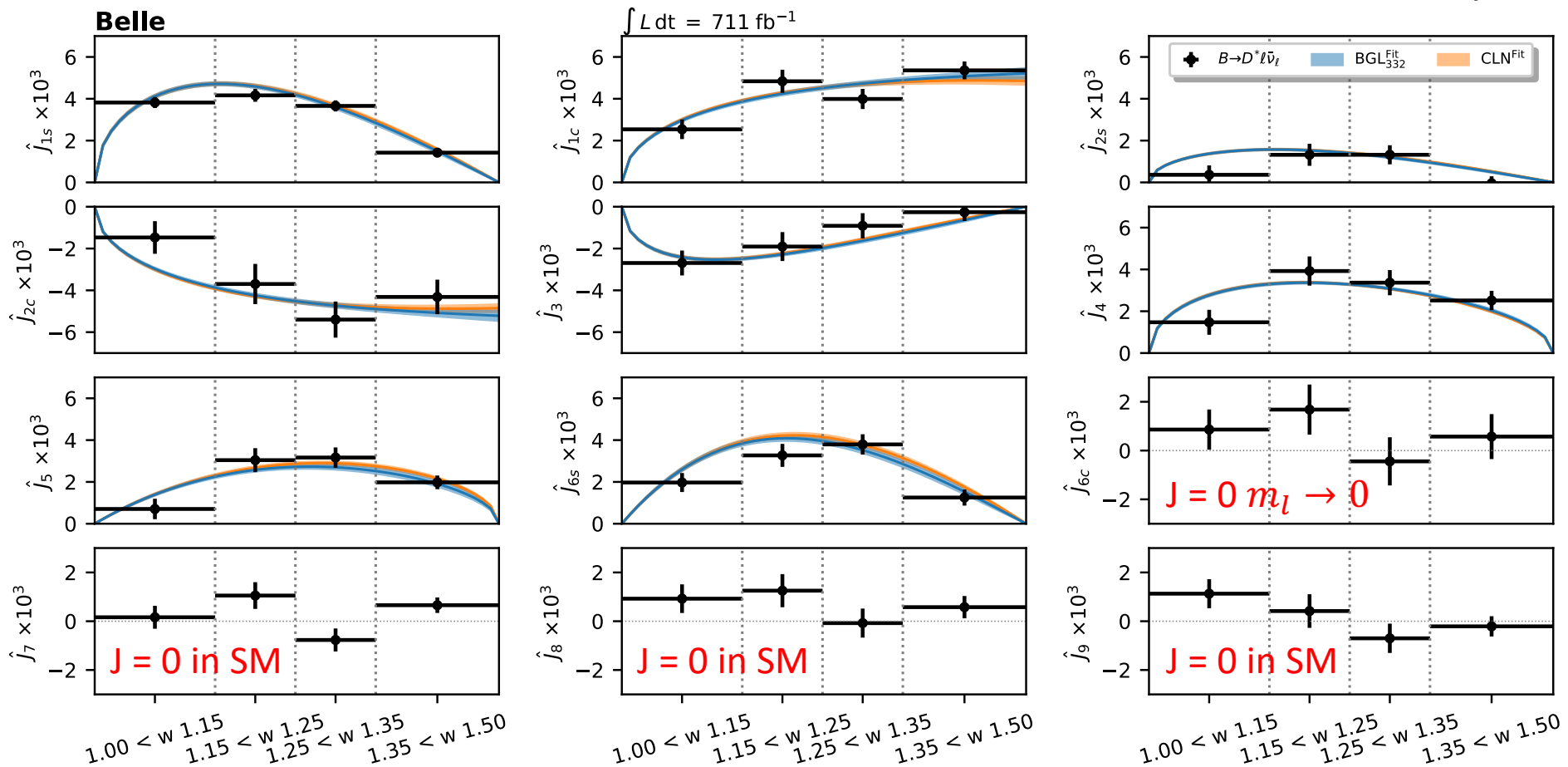
Get maximal information from full angular distributions
SM test possible (some $J = 0$ in SM) and LFU test comparing e vs μ

$|V_{cb}|$ from angular coefficients of $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$

Fit results with BGL and CLN parameterizations

$$|V_{cb}| = (41.0 \pm 0.3_{stat} \pm 0.4_{syst} \pm 0.5_{theo}) \text{ BGL}$$

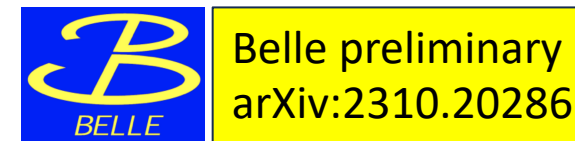
$$|V_{cb}| = (40.9 \pm 0.3_{stat} \pm 0.4_{syst} \pm 0.4_{theo}) \text{ CLN}$$



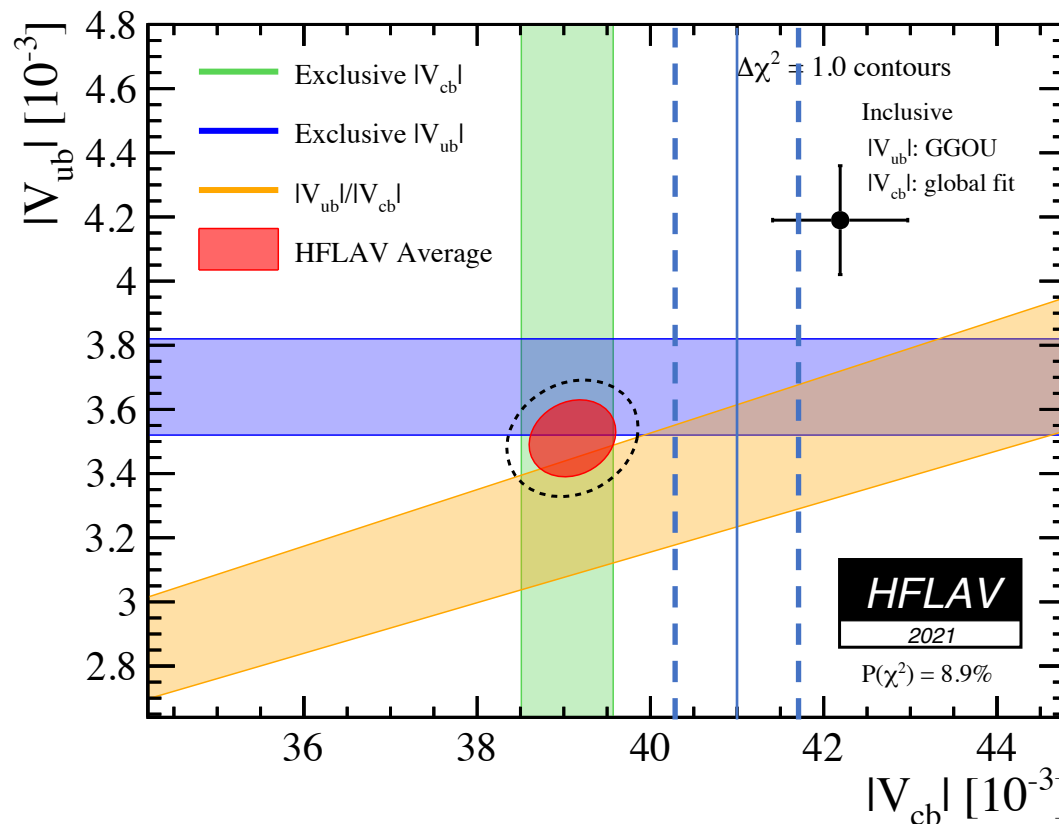
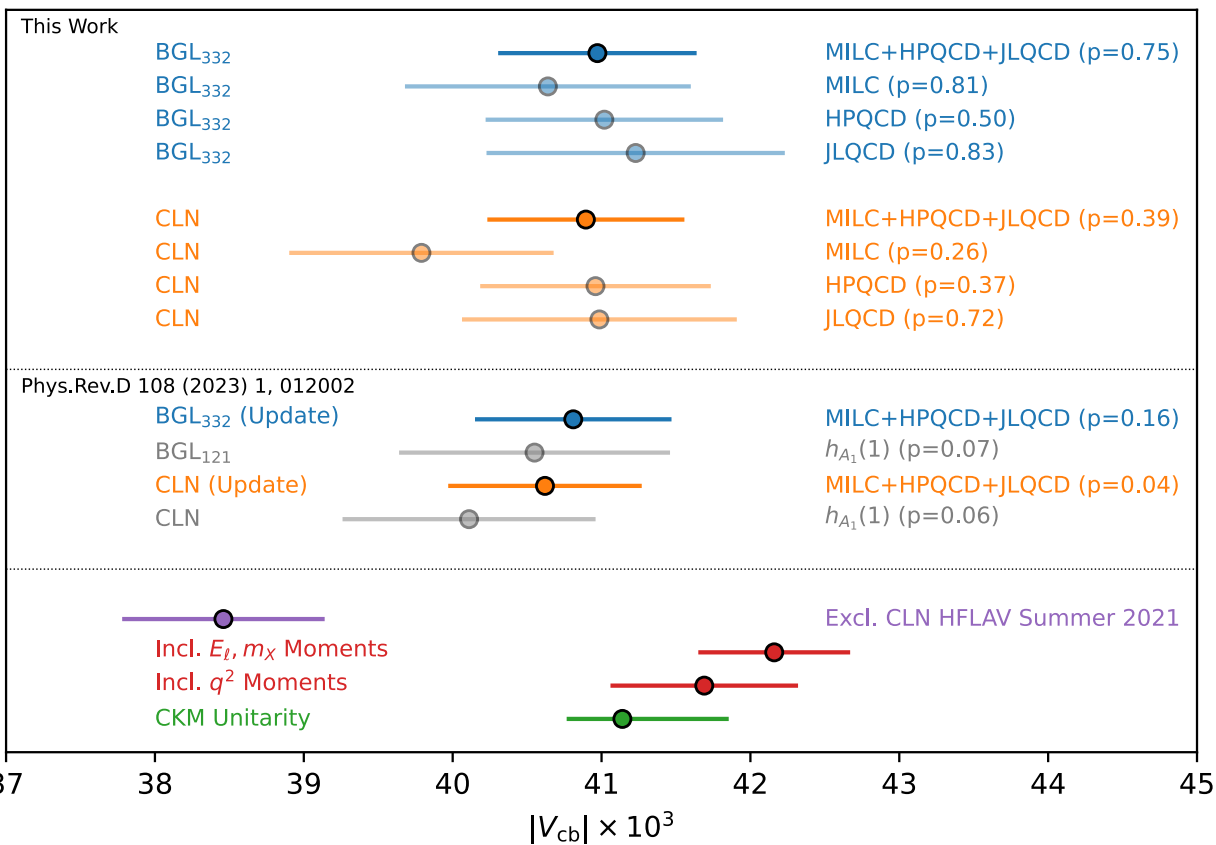
Belle preliminary
arXiv:2310.20286

$|V_{cb}|$ from angular coefficients of $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$

$|V_{cb}|$ in agreement with previous analysis on same dataset [PRD 108(2023) 012002]
 Better agreement with latest inclusive results and HFLAV inclusive average

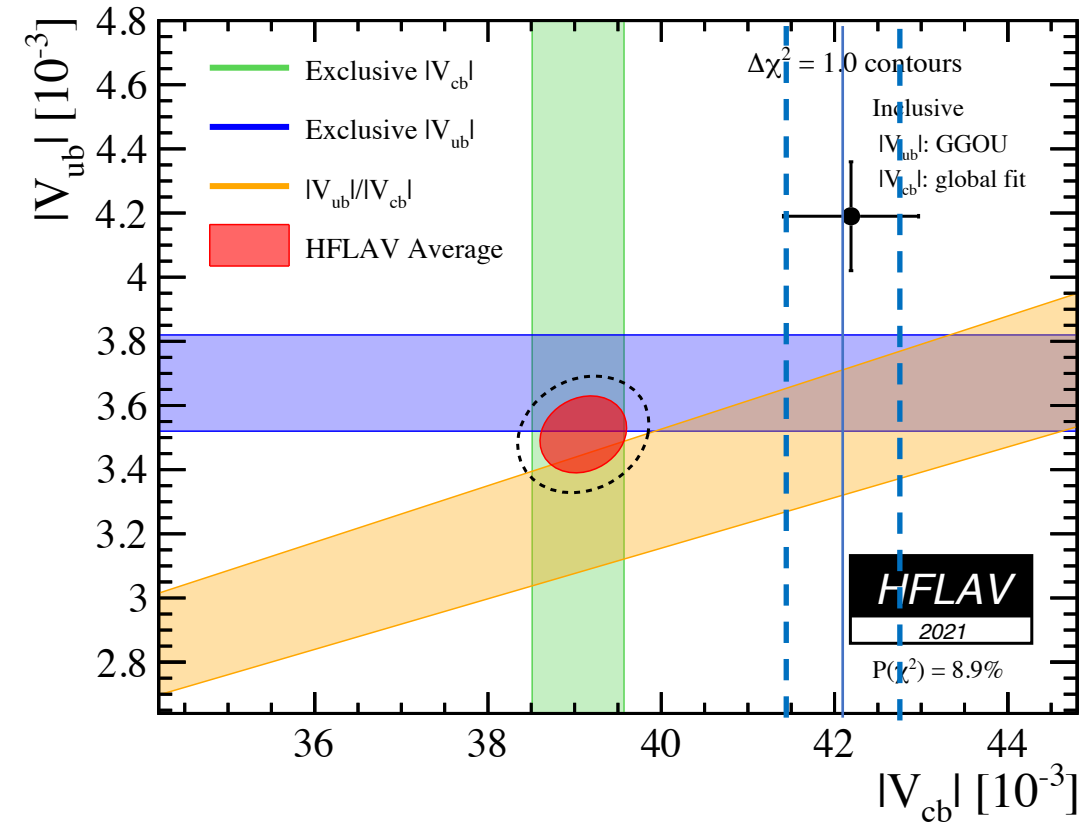


This work
 $(41.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$



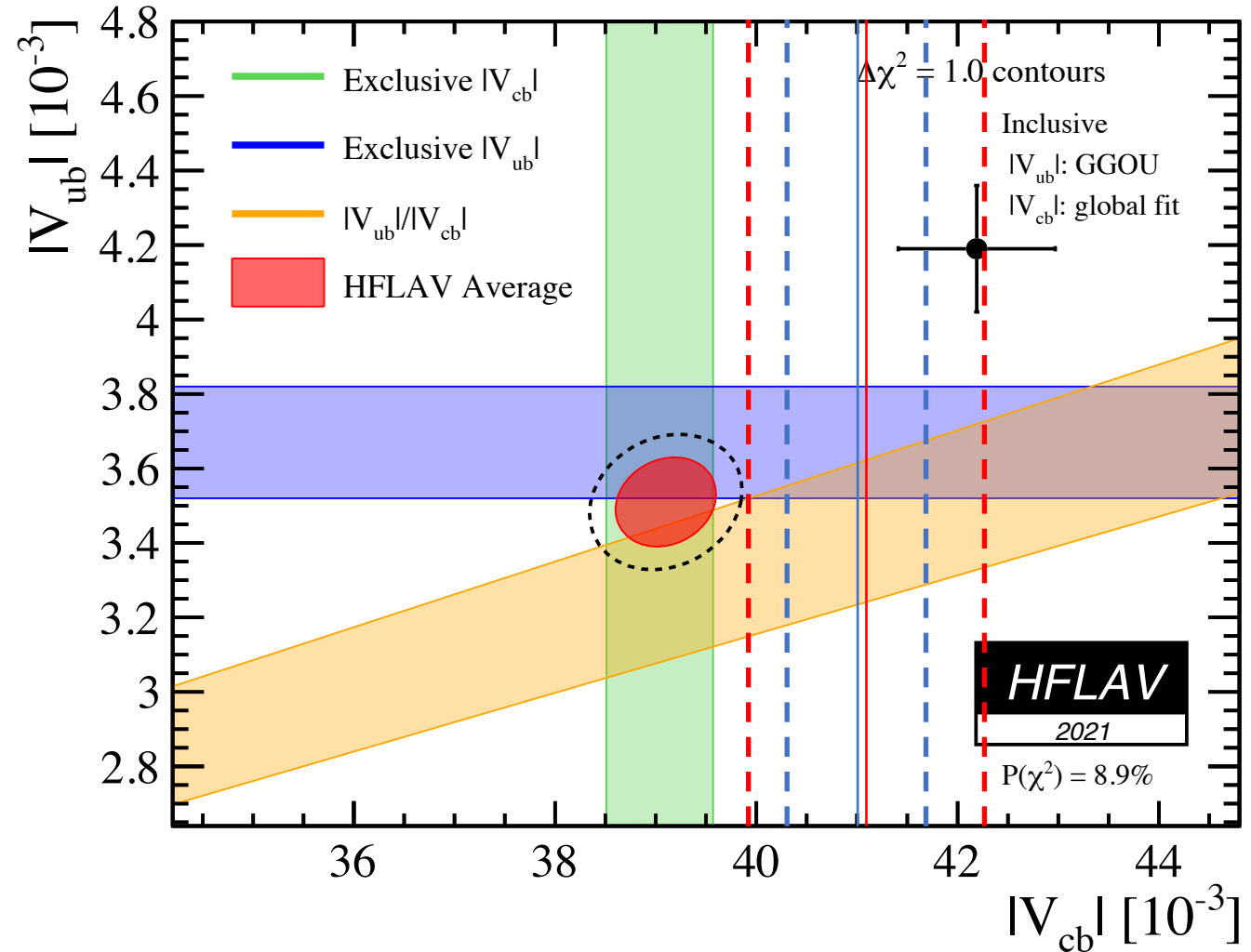
Adding BaBar result

Belle $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ (2023)
 $(41.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$



BaBar preliminary
 arXiv:2311.15071

+ BaBar $B \rightarrow D l \nu$ (2023)
 $(41.09 \pm 1.16) \times 10^{-3}$

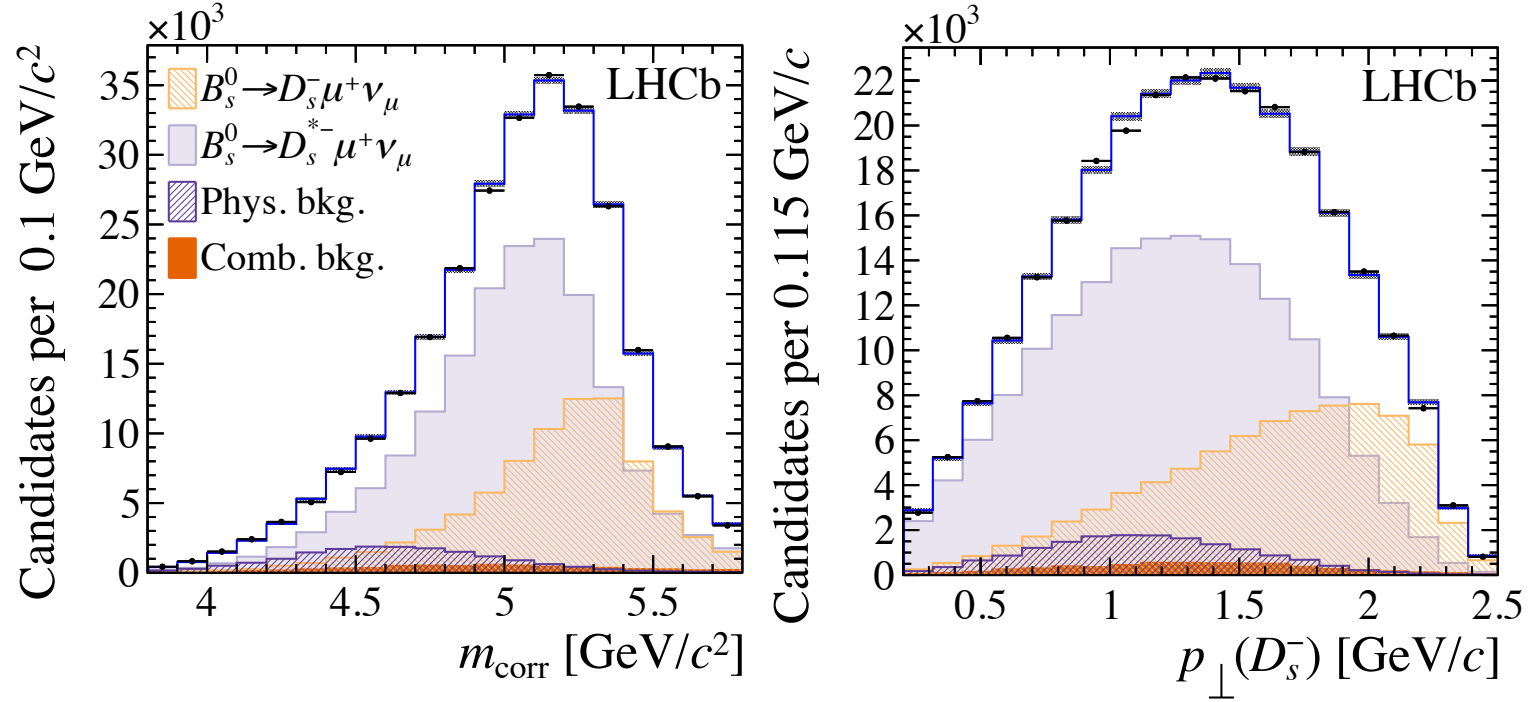


$|V_{cb}|$ from $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} \mu^+ \nu$

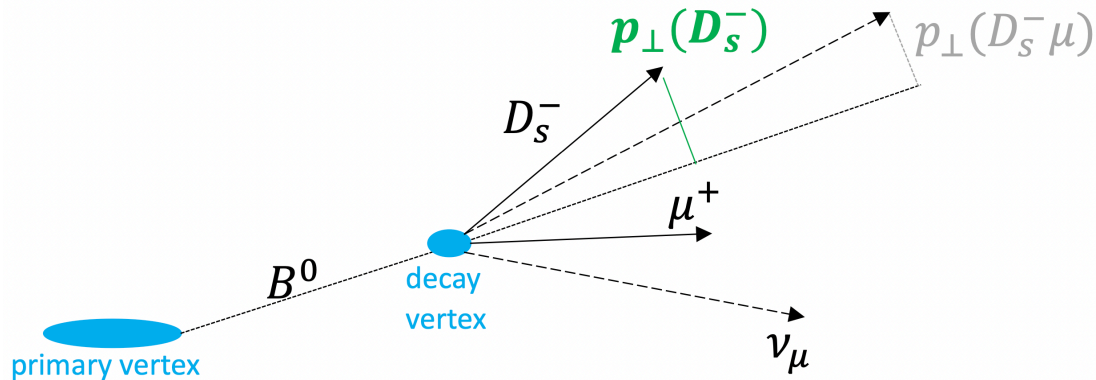
PRD 101, 072004 (2020)



- Run 1 data set (1 fb⁻¹ + 2fb⁻¹)
- High momentum muon trigger
- Reconstruction strategy
 - Signal mode: $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} \mu^+ \nu$
 - Normalization mode: $B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \mu^+ \nu$
 - Minimize systematics using same final state $[K^+ K^-]_\phi \pi^+$
- Exp. Challenge: signal peak with unreconstructed neutrino



$$m_{\text{corr}} \equiv \sqrt{m^2(D_s^- \mu^+) + p_\perp(D_s^- \mu^+) + p_\perp(D_s^- \mu^+)}$$



V_{cb} and FF parameters extracted from 2D fit to m_{corr} and $p_\perp(D_s^-)$

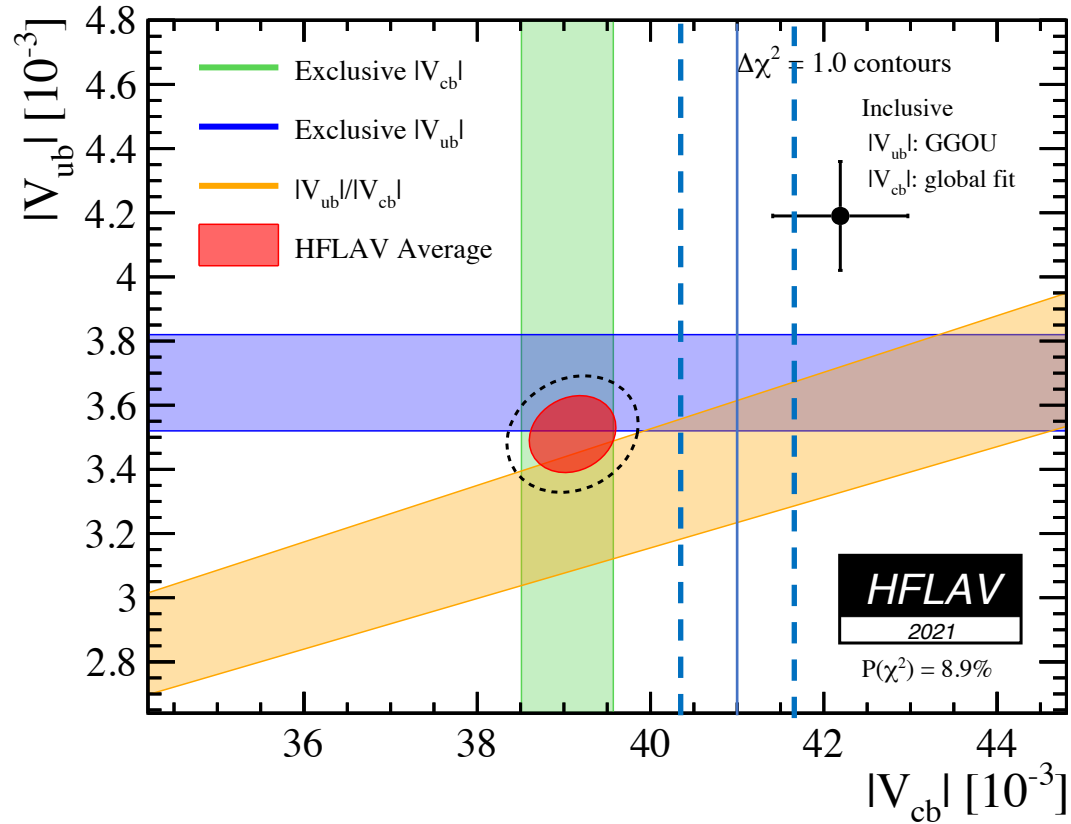
$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{CLN}} = (41.6 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst}) \pm 1.2(\text{ext})) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{BGL}} = (42.3 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst}) \pm 1.2(\text{ext})) \times 10^{-3}$$

$|V_{cb}|$

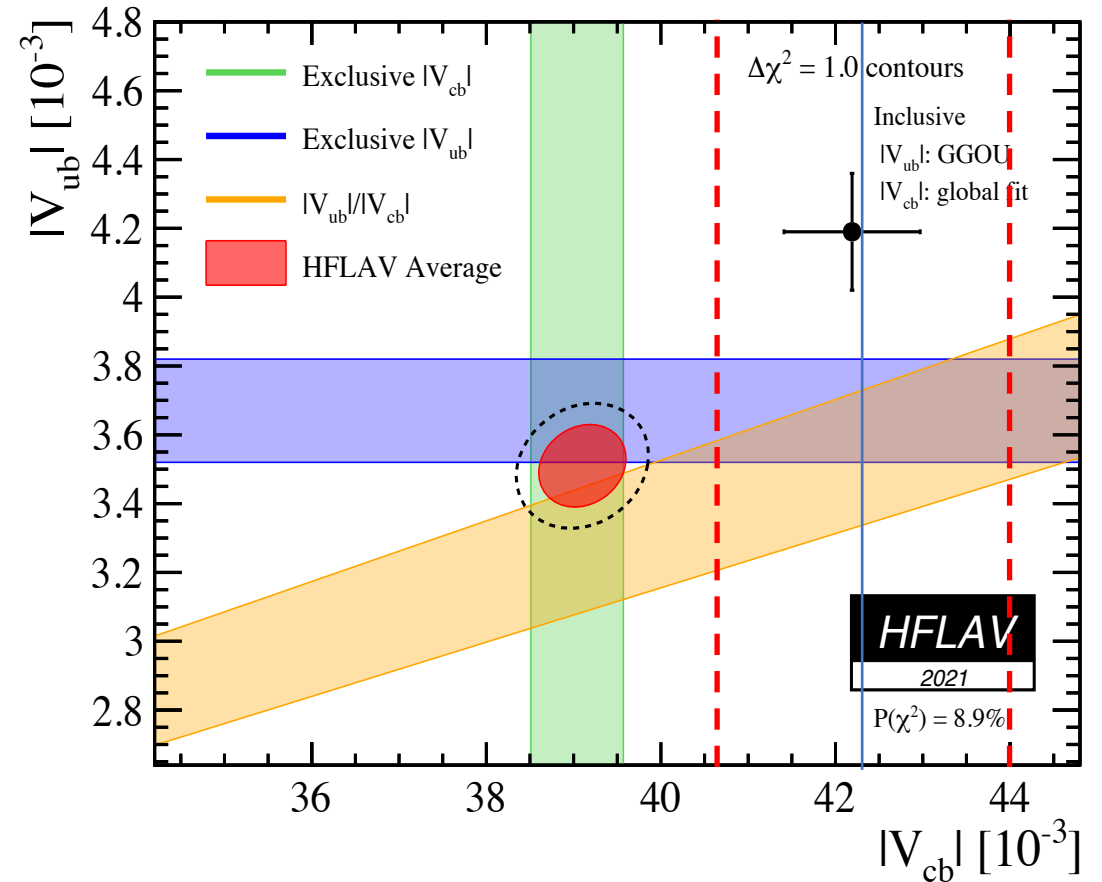
Belle $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ (2023)

$(41.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$



LHCb $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} \mu^+ \nu$ (2020)

$(42.3 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$



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LHCb, PRL 126, 081804 (2021)

$|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$

Preliminary new result shown at Moriond 2024

- Untagged reconstruction of $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$
- Large backgrounds of $B \rightarrow X_c l \nu$ and continuum
 - Suppressed with BDT discriminator
 - Require consistency of the rest of the event with B decay kinematics
 - Extract signal yields in bins of q^2 simultaneously for $\pi^+ l \nu$ mode and $\rho^0 l \nu$ mode

$$\mathcal{L} = 364 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

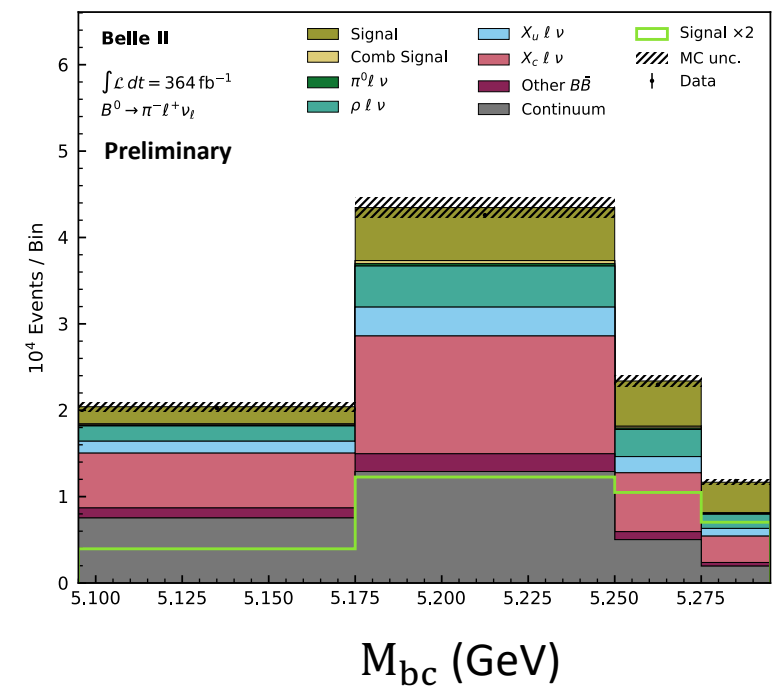
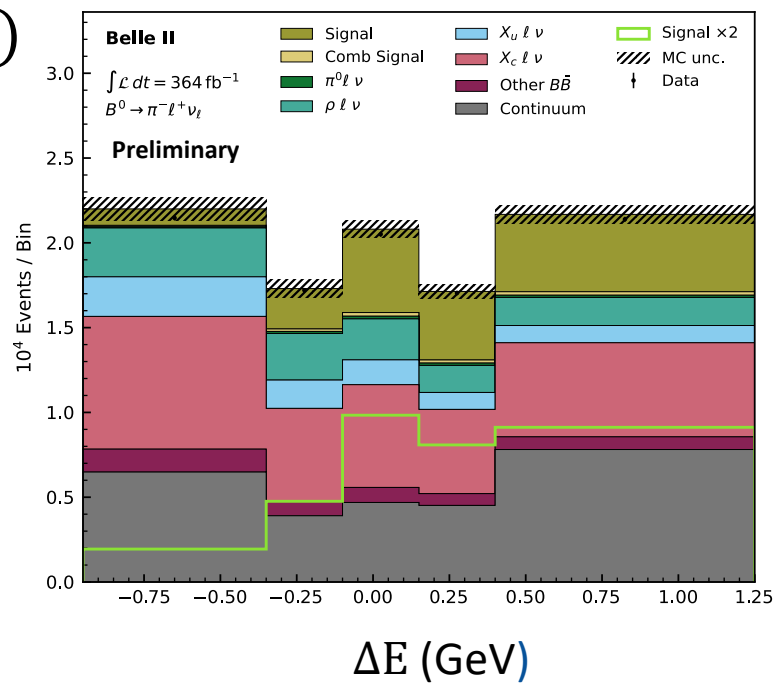
$$p_l^* > 1 \text{ GeV } (\pi), 1.4 \text{ GeV } (\rho)$$

$$\cos \theta_{BY} = \frac{2E_B^* E_Y^* - m_B^2 - m_Y^2}{2|\vec{p}_B^*| |\vec{p}_Y^*|}$$

$$M_{bc} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^{*2} - |\vec{p}_B^*|^2}$$

$$\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{\text{beam}}^*$$

N.B. B momentum determined by a neutrino reconstruction technique optimized for best resolution



$|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$

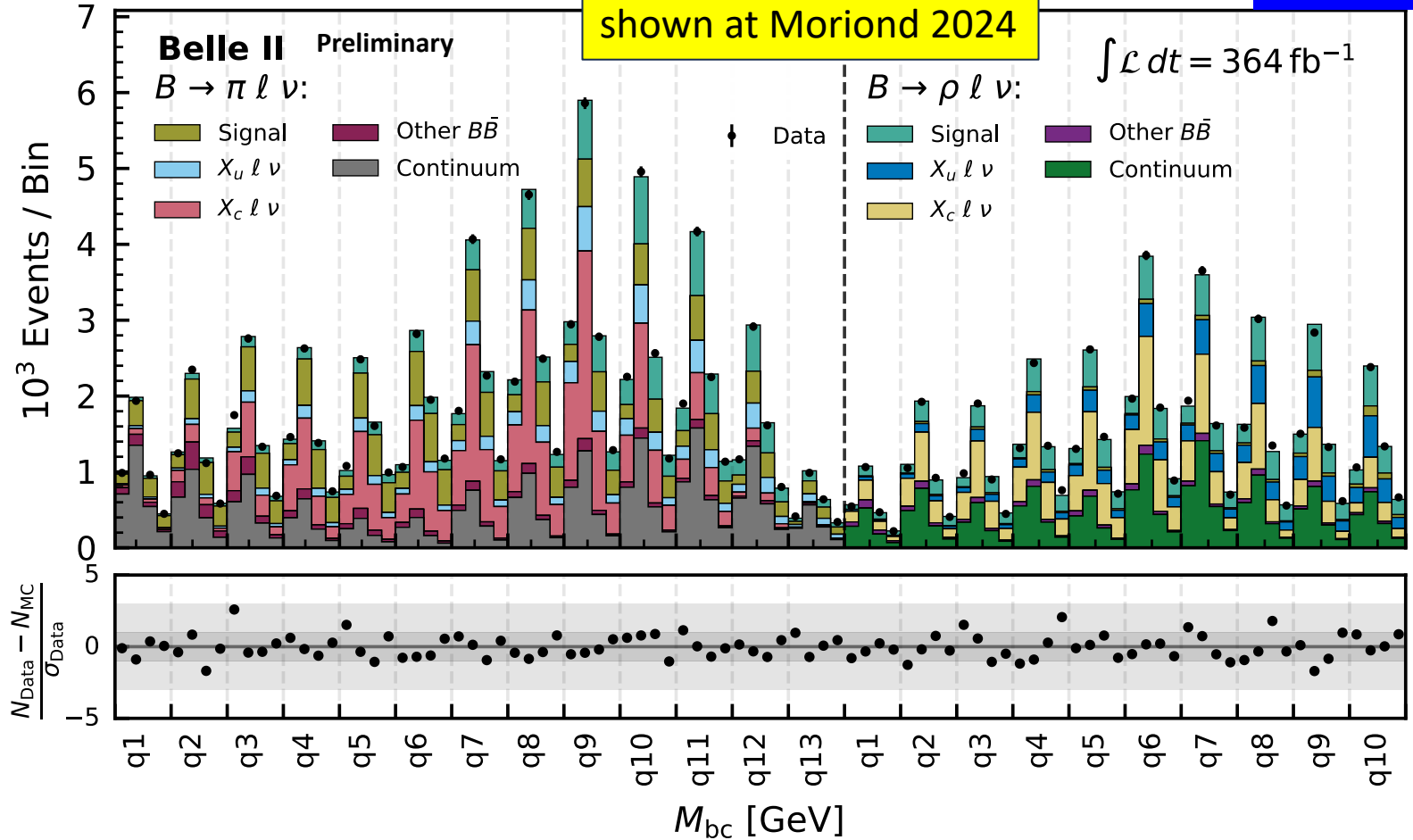


Simultaneous 3D fit in
 $(13 + 10) \times 4 \times 6$ bins of
 $q^2 \times M_{bc} \times \Delta E$

Take into account cross-feeds
 and correlations with
 backgrounds

- Partial branching ratios ΔB_i obtained from fitted yield in each q bin and reconstruction efficiency
- Total branching ratio is the sum of all the partial ΔB_i

Preliminary new result
 shown at Moriond 2024



$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu) = (1.516 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.059) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu) = (1.625 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.180) \times 10^{-4}$$

Consistent with PDG

$|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$

Estimate $|V_{ub}|$ minimising $\chi^2 = \sum_{i,j=1}^N (\Delta B_i - \Delta \Gamma_i \tau) C_{ij}^{-1} (\Delta B_j - \Delta \Gamma_j \tau) + \chi_{theo}^2$



Preliminary new result shown at Moriond 2024

	$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l^- \bar{\nu}_l$	$B^- \rightarrow \rho^0 l^- \bar{\nu}_l$
Form factor param.	Bourrely-Caprini-Lellouch (BCL) Phys. Rev. D 82, 099902	Bharucha-Straub-Zwicky (BSZ) JHEP (2016) 98
Theory prediction	LQCD Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 869	LCSR JHEP (2016) 98
	LQCD + LCSR JHEP (2021) 36	

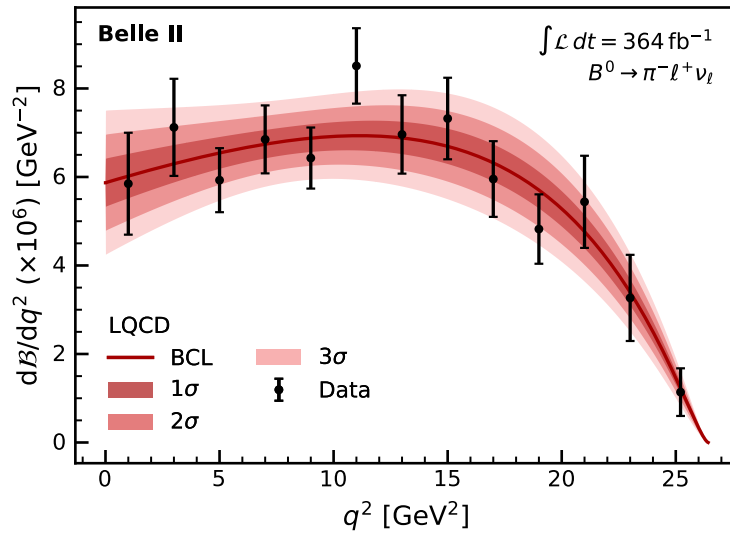
$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu : |V_{ub}|_{LQCD} = (3.93 \pm 0.09_{stat} \pm 0.13_{syst} \pm 0.19_{theo}) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$|V_{ub}|_{+LCSR} = (3.73 \pm 0.07_{stat} \pm 0.07_{syst} \pm 0.16_{theo}) \times 10^{-4}$$

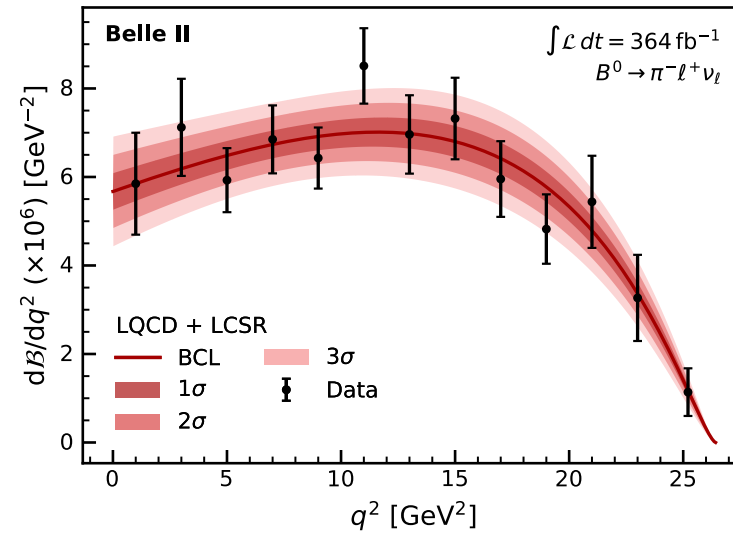
$$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu : |V_{ub}|_{LCSR} = (3.19 \pm 0.12_{stat} \pm 0.17_{syst} \pm 0.26_{theo}) \times 10^{-4}$$

Largest contributions to syst.: estimation of continuum background and $B \rightarrow \pi \pi l \nu$ non resonant uncertainty

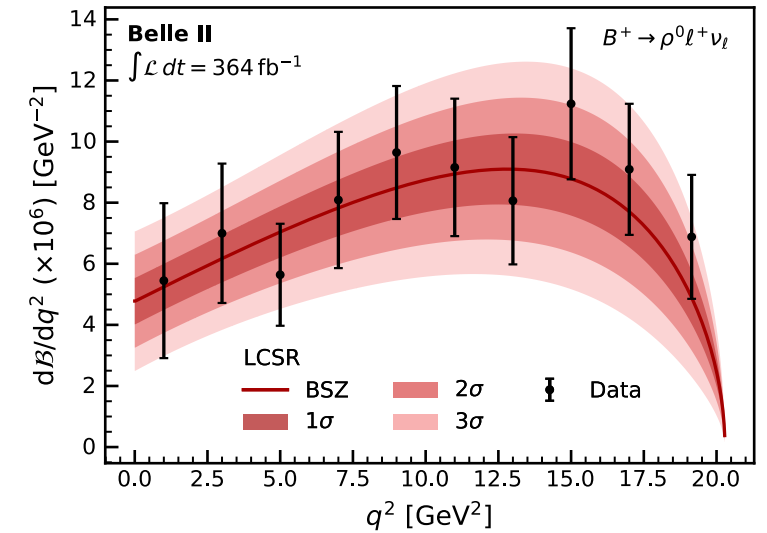
$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ dB/dq^2 with LCQD



$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ dB/dq^2 with LCQD+LCSR



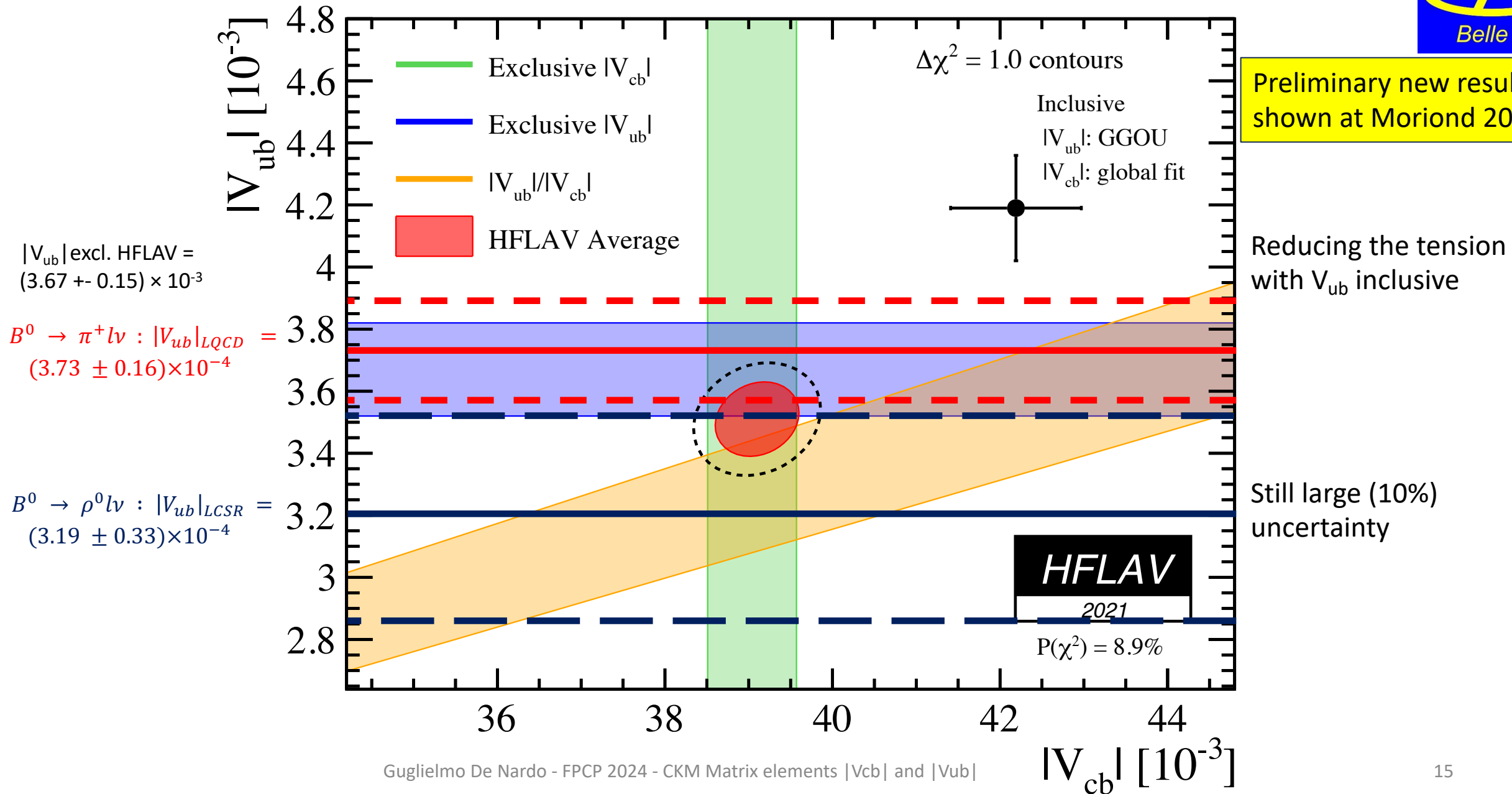
$B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$ dB/dq^2 with LCSR



$|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 l \nu$



Preliminary new result shown at Moriond 2024



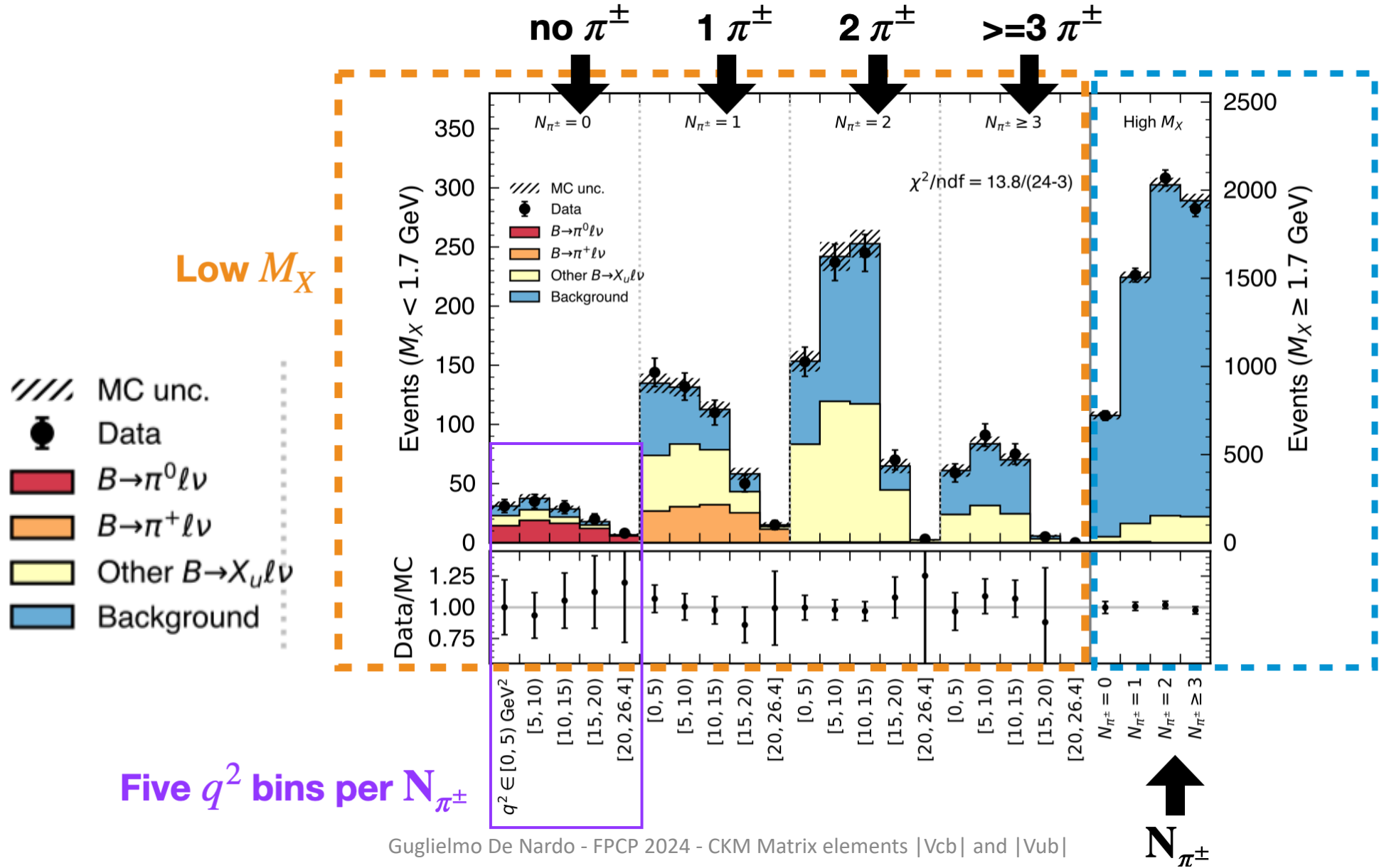
$|V_{ub}|$ from exclusive and inclusive B decays

PRL 131, 211801 (2023)

- Extends previous Belle analysis of $B \rightarrow X_u l \nu$ inclusive decays with hadronic tags [PRD 104, 012008(2021)]
- Reconstruction flow
 - Full reconstruction of the **tag B (hadronic)**
 - require an e or μ with $p_l > 1 \text{ GeV}$
 - assign the remaining **reconstruction objects to X system**
- Fit Normalizations (signal and background yields) and $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ form factors from q^2 shape
- Data divided into bins of charged pion multiplicity ($N_{\pi^\pm}=0,1,2, \geq 3$) to separate $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 l \nu$, $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ l \nu$, and **other $B \rightarrow X_u l \nu$**
- $M_X > 1.7 \text{ GeV}$ defines b \rightarrow c dominated background region
- b \rightarrow u enhanced region with $M_X < 1.7 \text{ GeV}$ is divided in 5 q^2 bins

$|V_{ub}|$ from exclusive and inclusive B decays

PRL 131, 211801 (2023)

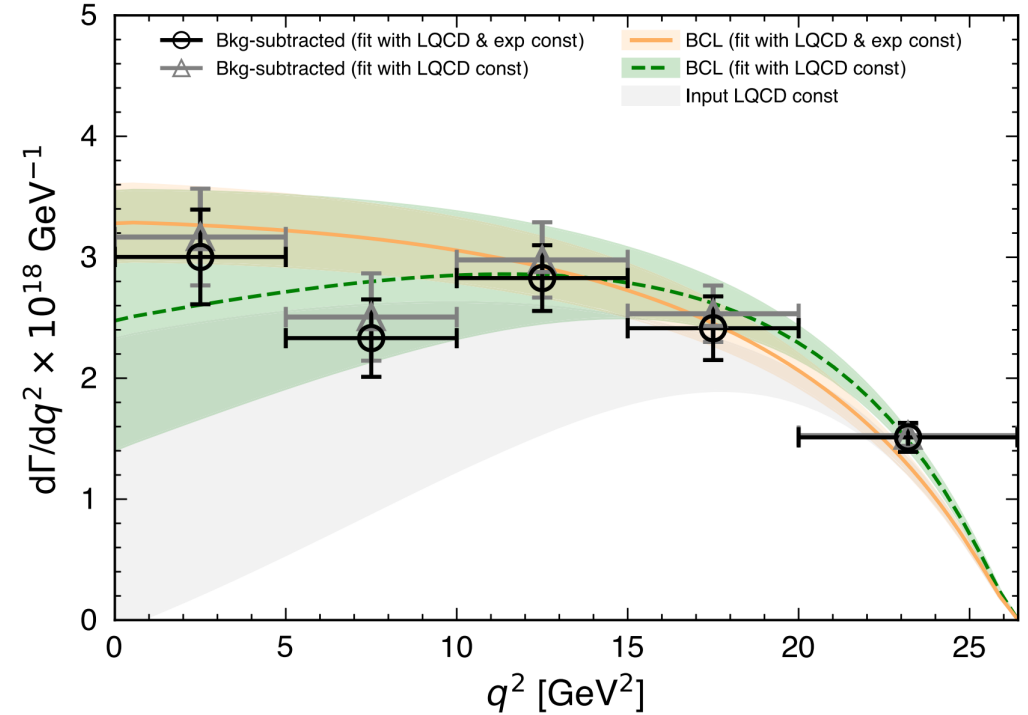
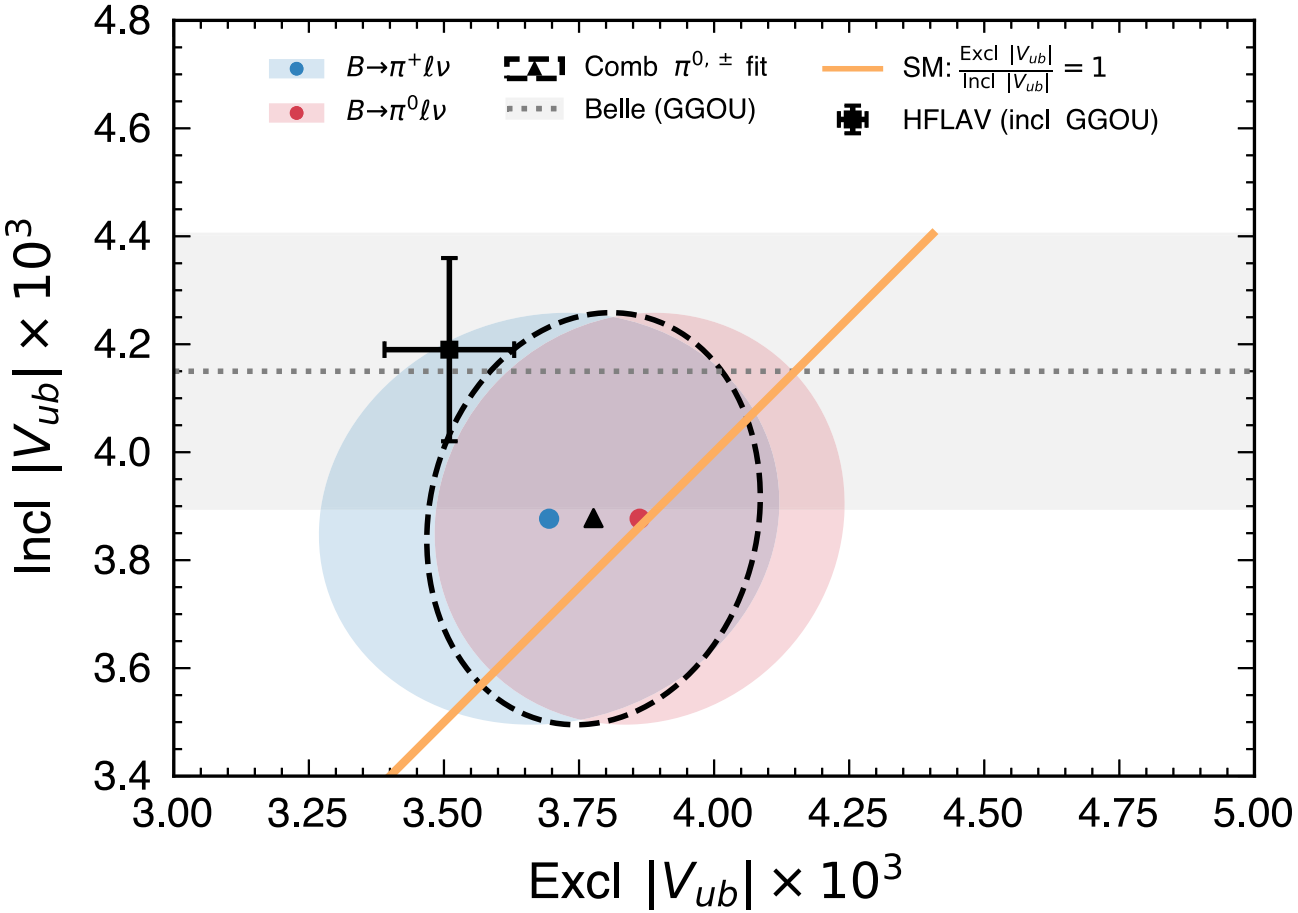


$|V_{ub}|$ from exclusive and inclusive B decays



PRL 131, 211801 (2023)

Extracted with several theory constraints/assumptions



$$|V_{ub}|_{excl} = (3.78 \pm 0.23_{stat} \pm 0.16_{syst} \pm 0.14_{theo}) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$|V_{ub}|_{incl} = (3.88 \pm 0.20_{stat} \pm 0.31_{syst} \pm 0.09_{theo}) \times 10^{-3}$$

ratio 0.97 ± 0.12 compatible with w.a. within 1.2σ

Weighted average $|V_{ub}|_{avg} = (3.84 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-3}$

Consistent with CKMfitter (3.64 ± 0.07) within 0.8σ

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LHCb PRD 101,072004 (2020)

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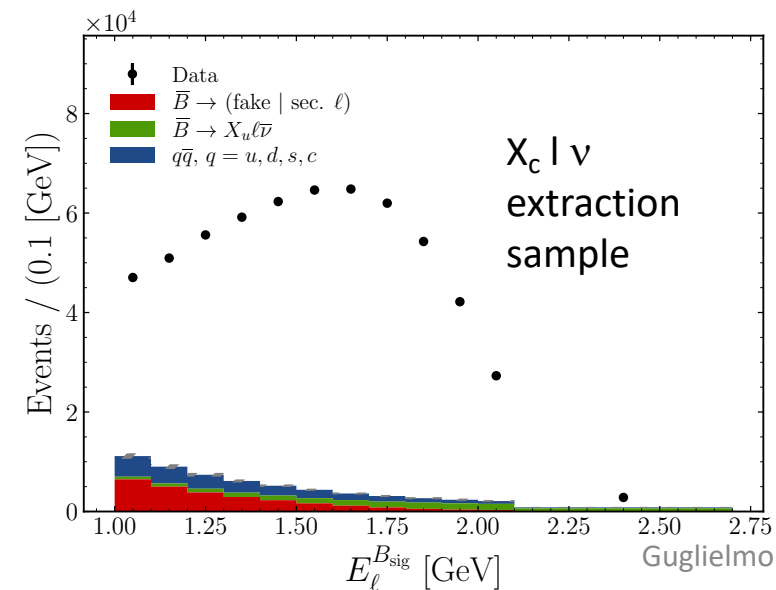
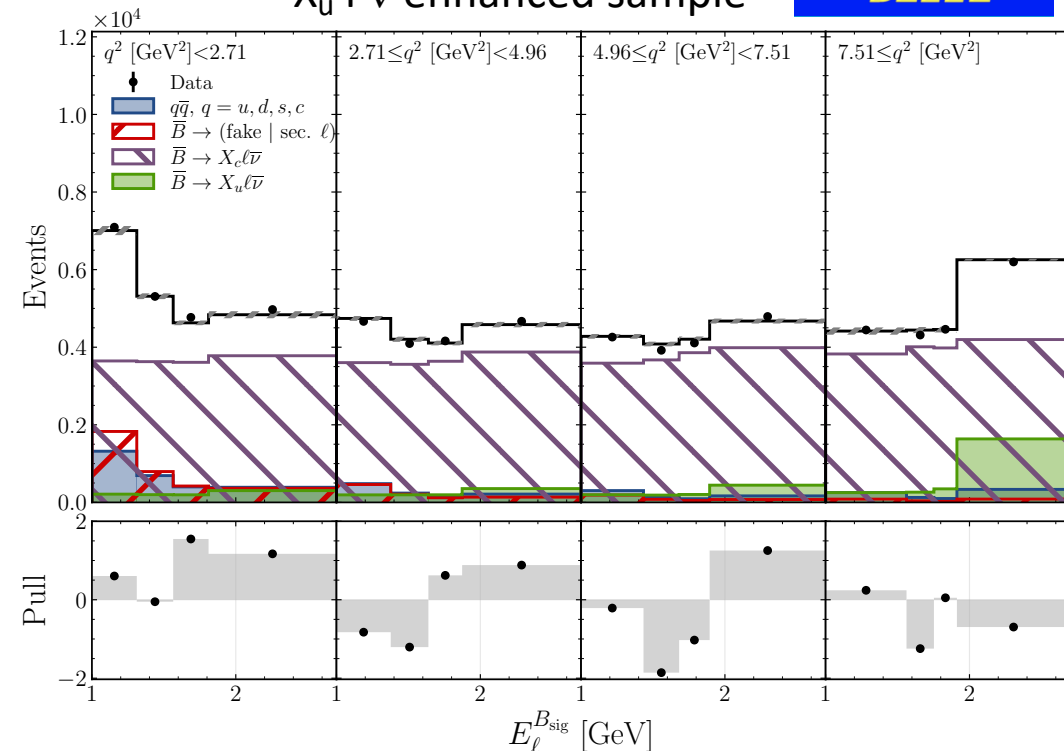
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LHCb, PRL 126, 081804 (2021)

$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ from inclusive decays (Belle)



- Full 711 fb⁻¹ Belle dataset analysed with Belle II reconstruction hadronic tag software
- K⁺ or K_S reconstruction to tag a b → c decay
 - N(K) > 0 signal depleted sample for of X_c l ν decays
 - N(K) = 0 signal enhanced sample to extract signal yields
- Inclusive D* reco to veto b → c
 - reconstructing soft pion and high M²_{miss}
- 1D fit to E_l in u-depleted sample to get N^{X_clν}
- 2D fit to E_l × q² in u-enhanced sample to get N^{X_ulν}

X_u l ν enhanced sample



$$\frac{\Delta\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_u l \bar{\nu})}{\Delta\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_c l \bar{\nu})} = \frac{\epsilon^{X_c l \bar{\nu}} N^{X_u l \bar{\nu}}}{\epsilon^{X_u l \bar{\nu}} N^{X_c l \bar{\nu}}},$$

$$= 1.96 (1 \pm 8.4\% \pm 7.9\%) \times 10^{-2}$$

Belle preliminary
arXiv:2311.00458

$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ from inclusive decays (Belle)

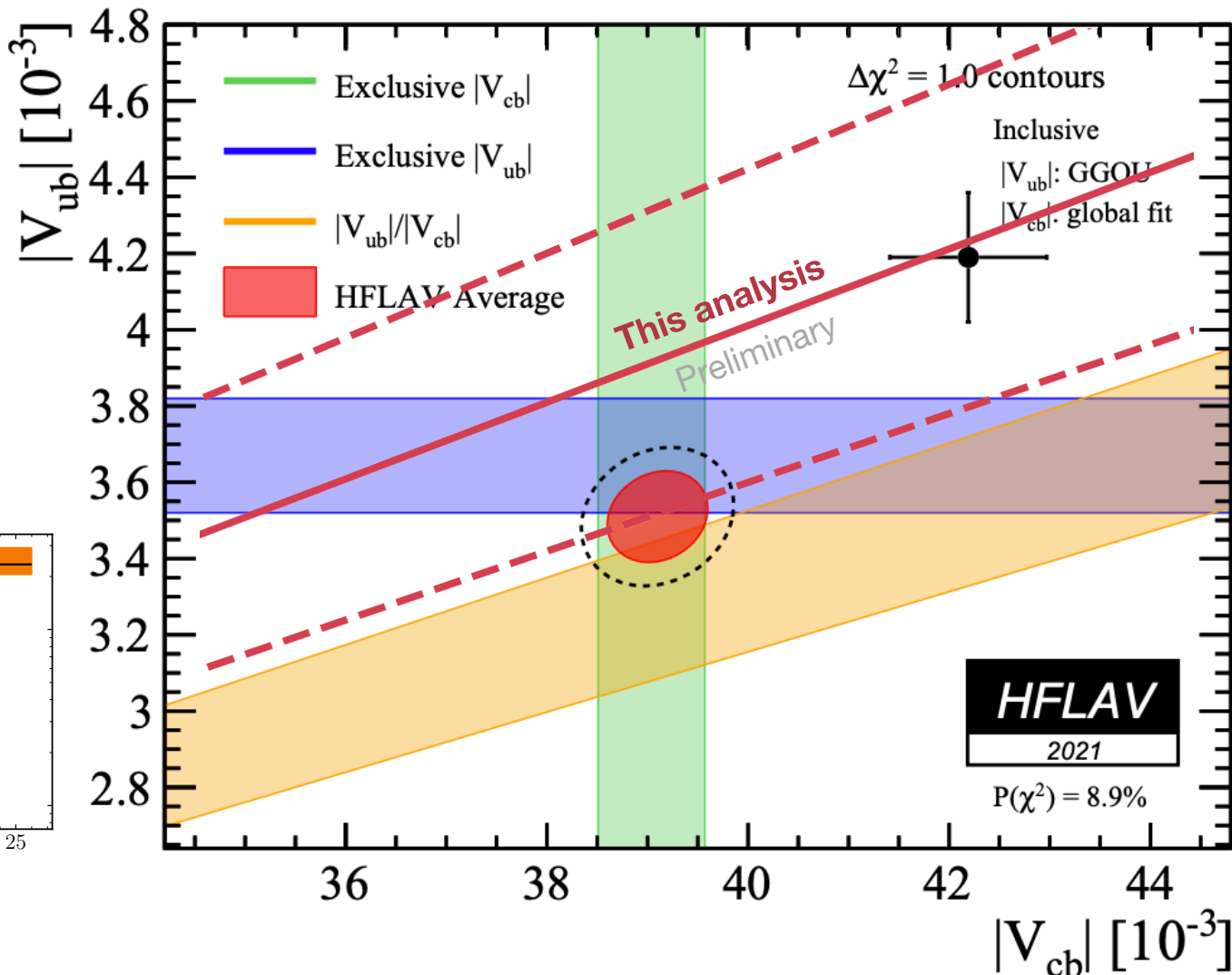
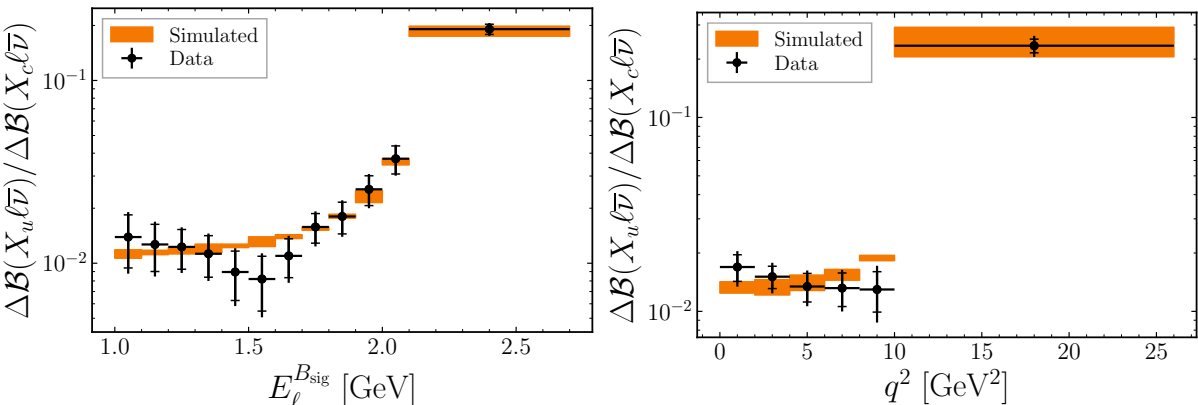


$$\frac{|V_{ub}|}{|V_{cb}|} = \sqrt{\frac{\Delta\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_u lv) \Delta\Gamma(B \rightarrow X_c lv)}{\Delta\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_c lv) \Delta\Gamma(B \rightarrow X_u lv)}}$$

\longrightarrow KIN *Eur. Phys. J. C* **81**, 226
 \longrightarrow BLNP *Phys. Rev. D* **72**, 073006
 \longrightarrow GGOU *JHEP* **10** (2007) 58

$$\frac{|V_{ub}|}{|V_{cb}|}^{\text{BLNP}} = 0.0972(1 \pm 4.2\%_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.9\%_{\text{syst}} \pm 5.6\%_{\text{theo}})$$

$$\frac{|V_{ub}|}{|V_{cb}|}^{\text{GGOU}} = 0.0996(1 \pm 4.2\%_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.9\%_{\text{syst}} \pm 3.0\%_{\text{theo}})$$



$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ and observation of $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$

PRL 126, 081804 (2021)

- Dataset: 2012 data 2 fb^{-1} @ 8TeV
- Signal mode: $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$
- Normalization mode: $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \mu^+ \nu$, $D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$

$$\frac{|V_{ub}|^2}{|V_{cb}|^2} \times \frac{FF(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu)}{FF(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \mu^+ \nu)} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu)}{\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \mu^+ \nu)} = \frac{N_K}{N_D} \times \frac{\varepsilon_D}{\varepsilon_K} \times \mathcal{B}(D_s^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-)$$

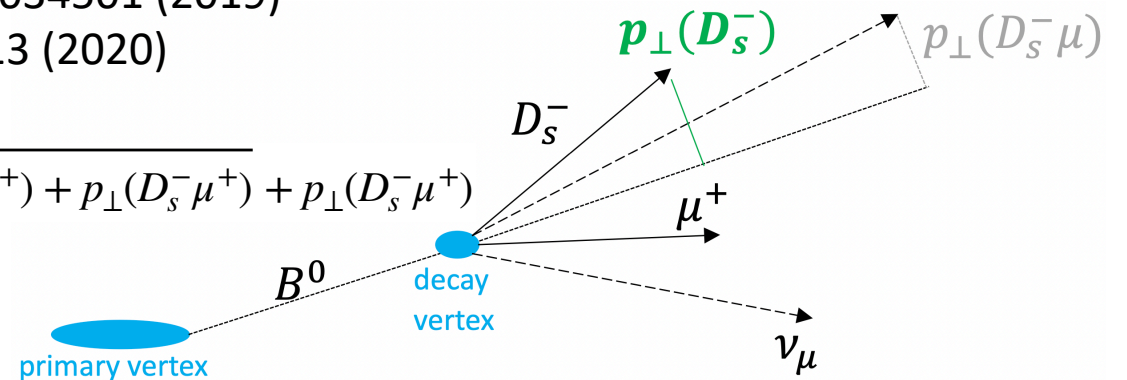
Exp data
MC
PDG

Parameter of interest

Theory input

- LCSR for $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$ $q^2 < 7 \text{ GeV}^2$ JHEP 2017, 112 (2017)
- LQCD for $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$ $q^2 < 7 \text{ GeV}^2$ PRD 100, 034501 (2019)
- LQCD for $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \mu^+ \nu$ all q^2 PRD 101, 074513 (2020)

Extract $|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ in two regions of q^2 fitting $m_{\text{corr}} \equiv \sqrt{m^2(D_s^- \mu^+) + p_{\perp}(D_s^- \mu^+) + p_{\perp}(D_s^- \mu^+)}$

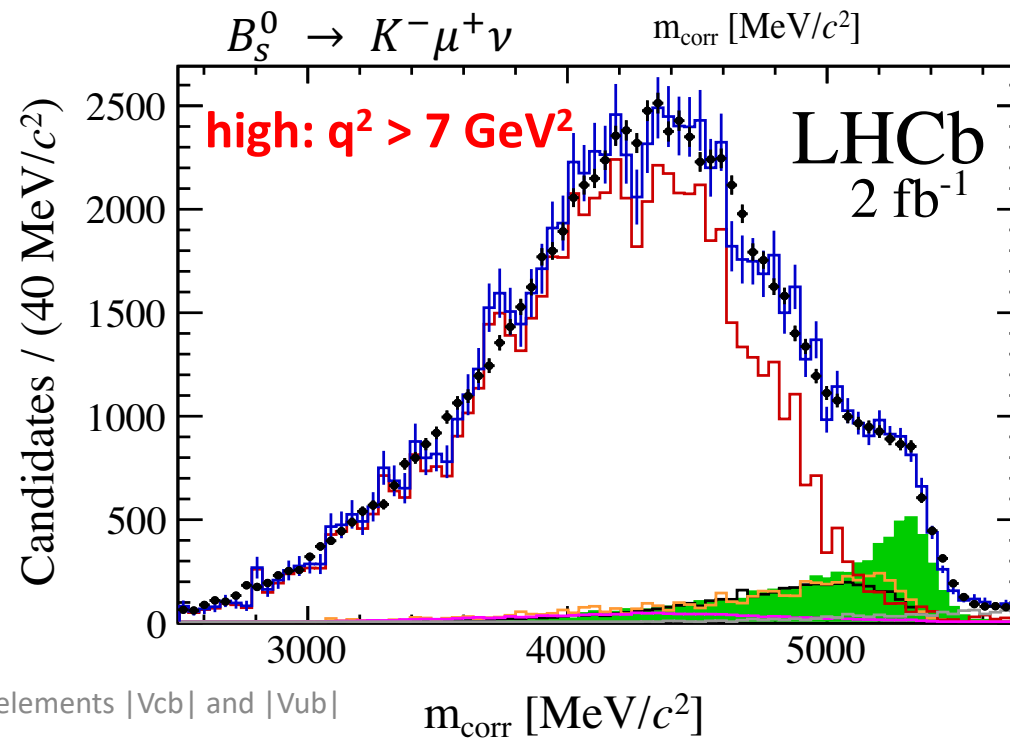
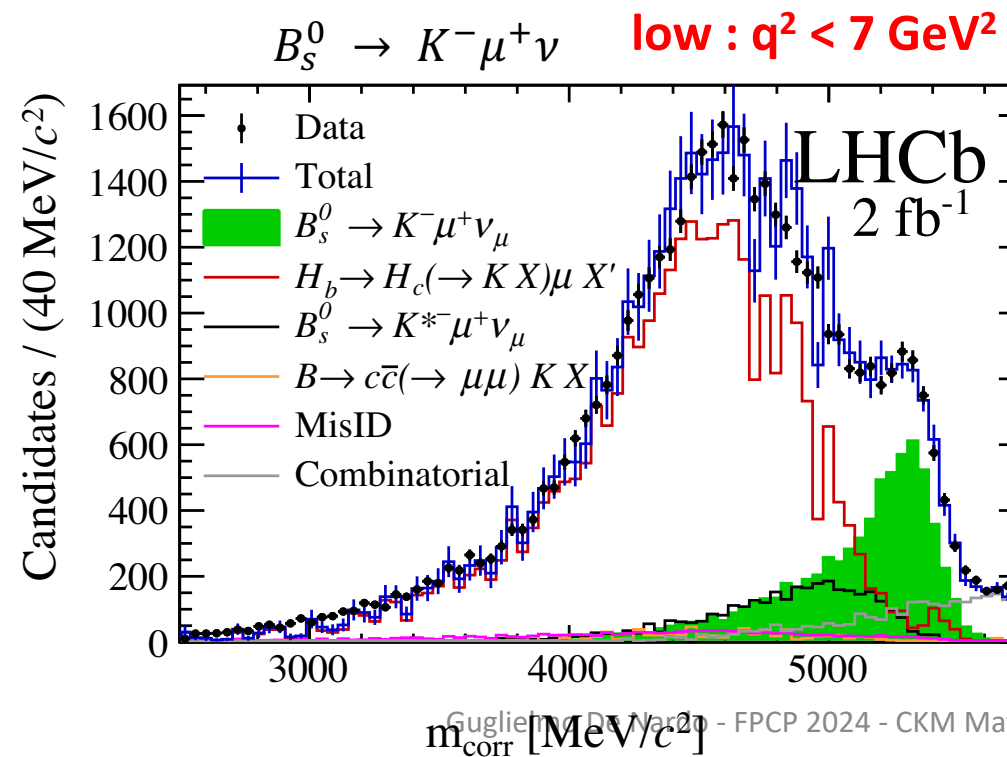
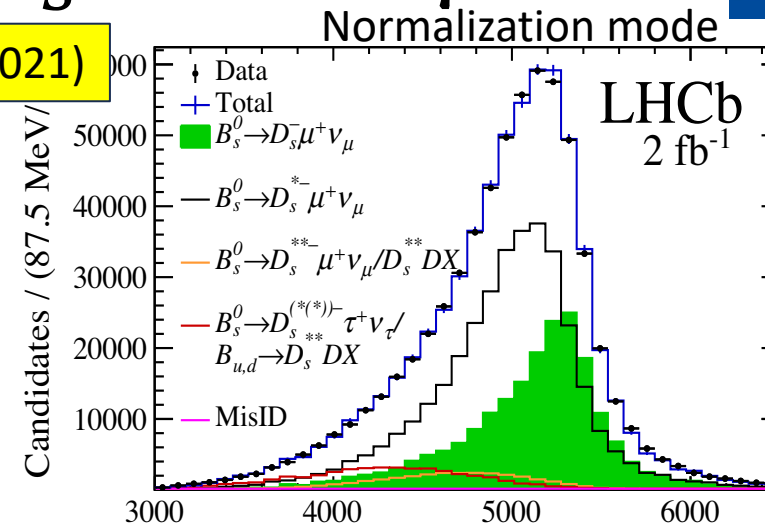


$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|$ and observation of $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^- \mu^+ \nu$

PRL 126, 081804 (2021)

$$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|(\text{low}) = 0.0607 \pm 0.0015(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0013(\text{syst}) \\ \pm 0.0008 (D_s) \pm 0.0030 (\text{FF}),$$

$$|V_{ub}|/|V_{cb}|(\text{high}) = 0.0946 \pm 0.0030(\text{stat})_{-0.0025}^{+0.0024}(\text{syst}) \\ \pm 0.0013 (D_s) \pm 0.0068 (\text{FF}),$$



Conclusions

- BaBar, Belle and Belle II producing recently many updated and improved measurements of $|V_{cb}|$ and $|V_{ub}|$, with both inclusive and exclusive decays
 - Decided to restrict in this talk to the latest and had to neglect many others slightly older
- LHCb results less recent but bringing unique observations like B_s S.L. decays
 - Keeps demonstrating competitive results in S.L. decays
- Future: huge improvements in statistics expected from both LHCb and Belle II
 - Will permit to reach ultimate sensitivities and exploit maximal information from differential distributions