

CHALLENGE: Two Photon Physics In $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu \nu$

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Discrepancy between data and MC

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \nu$ channel

Charged tracks:

- > CDC acceptance, $P_t > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$, $E < 5.5 \text{ GeV}$,
- > $|dz| < 3 \text{ cm}$, $dr < 0.5 \text{ cm}$ (not for K_s^0 's daughter)

Photons:

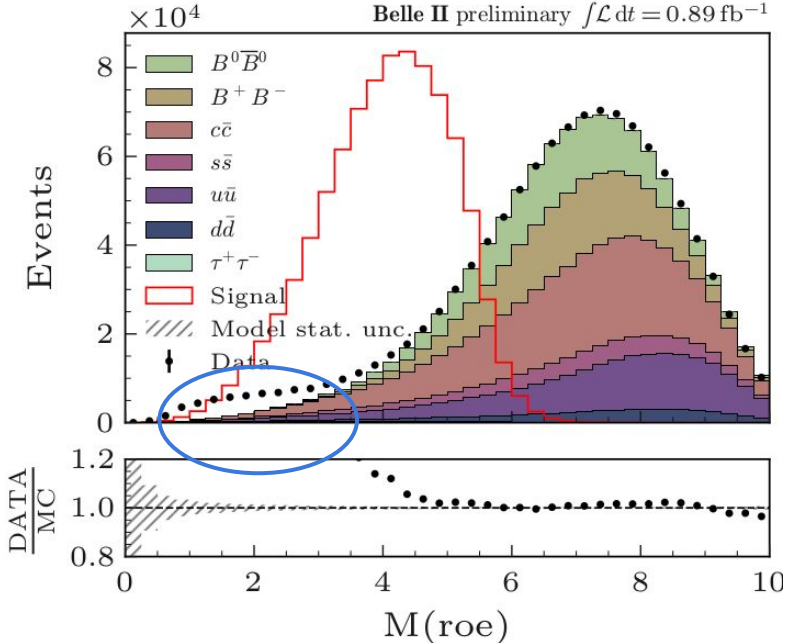
- > Standard photon list, CDC acceptance,
- > $0.1 < E < 5.5 \text{ GeV}$

Signal $K^{*0} \rightarrow K \pi$:

K, π : $n\text{PXDHits} > 0$, $\text{KaonID} > 0.75$, $\text{pionID} > 0.05$,
 K^{*0} vertex position and momentum is extracted from Treefit, $0.8 < M < 1.0 \text{ GeV}$

Two candidates with an MVA
 (using $M(K \pi)$, q^2 and vertex position in XY)

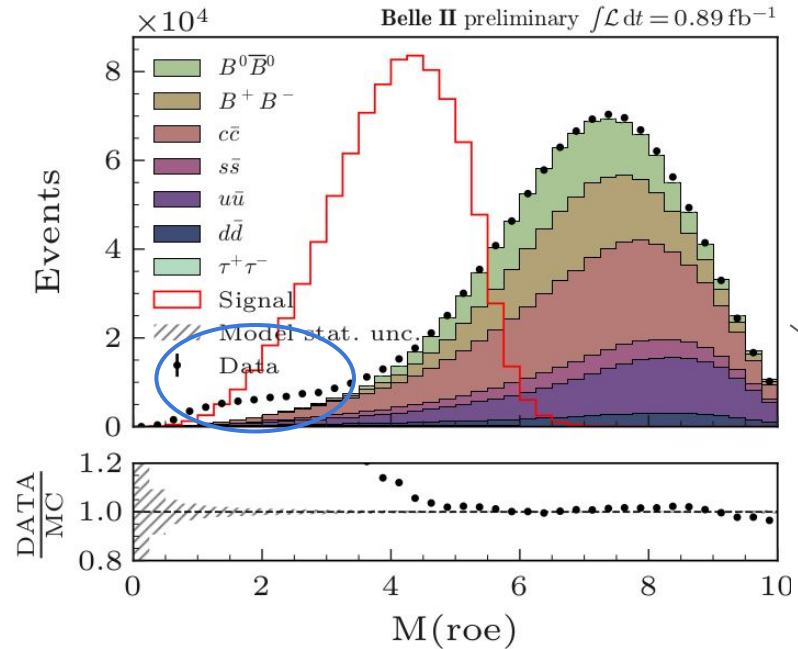
1% exp18 data and MC15RD,
 Luminosity normalized



Discrepancy between data and MC in lower ROE-mass, (visible) transverse energy, ...

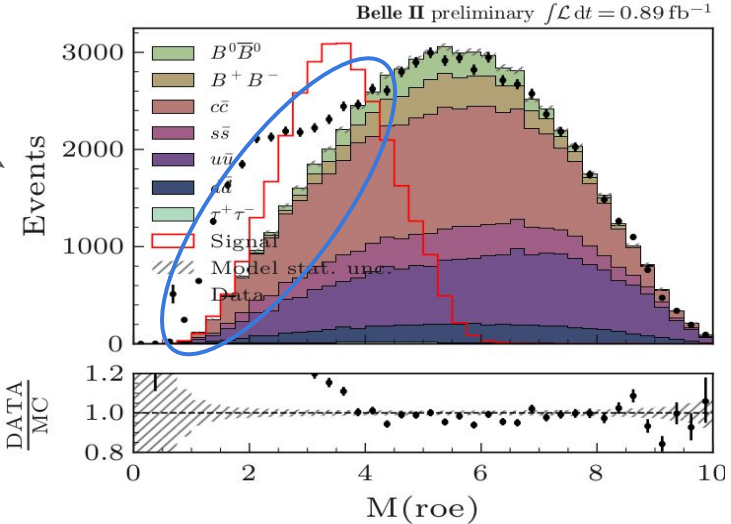
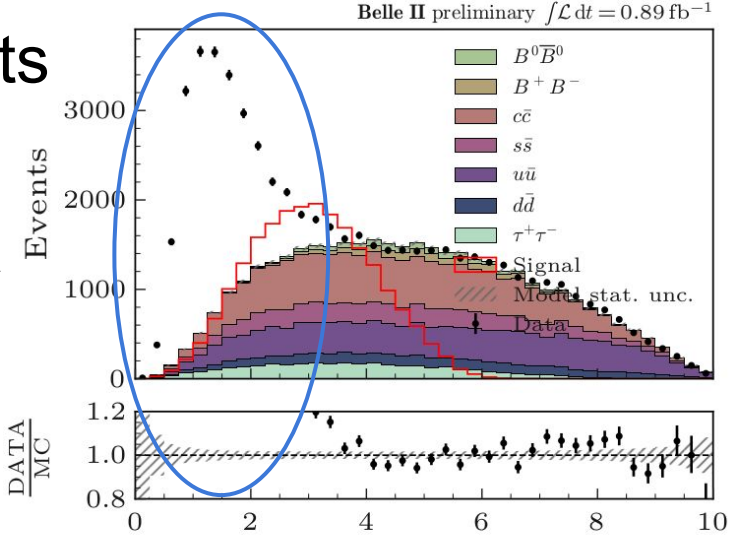
Discrepancy for low-multiplicity events

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu\nu$ channel



4 tracks

5 tracks

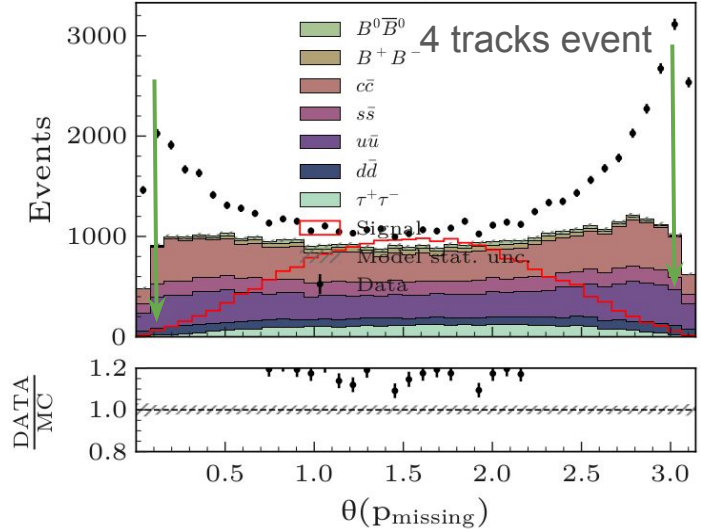


Main difference is from 4-6 track events

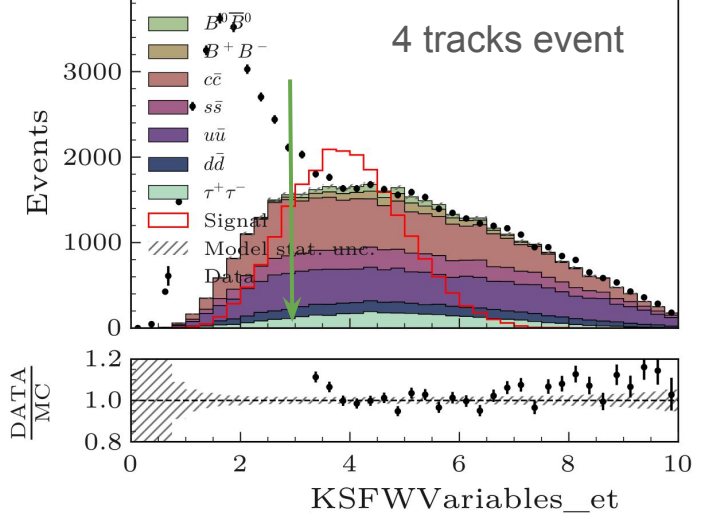
Discrepancy of data and simulation in low multiplicity events

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu\nu$ channel

Belle II preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 0.89 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Belle II preliminary $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 0.89 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Visible data/mc discrepancy in low range of roe-mass / transverse-energy / visible-energy, ... with missing momentum pointing in forward/backward direction

Veto in K^*/K_S channel: $\theta(P_{\text{miss}})$ in (0.1, 3.0) and transverse energy $> 2.8 \text{ GeV}$

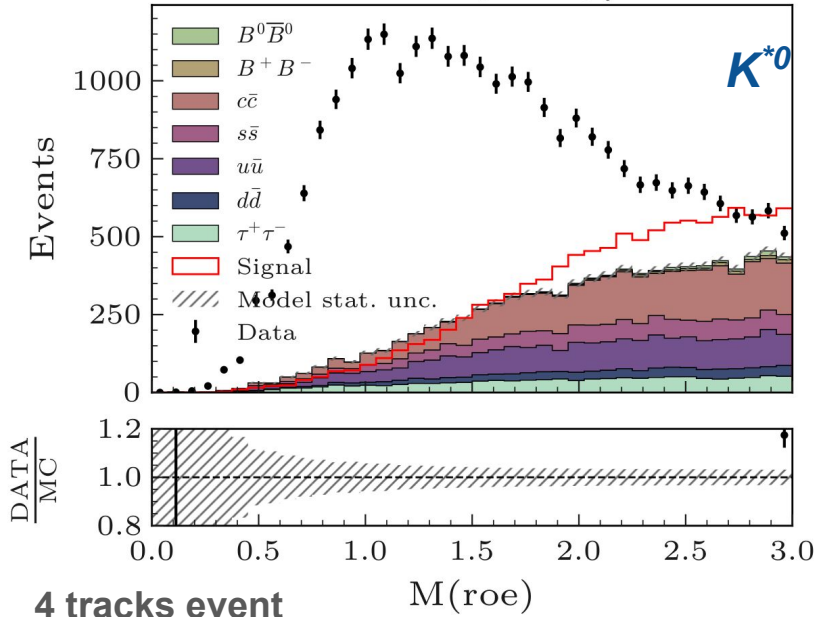
→ Keep 95-98% signal in K^* and K_S channel

→ Residual correction to MC using off-resonance data (BDT_C)

Different impact for different channels

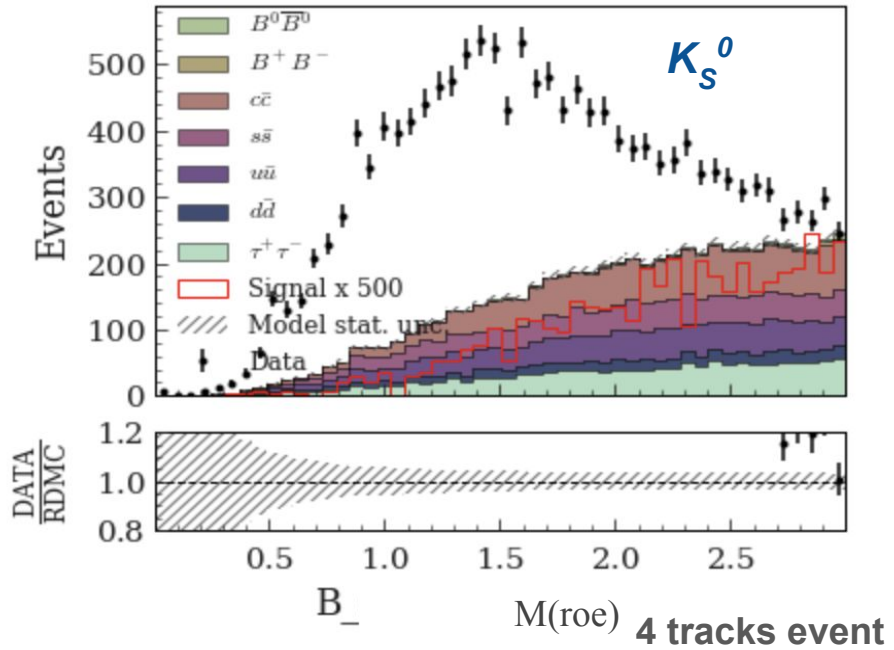
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \nu$ channel

Belle II preliminary $f \mathcal{L} dt = 0.89 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



$B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \nu \nu$ channel

Belle II preliminary $f \mathcal{L} dt = 0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



4 tracks event

Possible decays:

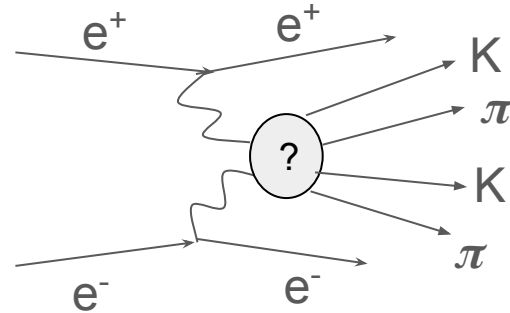
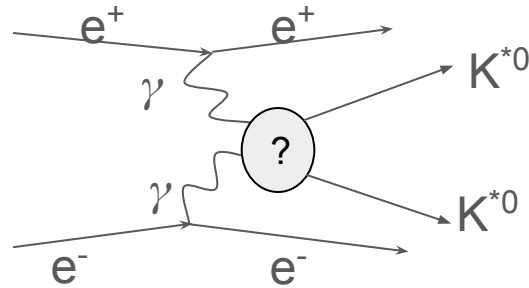
Two-photon process with missing one or two electrons, e.g,

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma\gamma &\rightarrow K^{*0} K^{*0} / K^{*+} K^{*-} / K_S K_S, \dots \\ &\rightarrow K^{*0} K \pi, K \pi K \pi, \dots \end{aligned}$$

Two photon physics

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{*0}K^{*0}$$

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K\pi K\pi$$



- The scattered e^+e^- final states **predominantly stay inside the beam pipe**
- quasi-two-body vector final state: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow VV'$, V has same J^{PC} as the photon, therefore VV' can be produced in relative S-wave.
- **Hadronic physics, not well modeled from first principles**

Measurement of two-photon process

Huge amount of measurements done

D Morgan et al 1994 J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 20 A1

first observation of two photons to $K^{*0}K^{*0}$

$L = 234.3 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

Decay	cross-section (nb)
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{-}\pi^{+}K^{-}\pi^{+}$	2.4 ± 0.9
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{*0}K^{-}\pi^{+}$	2.0 ± 0.7
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0}$	1.3 ± 0.4

measurement of $K^{*}K^{*}$ bar in two-photon interaction

CERN-LEP-ALEPH

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow jets$

Buskulic *et al* 1993 *Phys. Lett.* **313B** 509

CERN-LEP-OPAL

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow hadrons$

Akers *et al* 1994 *Z. Phys.* **C 61** 199

CESR-CLEO

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \bar{p}p$

Artuso *et al* 1993 *CLNS Preprint* 93/1245

DESY-DORIS-ARGUS

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{+}K^{-}$

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Z. Phys.* **C 48** 183

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \bar{p}p$

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Z. Phys.* **C 42** 543

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \bar{p}p\pi^0$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Z. Phys.* **C 42** 543

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \Delta^{++}\bar{p}\pi^{-} + c.c.$

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Z. Phys.* **C 42** 543

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \Delta^0\bar{\Delta}^0$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Z. Phys.* **C 42** 543

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^{+}\pi^{-}\pi^0\pi^0$

Albrecht *et al* 1989 *Phys. Lett.* **217B** 205

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{+}K^{-}\pi^{+}\pi^{-}$

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **198B** 255

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 2K_s^0\pi^{+}\pi^{-}, K_s^0K^{-}\pi^0\pi^{+} + c.c.$

Albrecht *et al* 1988 *Phys. Lett.* **212B** 528

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 2\pi^{+}2\pi^{-}\pi^0$

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **196B** 101

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 2\pi^{+}2\pi^{-}2\pi^0$

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **198B** 577

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{+}K^{-}\pi^{+}\pi^{-}\pi^0$

Albrecht *et al* 1988 *Phys. Lett.* **210B** 273

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1991 *Z. Phys.* **C 50** 1

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \rho^{\pm}\rho^{\mp}$

Albrecht *et al* 1991 *Phys. Lett.* **267B** 535

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \rho^0\omega$

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **196B** 101

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \omega\omega$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **198B** 577

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{*+}K^{*-}$

Albrecht *et al* 1988 *Phys. Lett.* **212B** 528

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0}$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **198B** 255

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \phi\rho^0$

Albrecht *et al* 1987 *Phys. Lett.* **198B** 255

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \omega\phi$, etc.

Albrecht *et al* 1988 *Phys. Lett.* **210B** 273

DESY-DORIS-CRYSTAL-BALL

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

Marsiske *et al* 1990 *Phys. Rev.* **D 41** 3324

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

Bienlein 1992 *San Diego Workshop* [10f]

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\eta$

Antreasyan *et al* 1986 *Phys. Rev.* **D 33** 1847

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 3\pi^0$

Antreasyan *et al* 1990 *Z. Phys.* **C 48** 561

Belle K_s pair production in ST two-photon process

Belle K_s pair production in two-photon process (zero tag)

Measurement of two-photon process

Two-photon result from Belle, from Uehara-san's talk

process	W (GeV)	L (fb ⁻¹)	papers published by Belle	year
$\pi^0\pi^0$	0.6-4.0	95	PRD 78, 052004	2008
	0.6-4.0	223	PRD 79, 052009	2009
$\pi^+\pi^-$	0.8-1.5	86	PRD 75, 051101	2007
	0.8-1.5	86	JSPJ 76, 074102	2007
	2.4-4.1	88	PLB 615,39	2005
K^+K^-	1.4-2.4	67	EPJC 32, 323	2004
	2.4-4.1	88	PLB 615,39	2005
$K_s^0K_s^0$	2.4-4.0	398	PLB 651, 15	2007
	1.05-4.0	972	PTEP 2013, 123C01	2013
$\eta\eta$	1.1-3.8	393	PRD 82, 114031	2010
$\eta\pi^0$	0.84-4.0	223	PRD 80, 032001	2009
$4\pi/4K/2K2\pi$	2.4-4.1	395	EPJC 53, 1	2008
$\eta^+\pi^-\pi^+$	1.4-3.4	673	PRD 86, 052002	2012
$\eta^+\pi^-\pi^-, \eta_c(1S), \eta_c(2S)$	1.4-3.8	941	PRD 98, 072001	2018
$D\bar{D}$	3.7-4.3	395	PRL 96, 082003	2006
$\gamma J/\psi$	3.2-3.8	33	PLB 540,33	2002
$\phi J/\psi$	4.2-5.0	825	PRL 104, 112004	2010
$\omega J/\psi$	3.9-4.2	694	PRL 104, 092001	2010
$\omega\omega/\phi\phi/\omega\phi$	1.5-4.0	870	PRL 108, 232001	2012
$p\bar{p}$	2.03-4.0	89	PLB 621,41	2005
$p\bar{p}K^+K^-$	3.2-5.6	980	PRD 93, 112017	2016
π^0	0.6-4.0	759	PRD 86, 092007	2012
$\pi^0\pi^0$	0.5-2.1	759	PRD 93, 032003	2016
$K_s^0K_s^0$	1.0-2.6	759	PRD 97, 052003	2018

Two-photon process in BELLE II

Easiest but crude way: remove/veto in data, use off-resonance to fix remaining discrepancies (for B-physics)

→ may need dedicated optimization for each decay channel

Modeling: **TREPS** in BELLE II, however supported decays are only $pp, K^+K^-, \pi^+\pi^-$

→ Extend modeling to other final states (e.g. K^*K^* , also beyond 4-tracks)

→ Dedicated measurements to improve modeling (?)

MODELING: PRIMARY STAGE

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Modeling $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

TREPS(Two-photon REsonance Production Simulator)

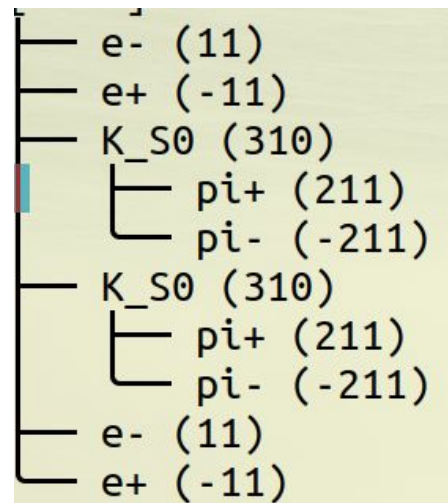
Input parameters, differential cross-section,
number of generated events per invariant-mass interval(W):
basf2/generators/treps/data/

New-channel configuration:

```
basf2/generators/scripts/low_multiplicity_sorcery/constants.py  
basf2/generators/scripts/low_multiplicity_sorcery/utils.py
```

```
generators.add_treps_generator(  
    path,  
    finalstate = 'e+e-KS0KS0',  
)
```

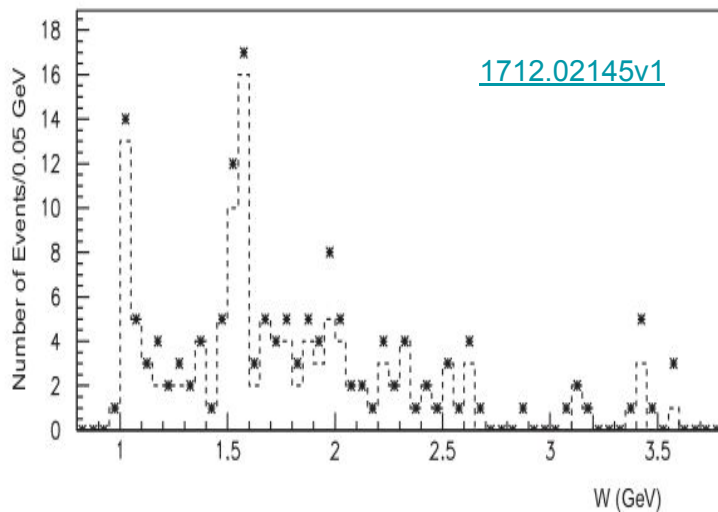
Final state particle: 2
Physics model : 202
Form-factor model:0



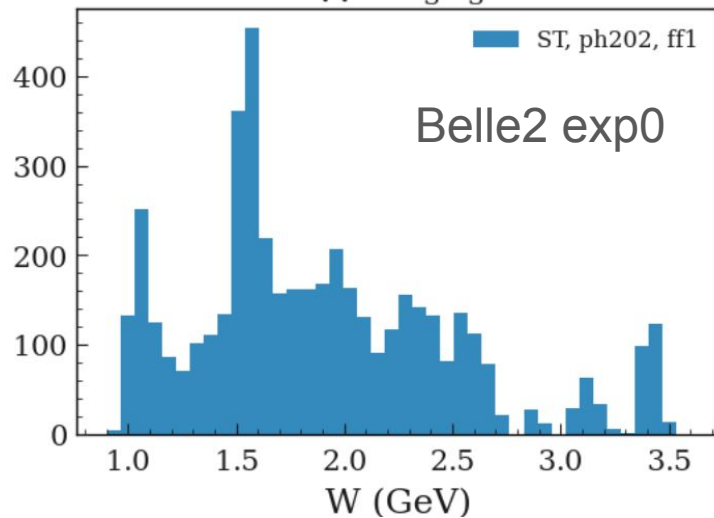
Modeling $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

π : thetaInCDCAcceptance
 $0.45 < (K_S^0) < 0.55$

Belle, single tag



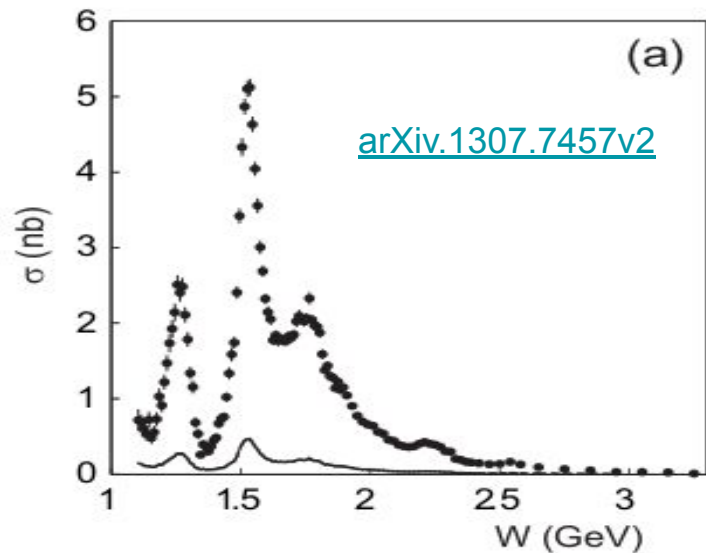
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$



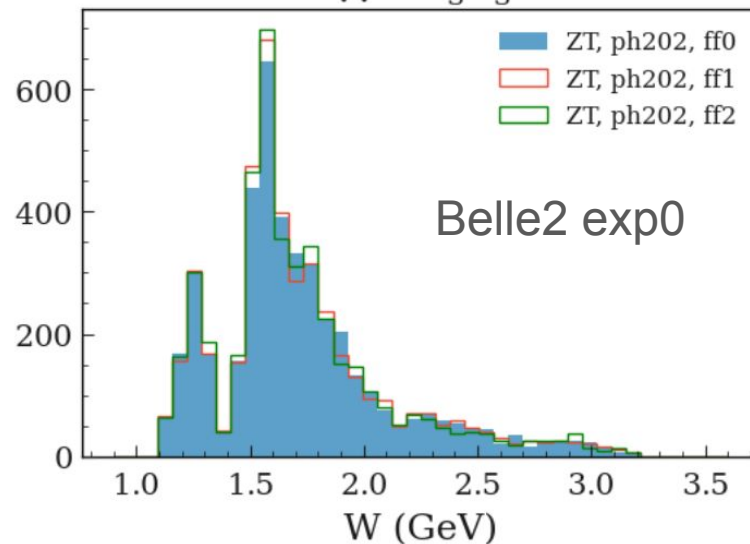
Modeling $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

π : thetaInCDCAcceptance
 $0.45 < (K_S^0) < 0.55$

Belle, zero tag, $|\cos\theta^*| < 0.8$

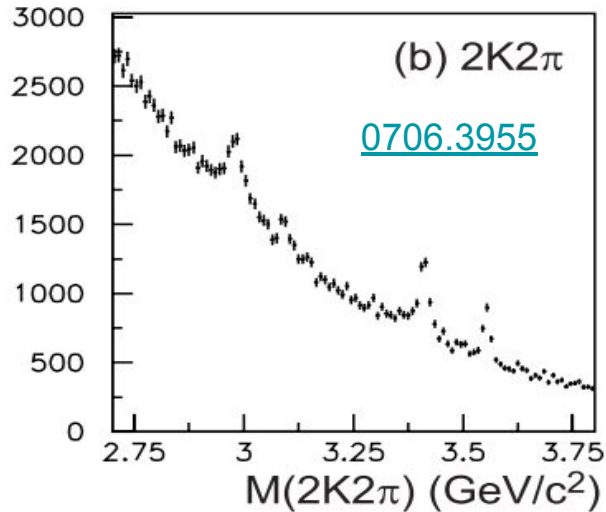


$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$



Modeling $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow KK\pi\pi$

$M(KK\pi\pi) < 2.75$?



- Extract $KK\pi\pi$, $K\pi\pi\pi$, $KKKK$, $\pi\pi\pi\pi$ differential cross-section from Belle II data
- Differential cross-section
 - $w > 2.7$: Implement the angular distribution based on previous measurement
 - $w < 2.7$: (a). Implement the angular distribution based on theory model, tuning to data-shape
(b). PWA in Belle II data

No idea of how to model vector production events
Generator group ?