

News from LHCb

Mikhail Mikhasenko

Ruhr University Bochum 23.09.2024

Greetings from FSP-LHCb meeting

Jahrestreffen der deutschen LHCb-Gruppen (Theorie und Experiment)

23–24 Sept 2024
Campus of Ruhr University Bochum
Europe/Zurich timezone



Overview

Practical Information

Accommodation

Timetable

Social Program

Contribution List

My Conference

My Contributions

Registration

Participant List

Timetable

< Mon 23/09 Tue 24/09 All days >

Print

PDF

Full screen

Detailed view

Filter

12:00	Arrival HZO 70, Campus of Ruhr University Bochum	12:00 - 12:15
	Lunch RUB Mensa	12:15 - 13:00
13:00	Welcome HZO 70, Campus of Ruhr University Bochum	13:00 - 13:20
	Introduction to the LHCb groups HZO 70, Campus of Ruhr University Bochum	13:20 - 13:50
14:00	Invited talk: ErUM- Exploration of Universe and Matter HZO 70, Campus of Ruhr University Bochum	13:50 - 14:20

Experiment



LHCb@CERN: heavy flavor quarks factory

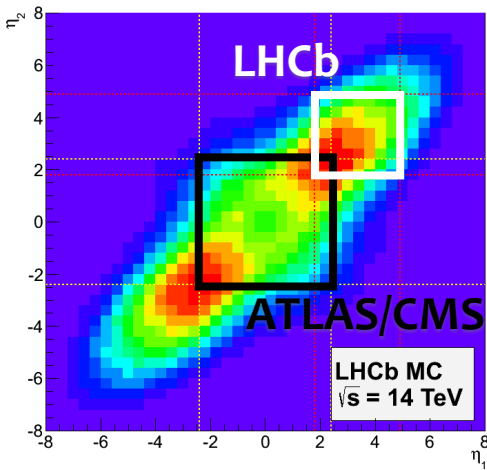
One of four large experiments at LHC

LHCb has the largest production cross-sections of *b*- and *c*-hadrons ever

$$\sigma(bb) \approx 600 \mu\text{b} @ 14\text{TeV}$$

$$\sigma(cc) \approx 20 \times \sigma(bb) \text{ in } pp \text{ collisions}$$

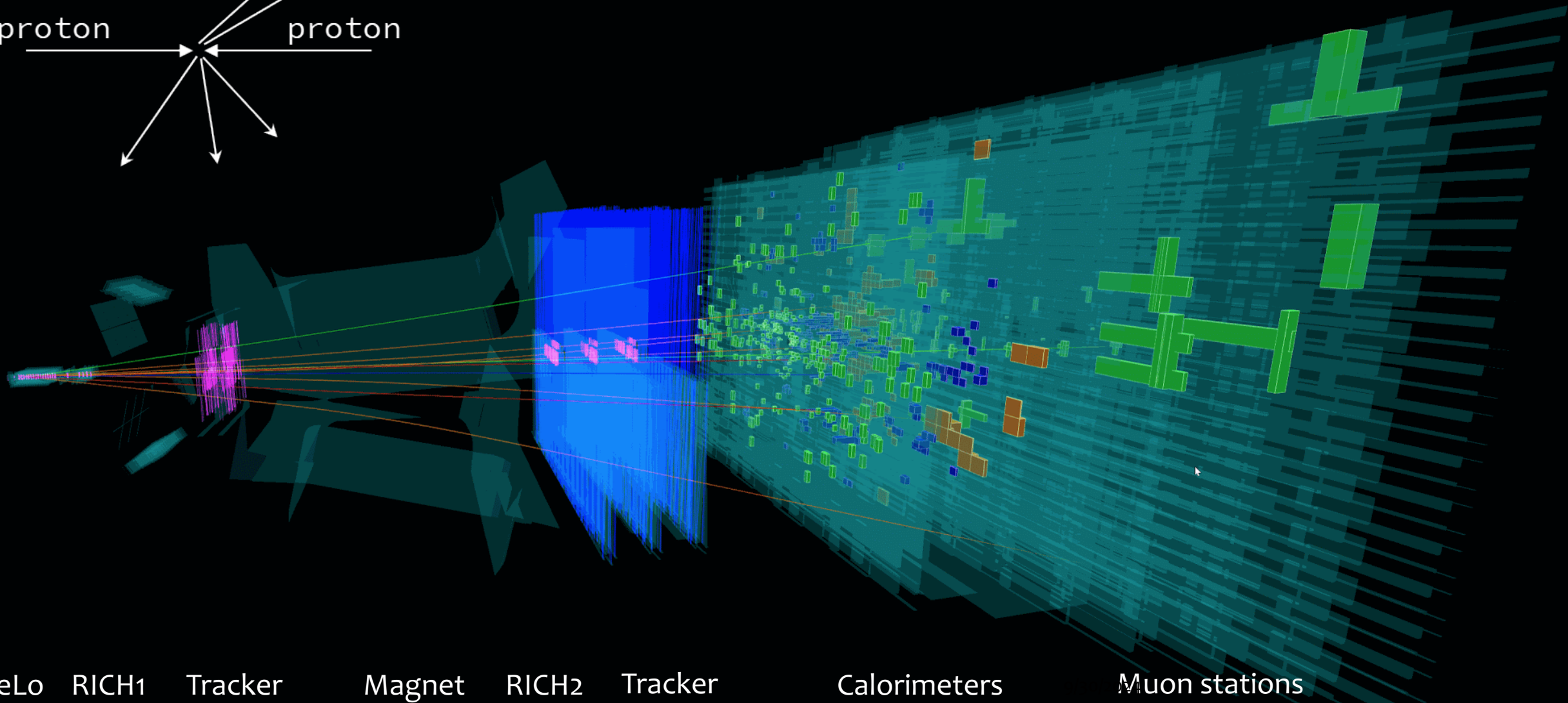
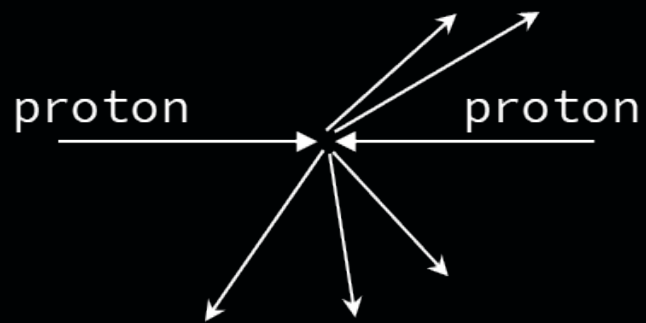
High track multiplicity



b-quark product cross-section

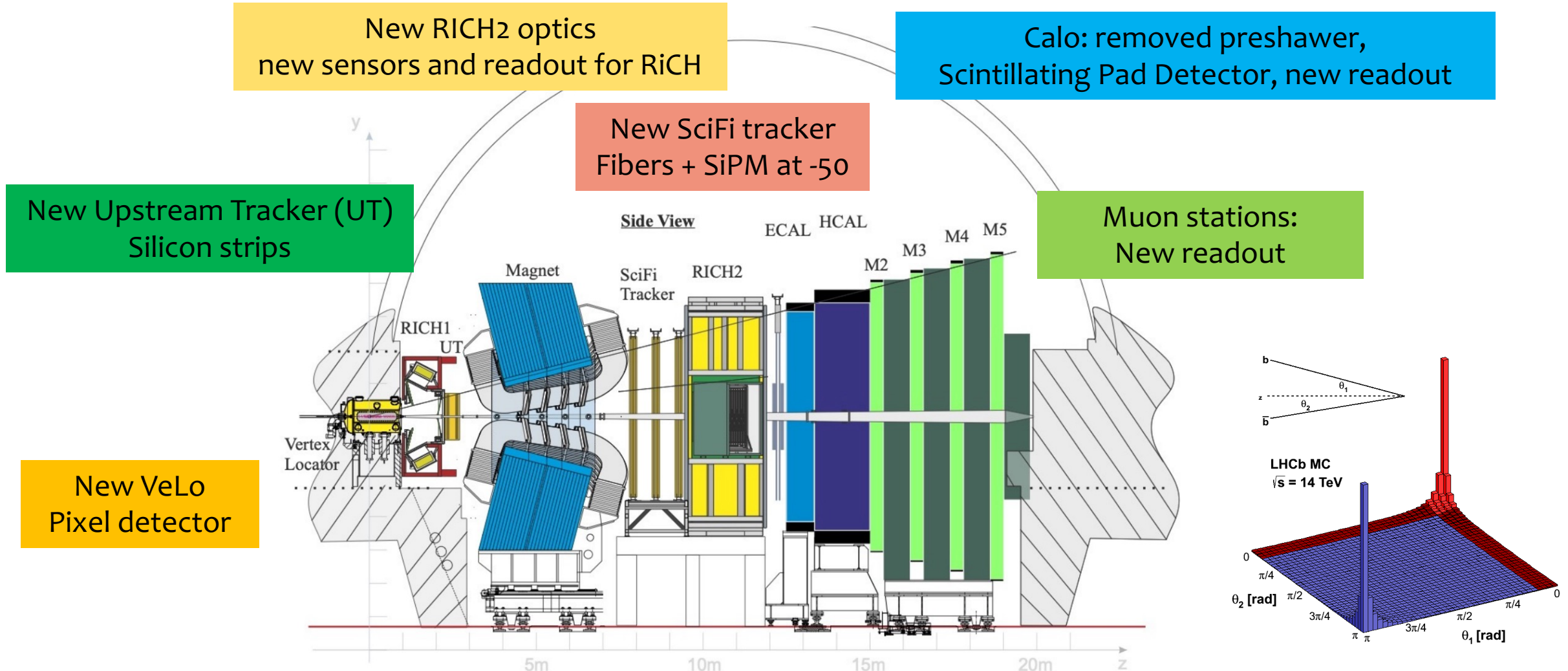


The LHCb experiment

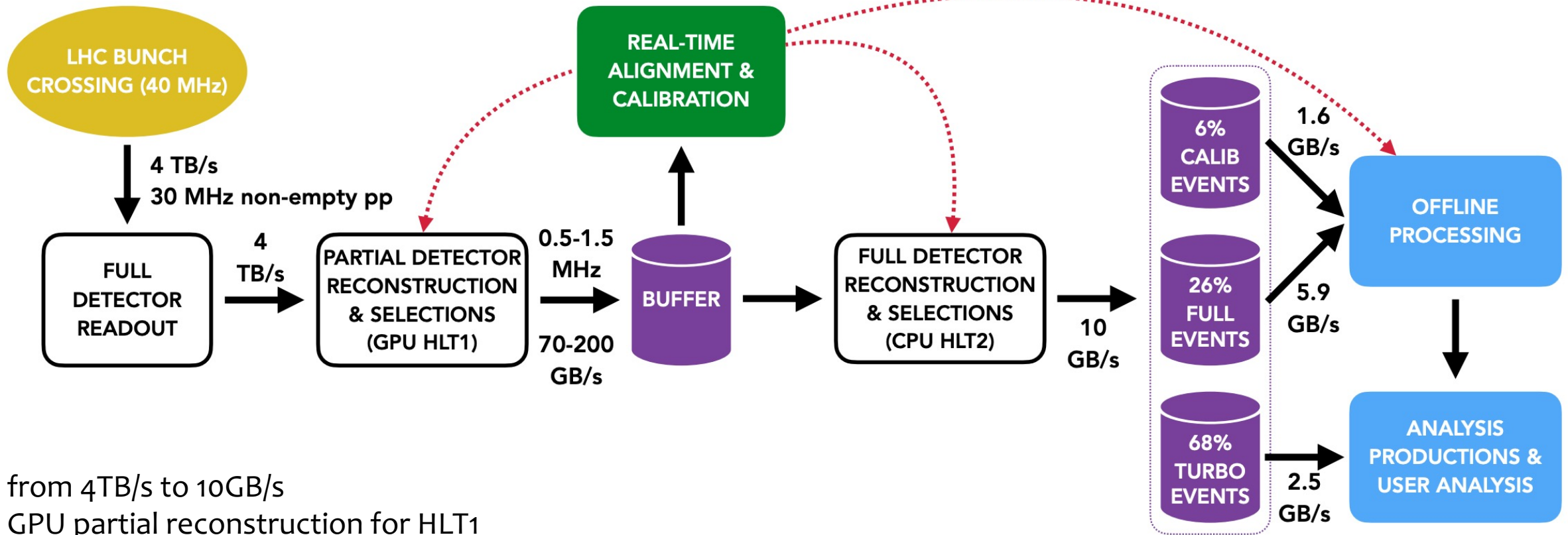


Upgraded detector

Software only trigger



Trigger



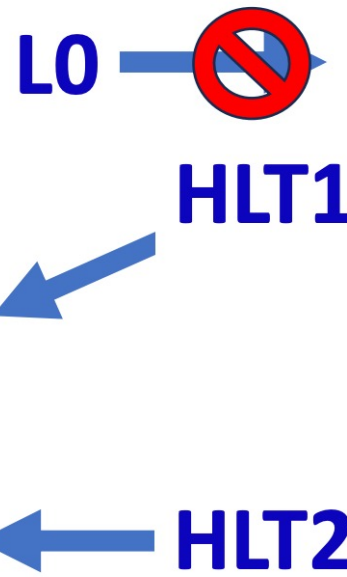
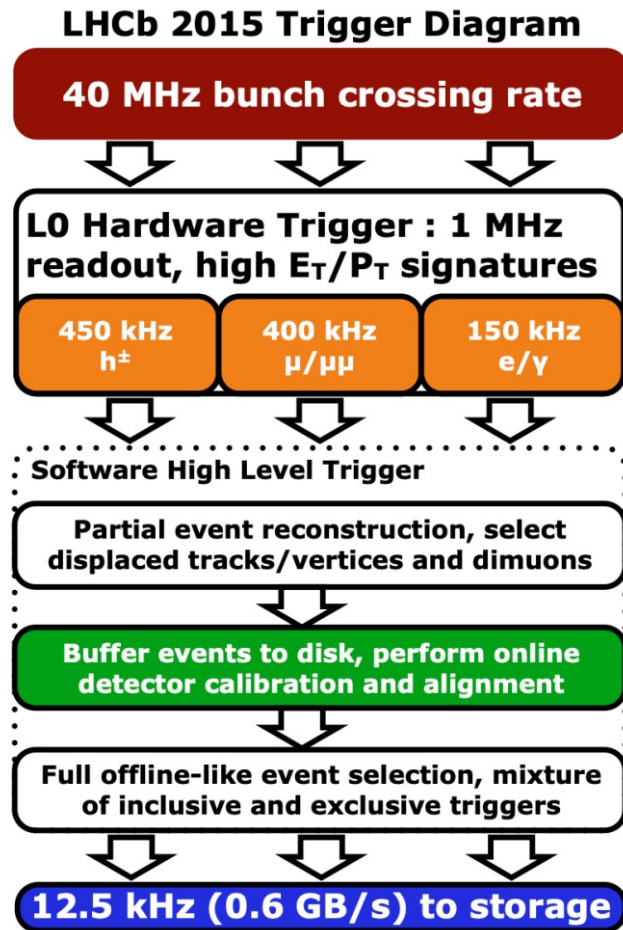
from 4TB/s to 10GB/s

GPU partial reconstruction for HLT1

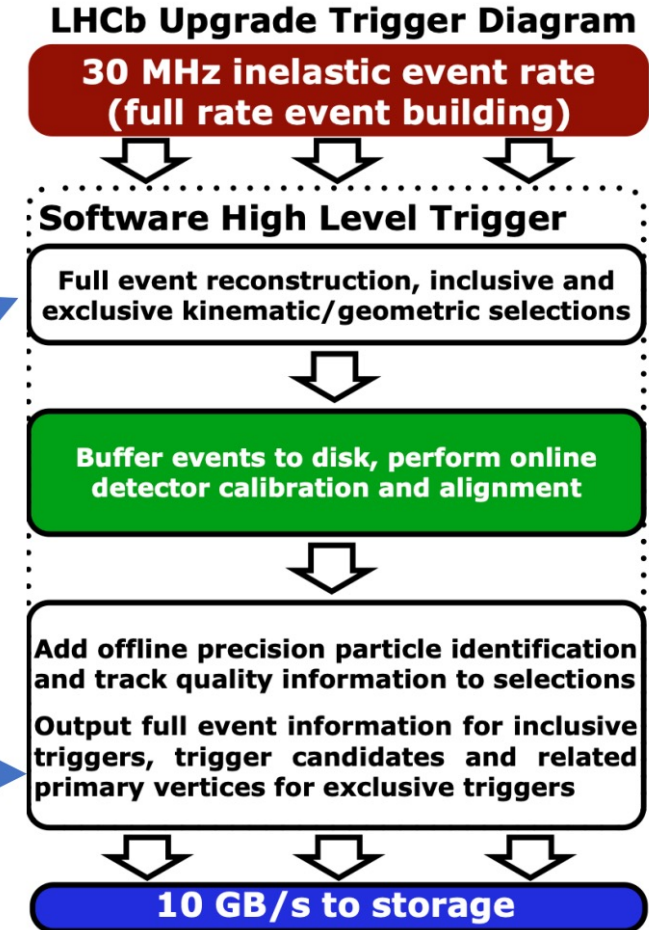
CPU full reconstruction for HLT2

No level zero hardware trigger anymore

Run2 (2014-2018)



Run3 (2022-2026)



Start of the Run-III

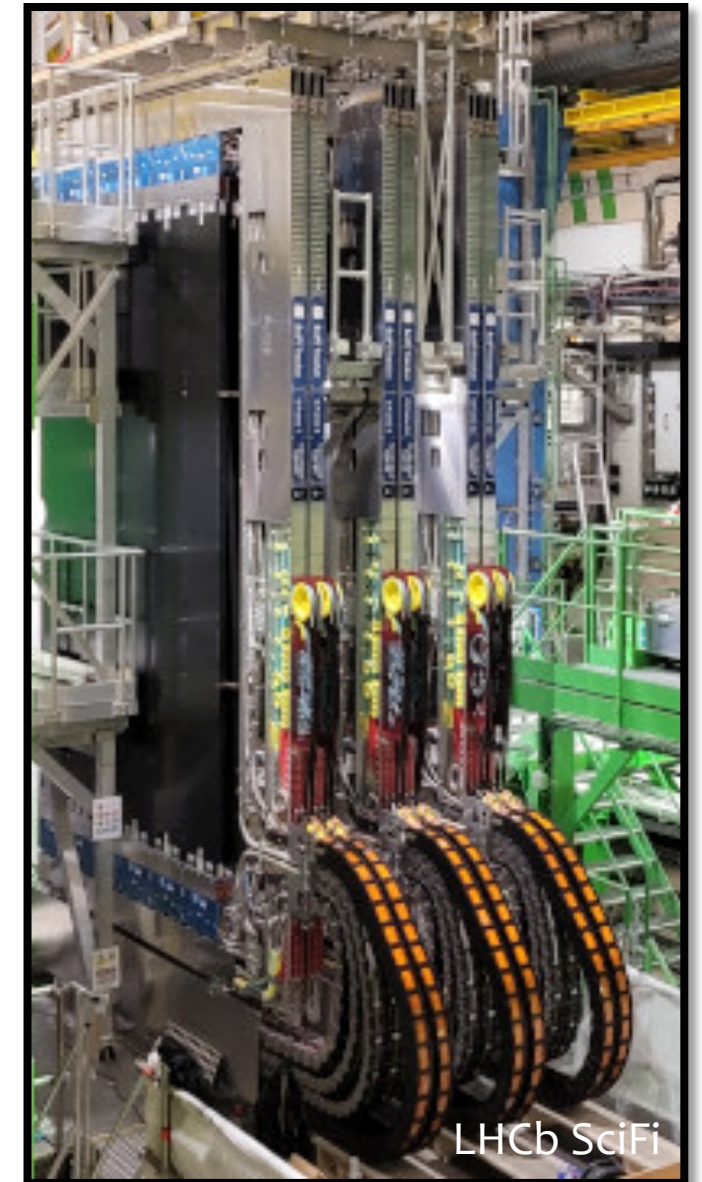
[[LHCb Upgrade](#)]

Vertex detector is successfully reinstalled
LHC recover

Schedule:

- 6 March: cavern closed
- 11 March: first circulating beam
- 3 April: first stable beams
- 12-25 April: intensity ramp up
- 25 April: start luminosity production

Goal: **120 days** (2024) + 140 days (2025)
+ 140 days (2026)



Data taking at LHCb

Run 1: (2011-2012):

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ @ } 7 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 2 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ @ } 8 \text{ TeV}$$

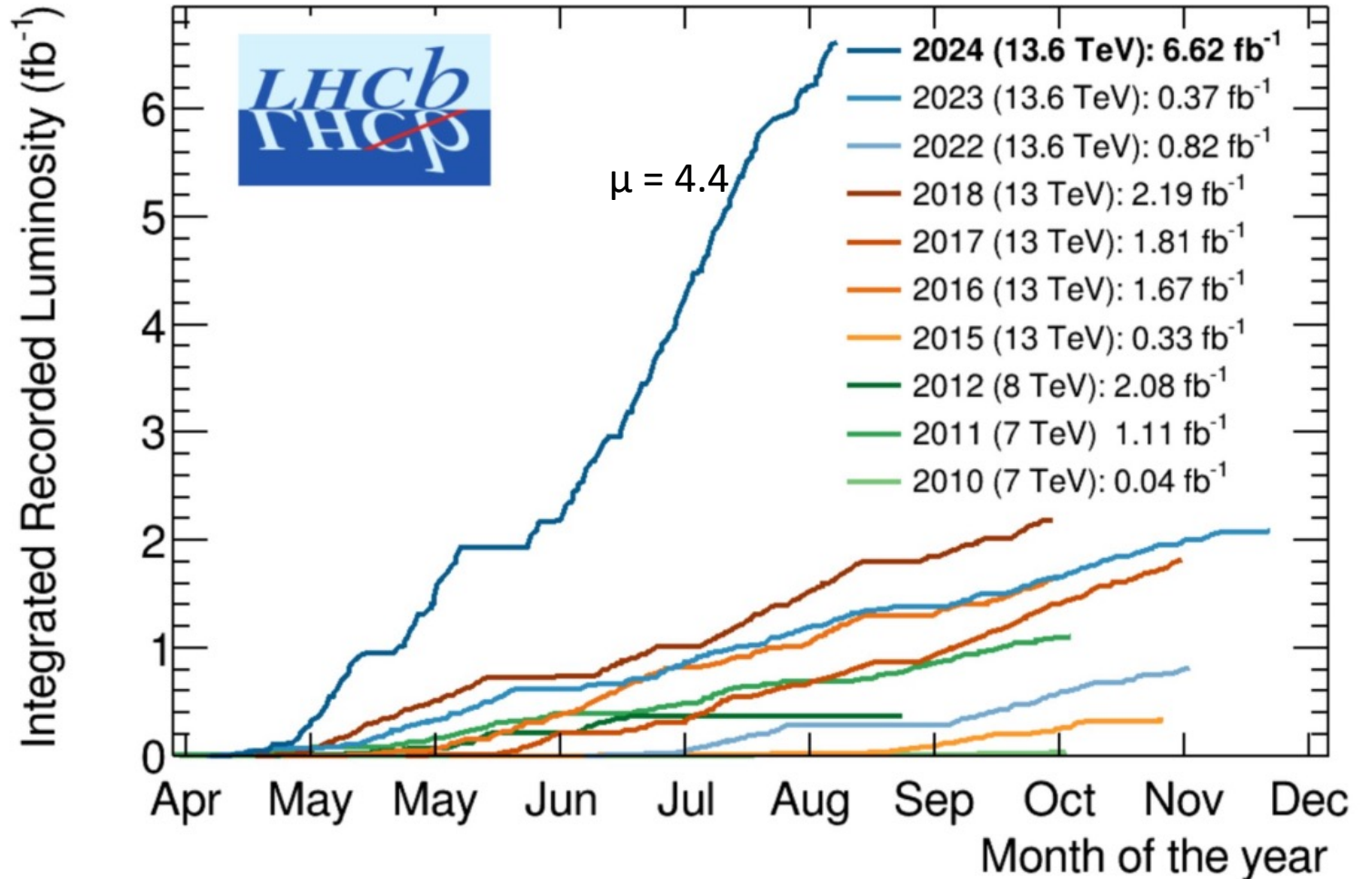
Run 2: (2015-2018):

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 6 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ @ } 13 \text{ TeV}$$

Run 3: (2022-2026):

rapidly growing @ 13.6 TeV
nominal $\mu = 5.5$

**Target of 7 fb^{-1} is archived in
September**



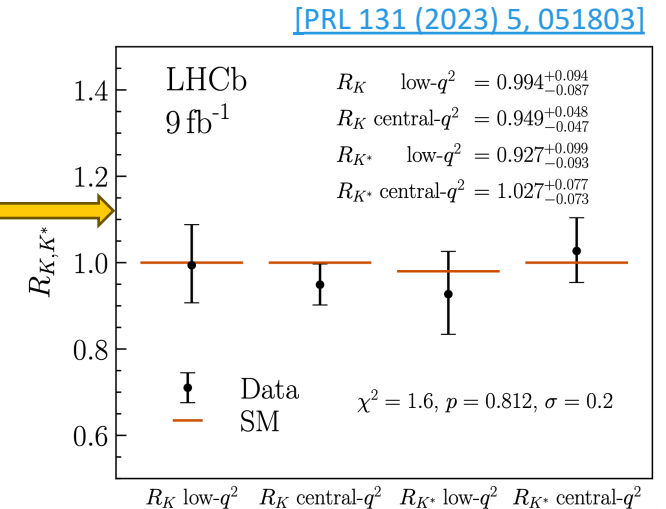
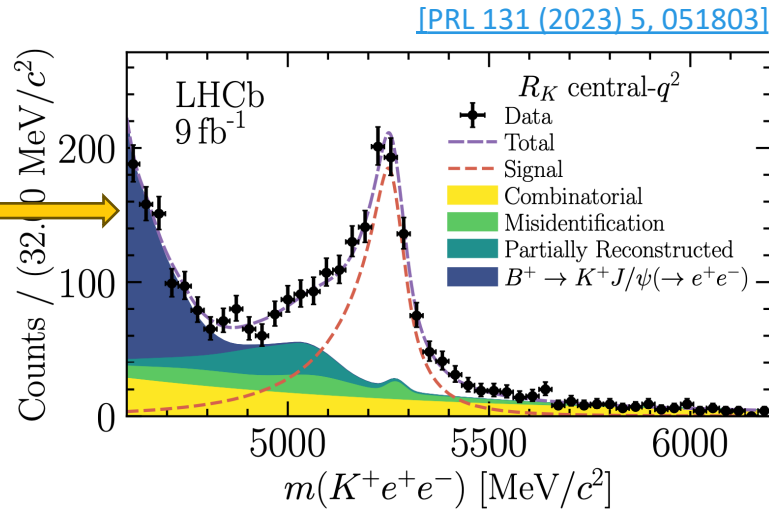
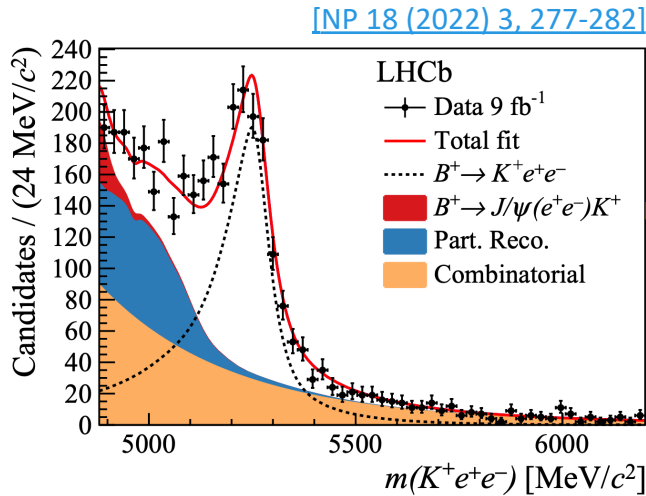
Physics



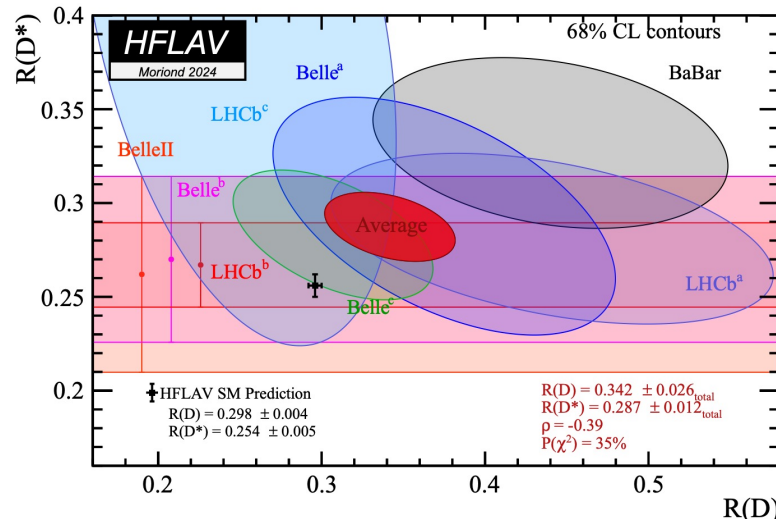
CP violation | Rare decays | Electroweak | Heavy ions & fixed target | Dark sector | **Hadron physics**

Lepton Flavor Universality

$R_{K^{(*)}}$
Evaporates
18 Dec 2022



$R_{D^{(*)}}$
holds



[several papers by Belle]
[\[LHCb, PRL \(2023\) 111802\]](#)
[\[LHCb, hep-ex: 2406.03387\]](#)

Possible configurations of hadrons

Conventional Quark Model: $(q\bar{q}, qqq)$

Bigger Quark Model $(q\bar{q}q\bar{q}, qqqq\bar{q}, \dots)$

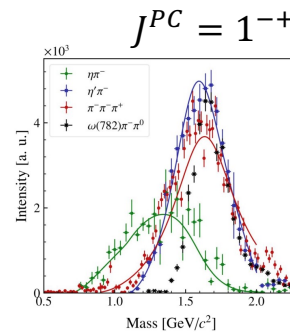
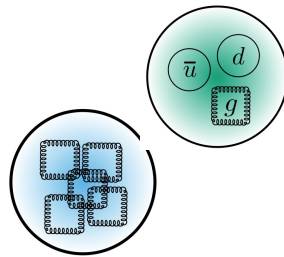
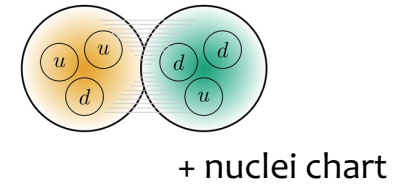
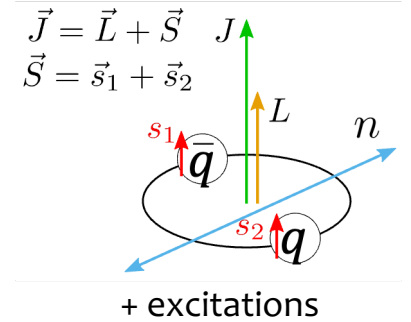
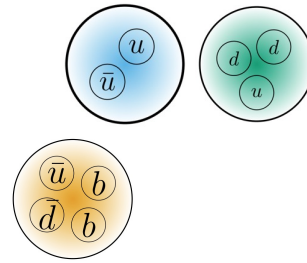
Conventional Hadronic Molecules = Nuclei: $(qqq)(qqq)$

Heavy-Flavor Hadronic Molecules: $(Qqq)(Qqq), (Q\bar{q})(Qqq), \dots$

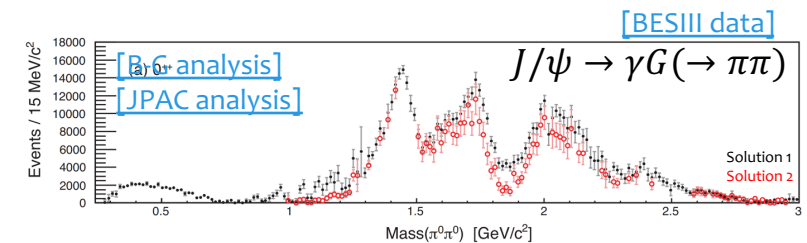
Admixed Molecules: $q\bar{q} \rightarrow (q\bar{q})(q\bar{q})$

Hybrids: $q\sim g\sim\bar{q}$

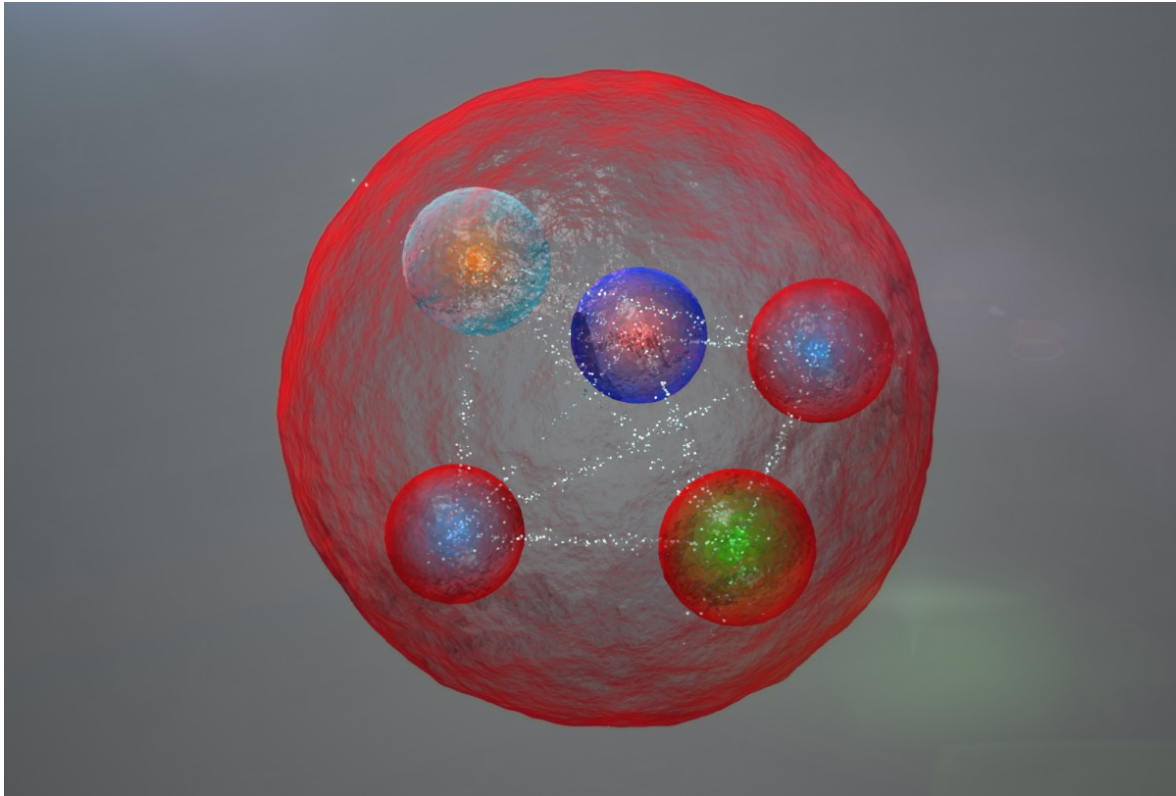
Glueballs: $g\sim g$



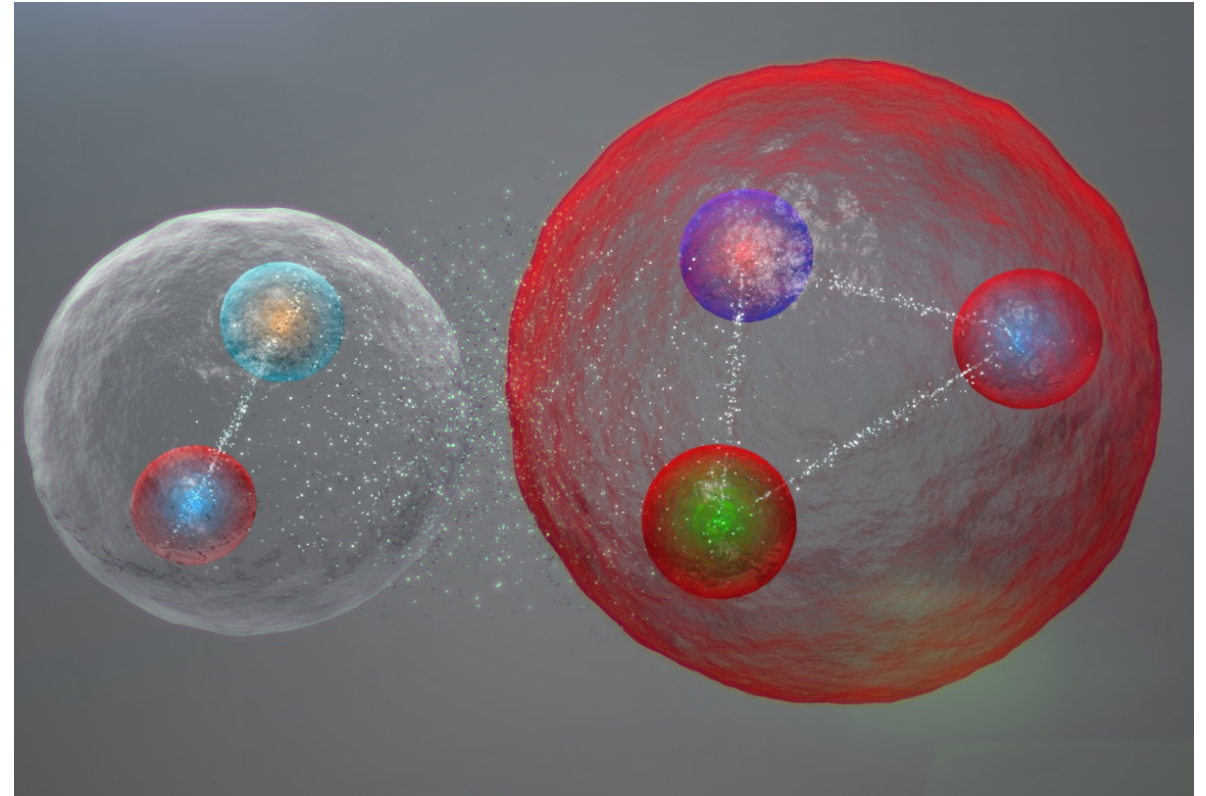
[P. Haas, HADRON2023]
[D. Spülbeck, B3 / 194]



“Compact pentaquark”



“Hadronic molecule”

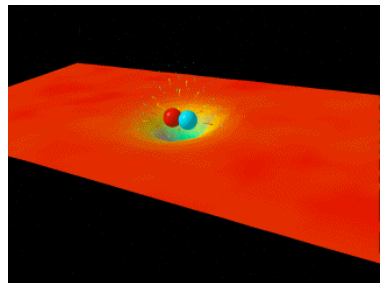
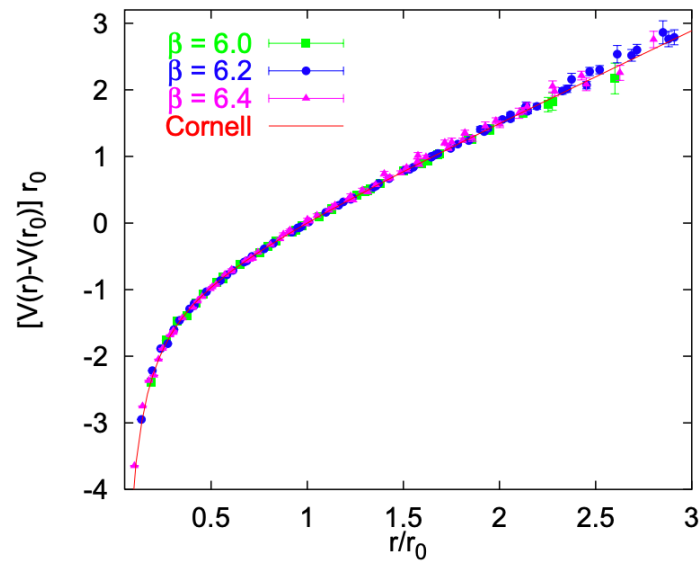


In fact, **quark-model states** are coupled to **continuum (hadron-hadron)**, and have ~100% of wave function as a molecule if near threshold.

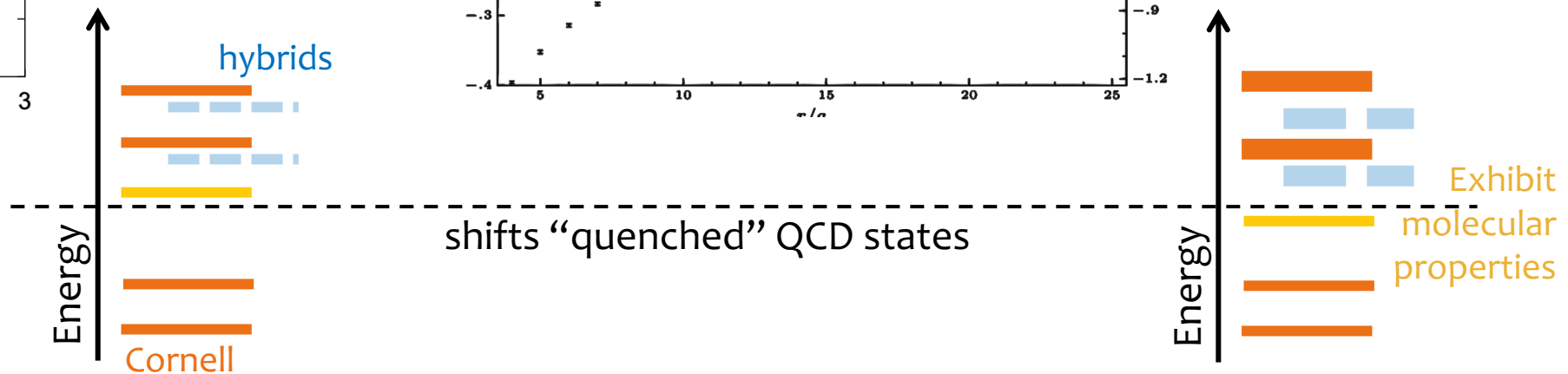
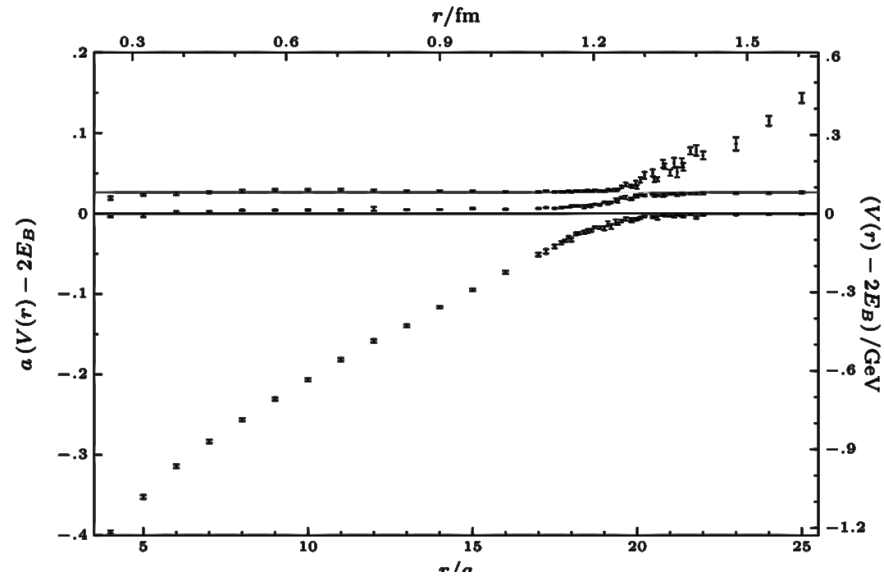
Q: does meson-exchange interaction provide sufficient binding? (molecules in absence of compact QM seed)

Effect of string breaking

The quenched potential (no breaking)



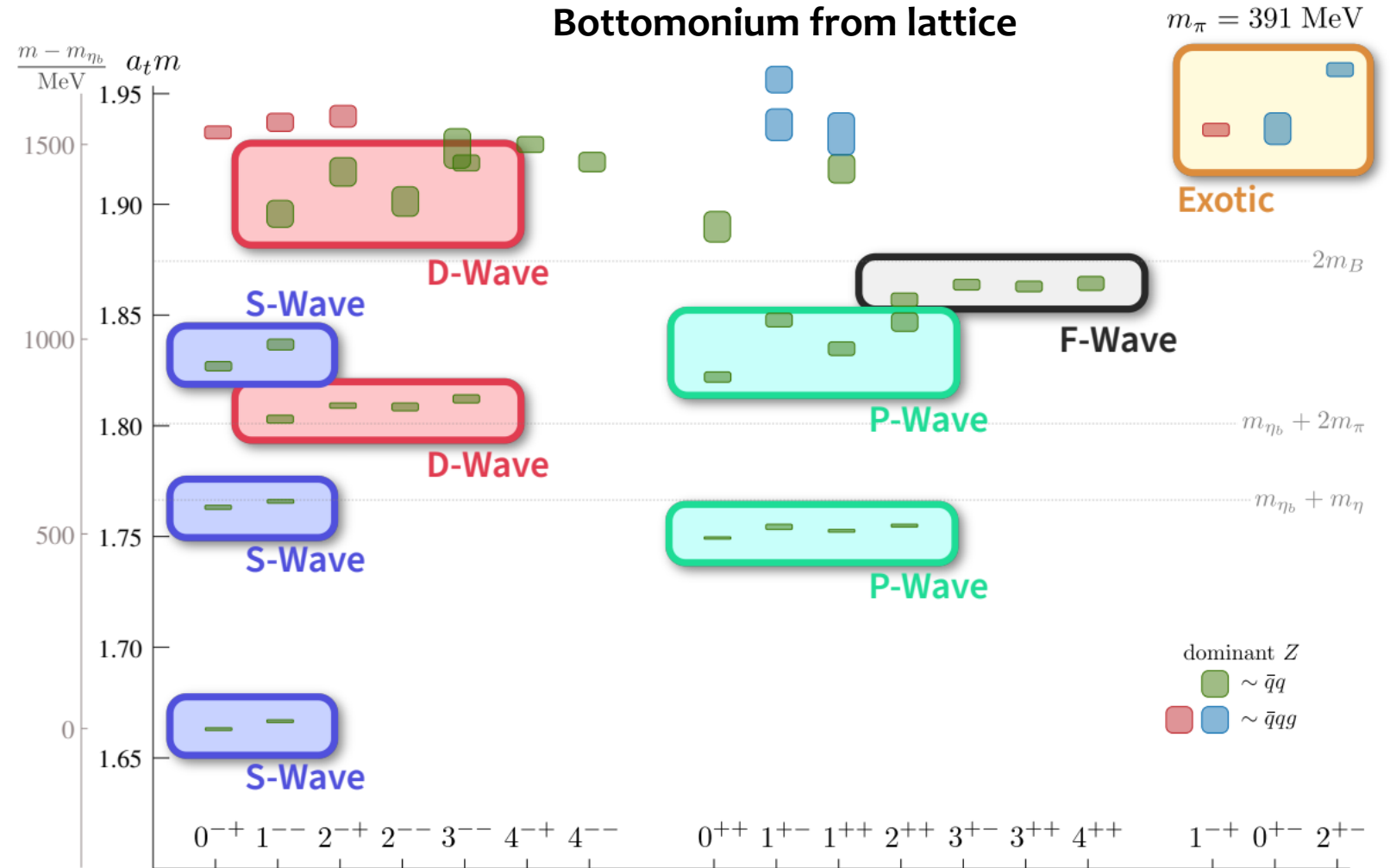
The unquenched potential (breaking)



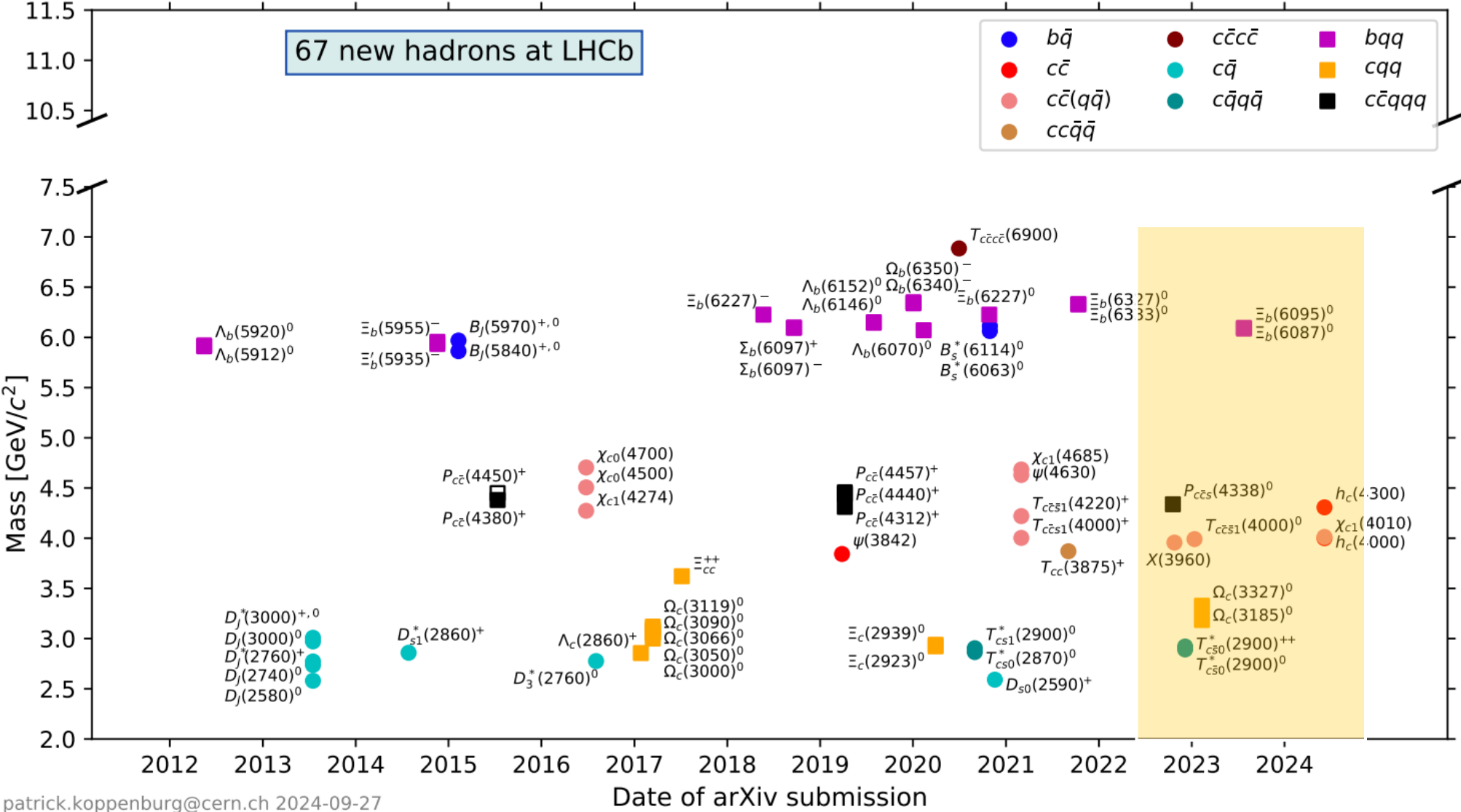
Pattern of meson excitation

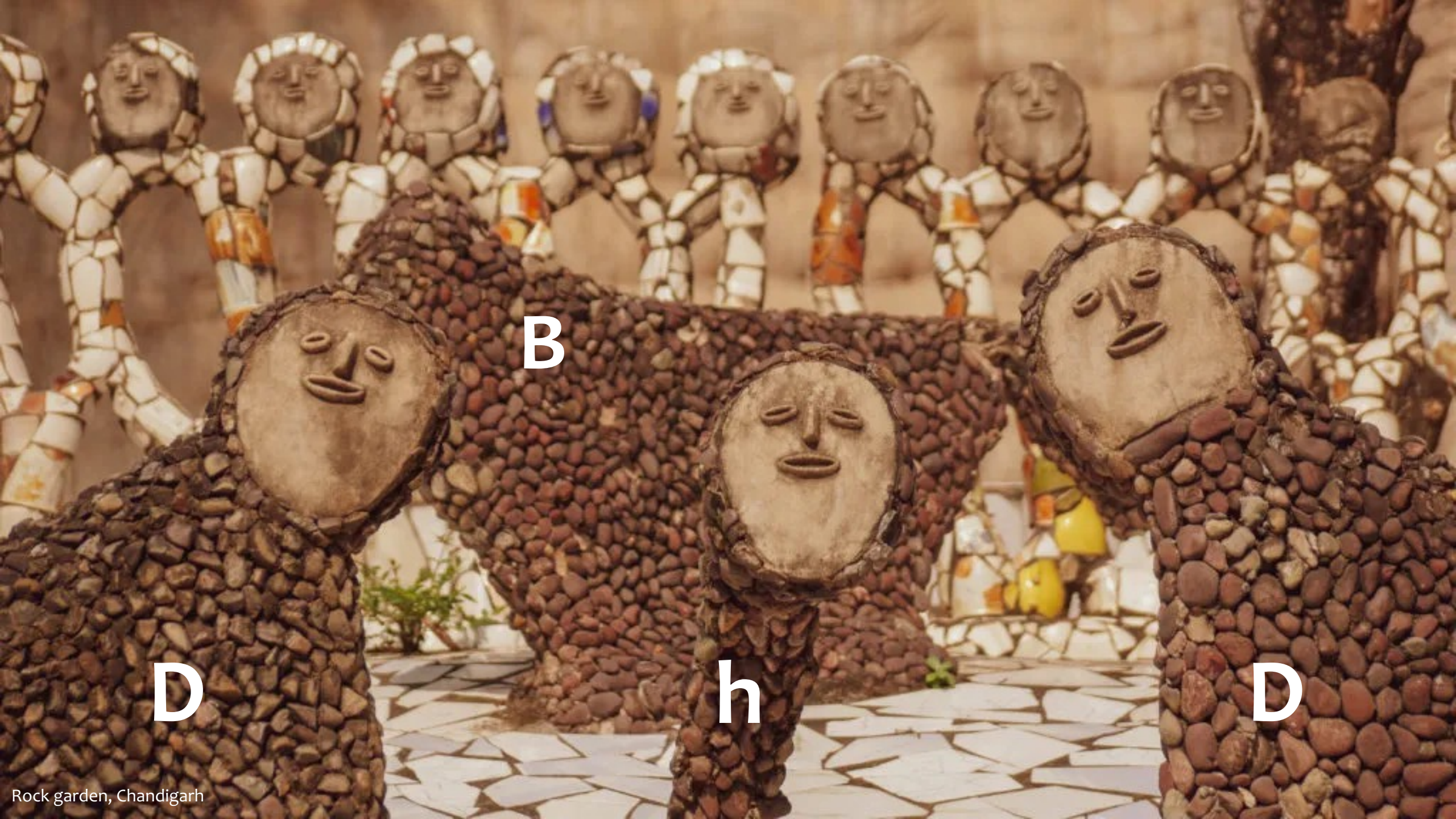
Same patten for all mesons:

- Radial excitation
- Orbital excitation
- Hyper-fine splitting within every multiplet
 - 2 line for S-wave,
 - 4lines for L>0



New particles





B

D

h

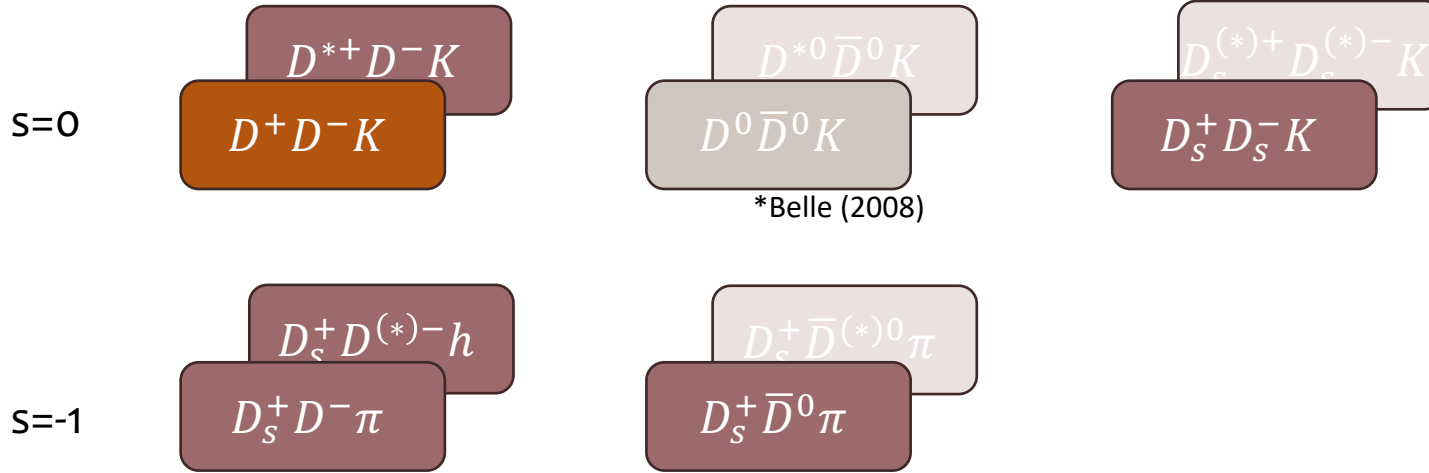
D

B → D D h studies

is a K^\pm or π^\pm

← Isospin →

← SU(3) →



$$T_{c\bar{s}} : T_{c\bar{s}}^0(c\bar{s}d\bar{u}), T_{c\bar{s}}^+(c\bar{s}d\bar{d}), T_{c\bar{s}}^{++}(c\bar{s}u\bar{d})$$

$$T_{cs} : T_{cs}^-(cs\bar{u}\bar{u}), T_{cs}^0(cs\bar{u}\bar{d}), T_{cs}^+(cs\bar{d}\bar{d}) \quad (\text{unknow isospin})$$

1 Studies of charmonium:

$$D^+D^- : D^0\bar{D}^0 : D_s^+D_s^-$$

2. excited D states:

$$D^+\pi^- : D_s^+K^-$$

3. exotic $T_{c\bar{s}}$ states:

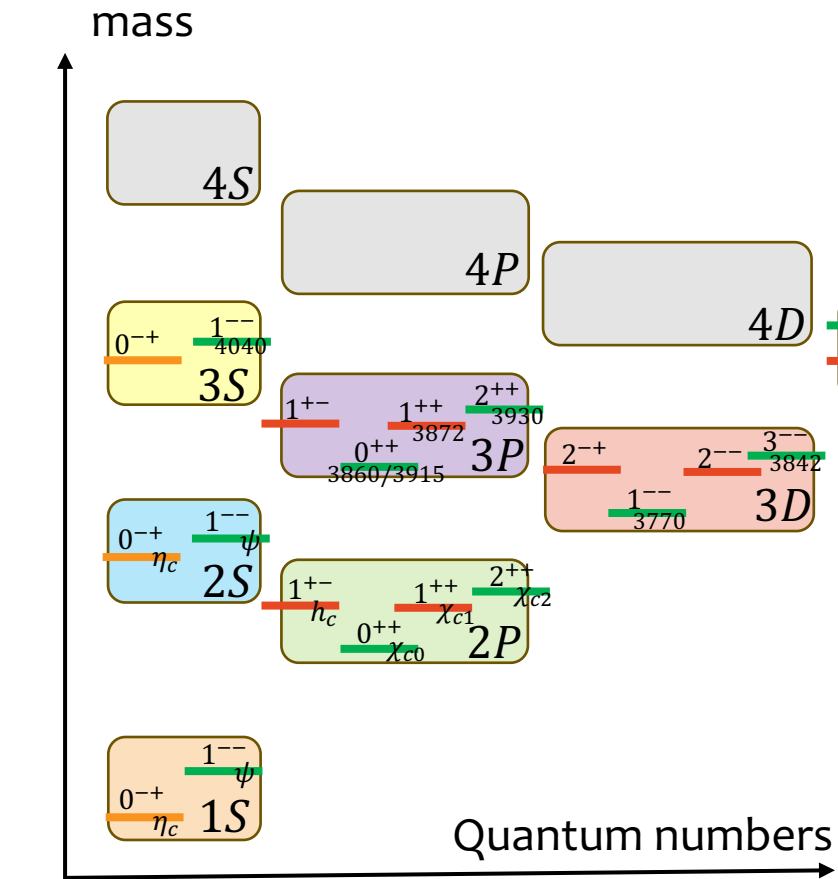
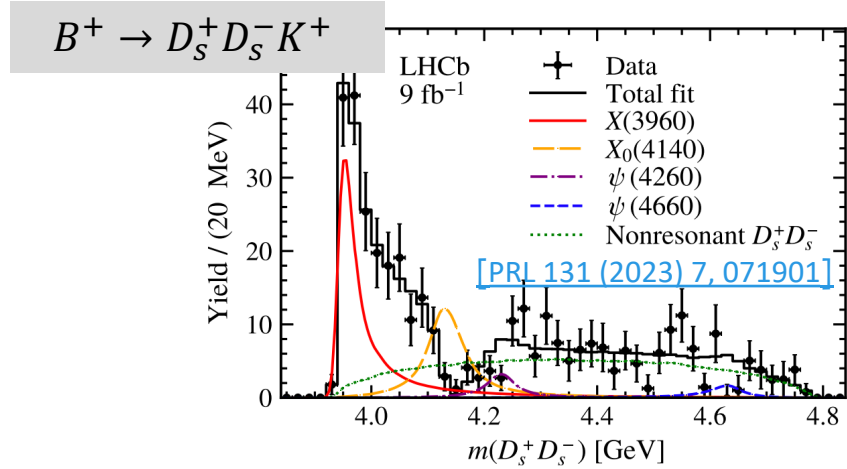
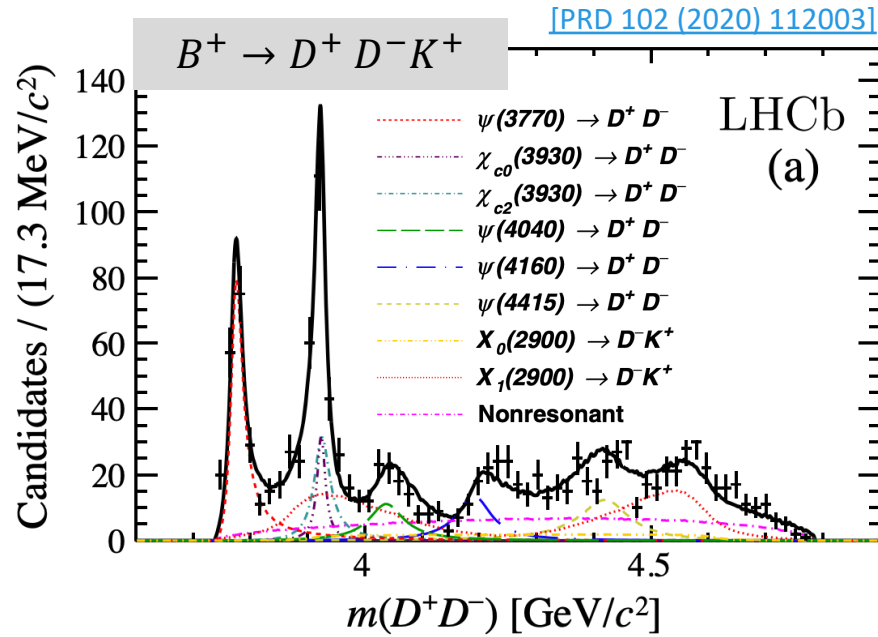
(like D_s^+ but double charged / neutral)

$$D^+K^+ : D_s^+\pi^+$$

4. exotic T_{cs} states:

$$D^+K^-$$

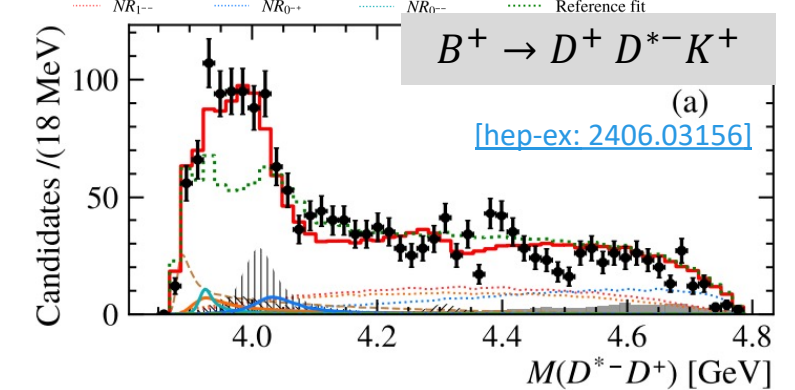
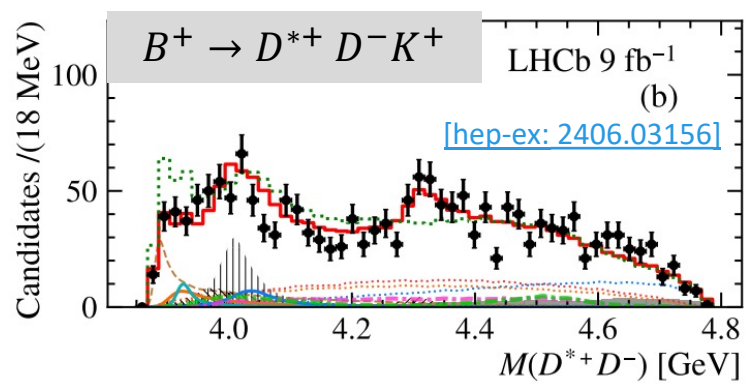
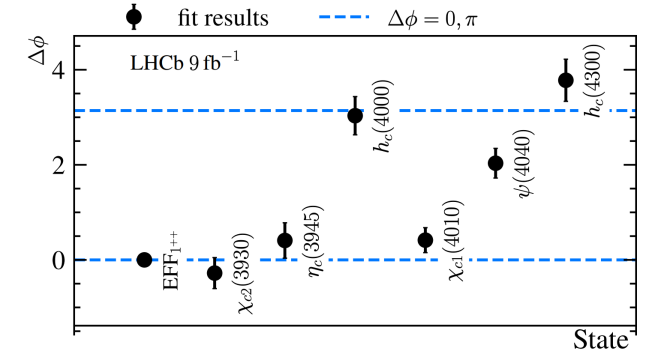
Charmonium



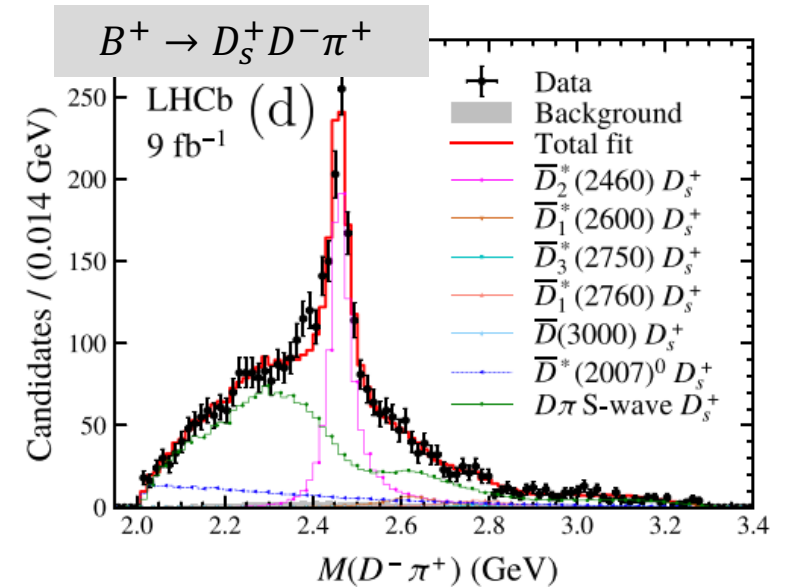
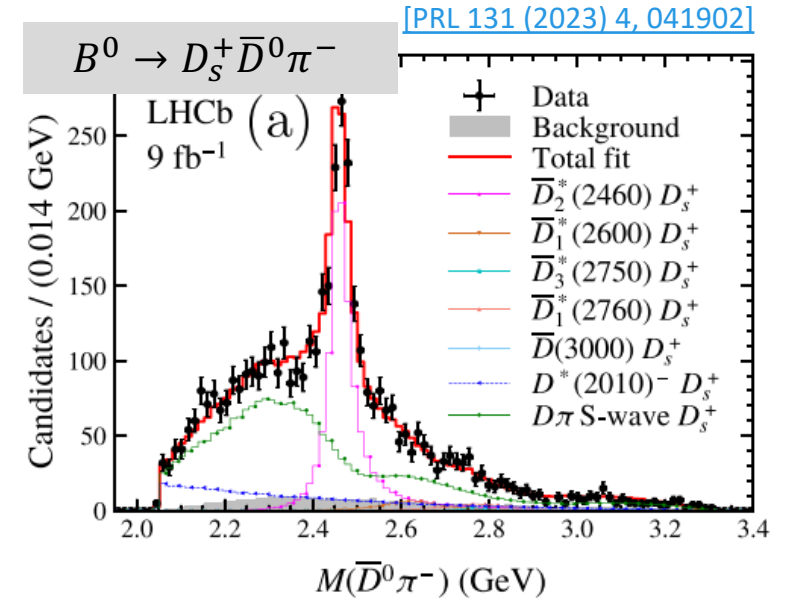
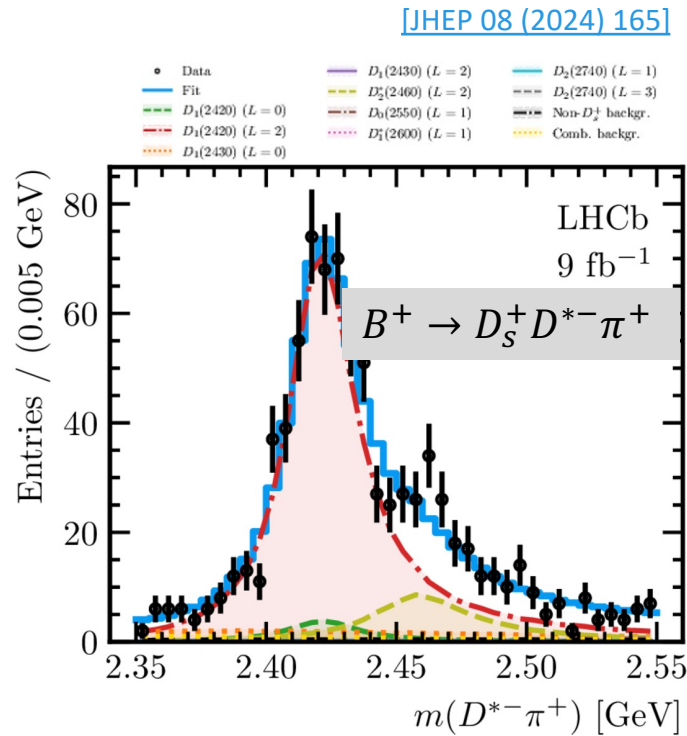
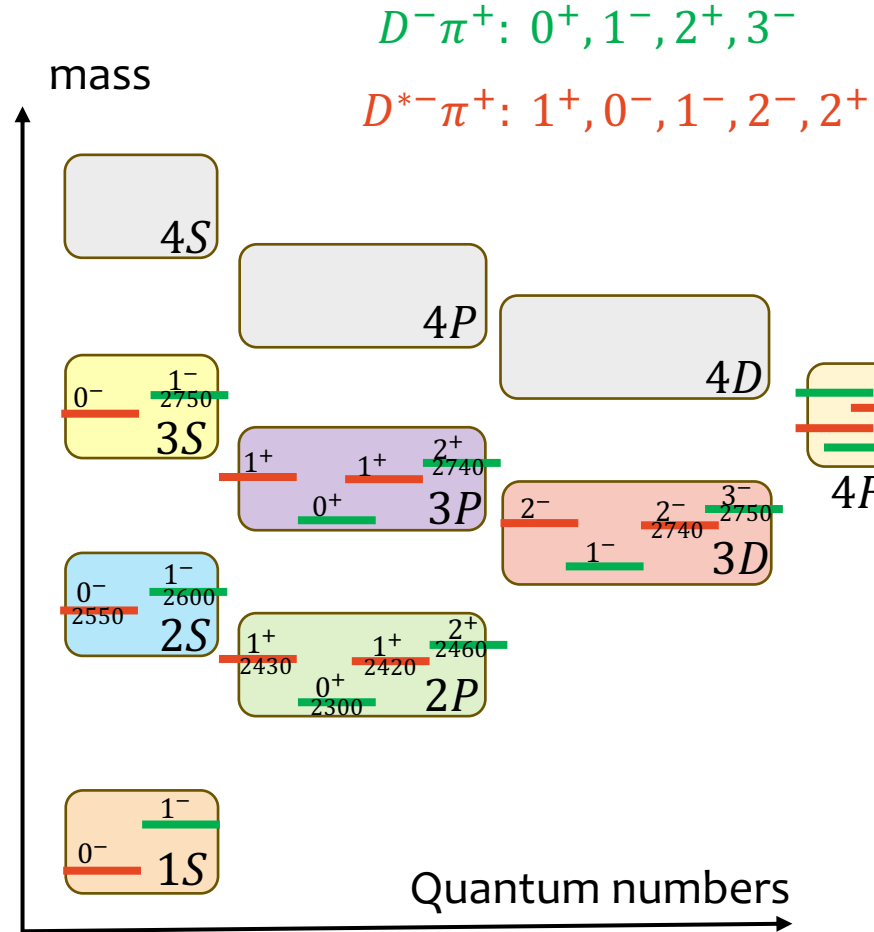
$D^+ D^-: 0^{++}, 1^{--}, 2^{++}, 3^{--}$

$D^{*+} D^-: 1^{+x}, 0^{-x}, 1^{-x}, 2^{-x}, 2^{+x}$

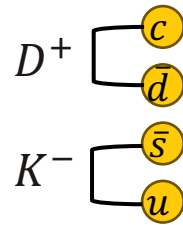
$$|D^* \bar{D}\rangle = \frac{D^{*+} D^- + e^{i\Delta\phi} D^{*-} D^+}{2}$$



D-meson spectroscopy

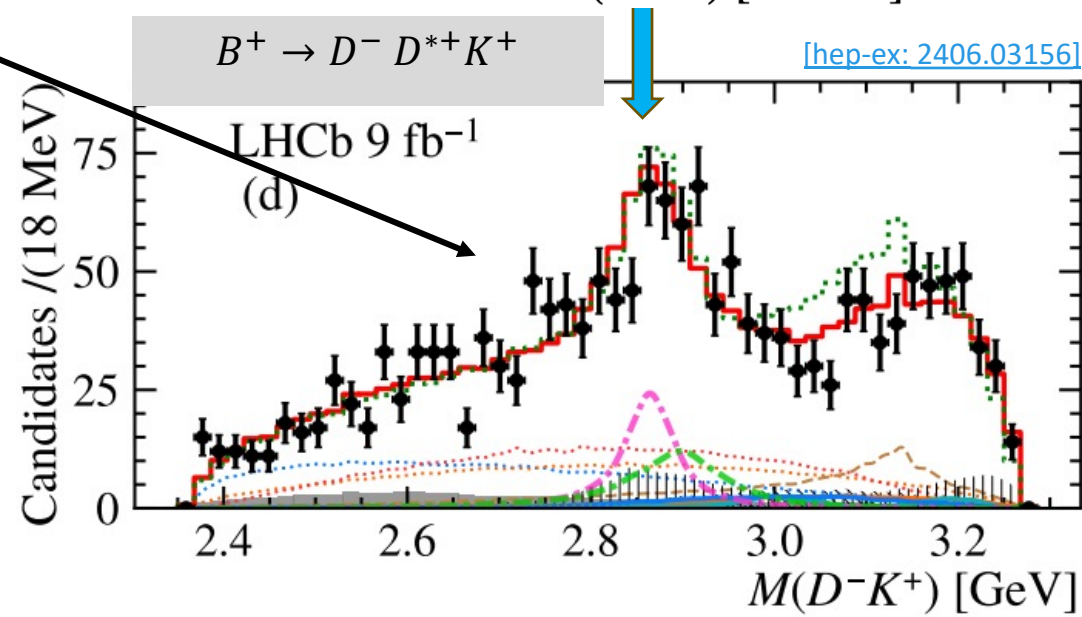
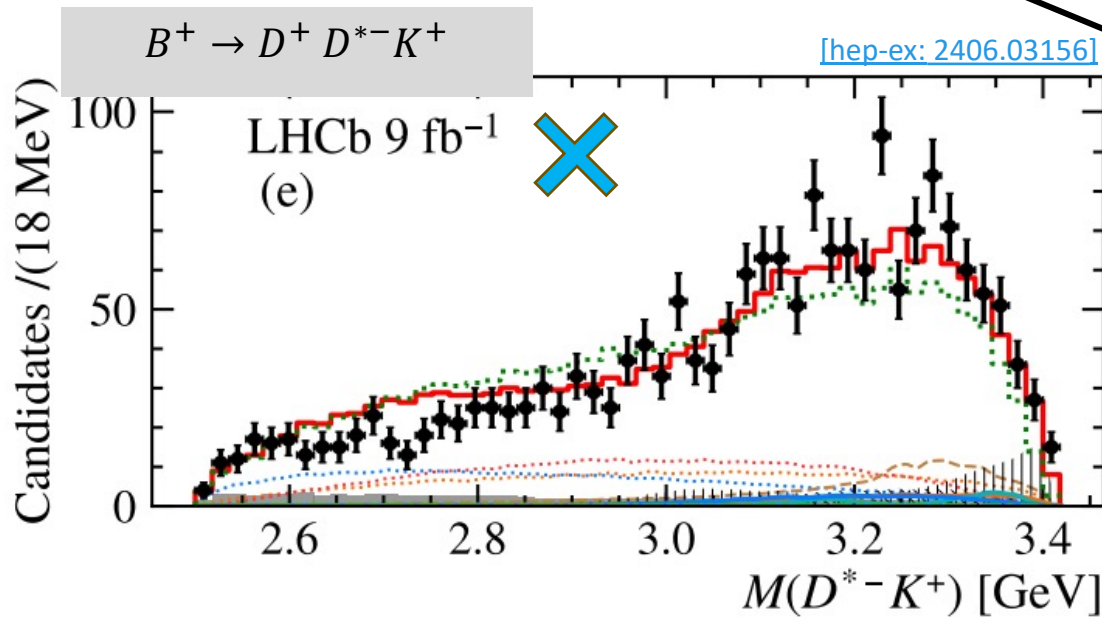
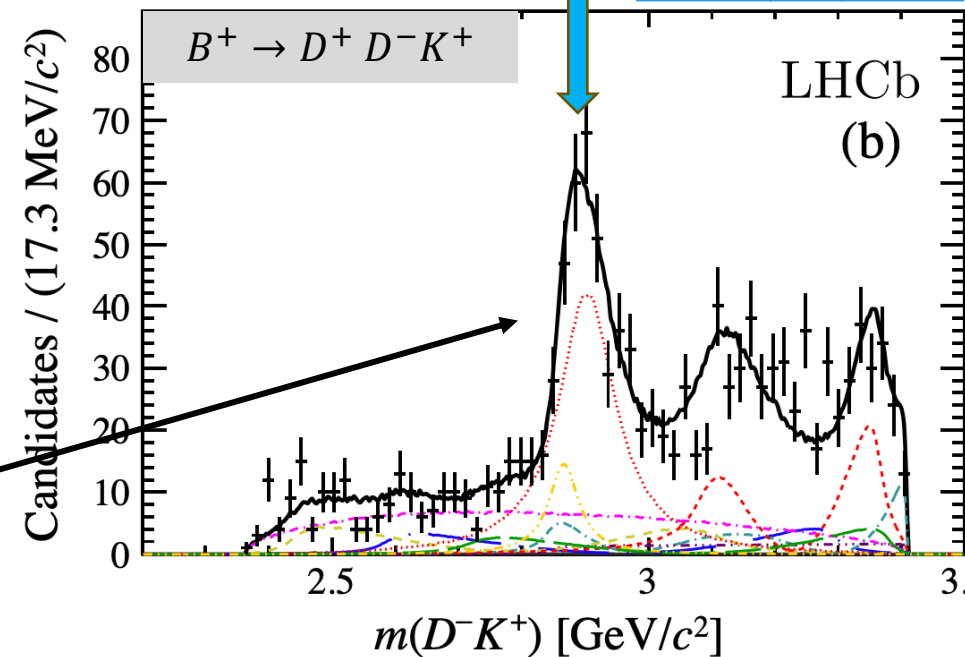


Exotic T_{cS} states



Property	This work	Previous work
$T_{c\bar{s}0}^*(2870)^0$ mass [MeV]	$2914 \pm 11 \pm 15$	2866 ± 7
$T_{c\bar{s}0}^*(2870)^0$ width [MeV]	$128 \pm 22 \pm 23$	57 ± 13
$T_{c\bar{s}1}^*(2900)^0$ mass [MeV]	$2887 \pm 8 \pm 6$	2904 ± 5
$T_{c\bar{s}1}^*(2900)^0$ width [MeV]	$92 \pm 16 \pm 16$	110 ± 12

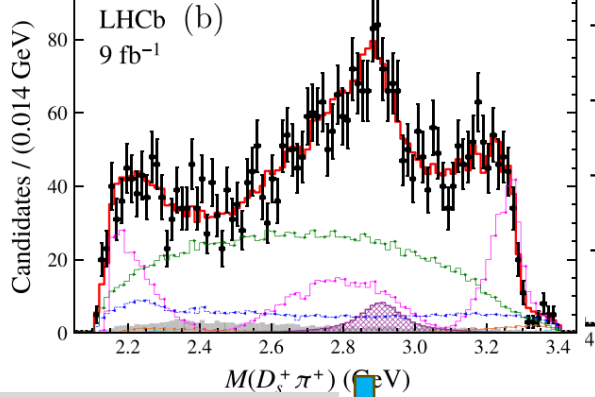
[PRD 102 \(2020\) 1120031](#)



Exotic $T_{c\bar{s}}$ states

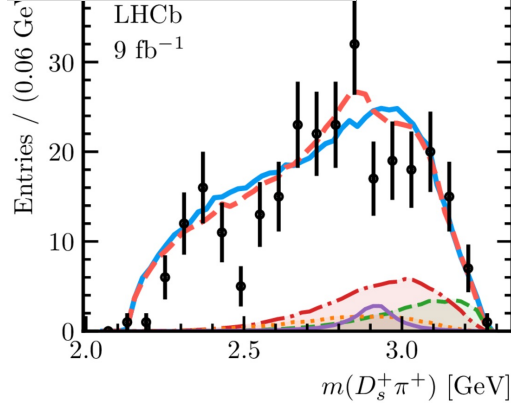
[PRL 131 (2023) 4, 041902]

$$B^+ \rightarrow D_s^+ D^- \pi^+$$

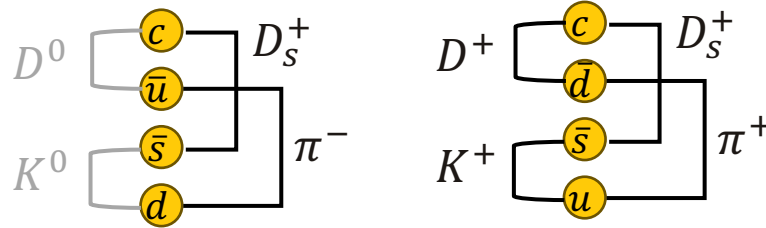
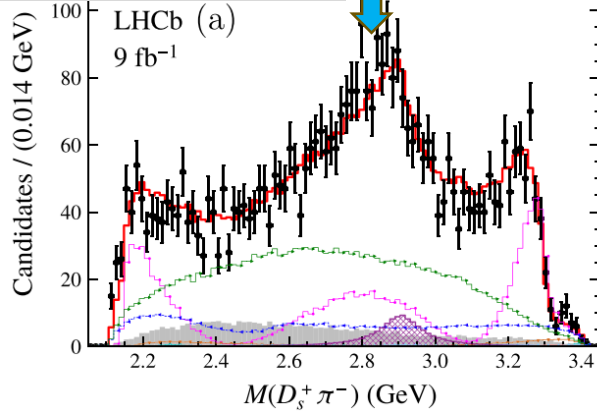


[JHEP 08 (2024) 165]

$$B^+ \rightarrow D_s^+ D^{*-} \pi^+$$

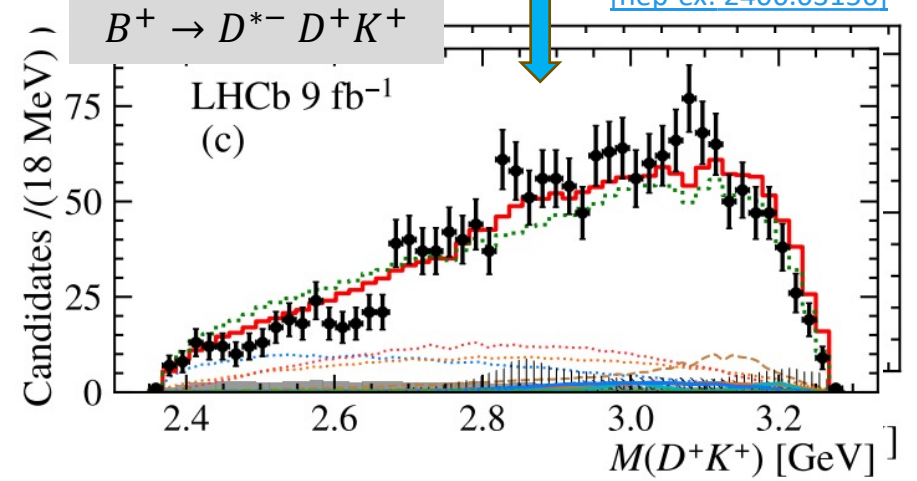


$$B^0 \rightarrow D_s^+ \bar{D}^0 \pi^-$$



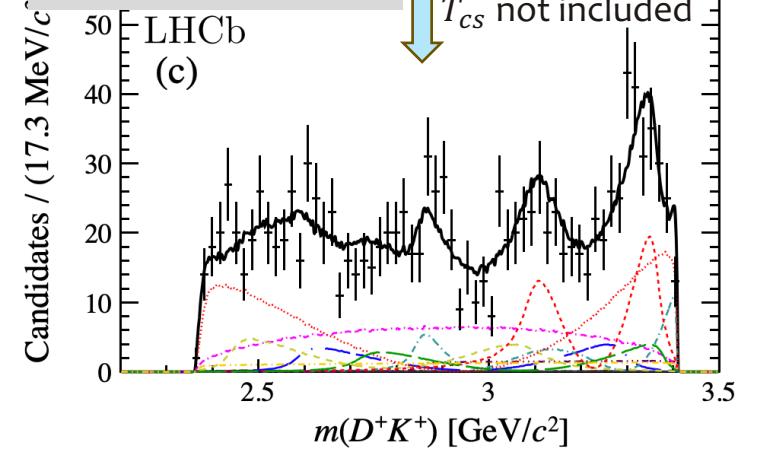
$$T_{c\bar{s}} : T_{c\bar{s}}^0(c\bar{s}d\bar{u}), T_{c\bar{s}}^+(c\bar{s}d\bar{d}), T_{c\bar{s}}^{++}(c\bar{s}u\bar{d})$$

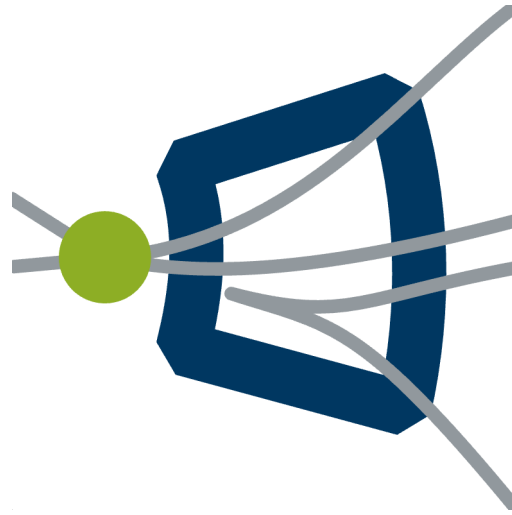
[hep-ex: 2406.03156]



[PRD 102 (2020) 112003]

$$B^+ \rightarrow D^+ D^- K^+$$





J/ψ φ states

Reminder: $J/\psi \varphi$ states

Rich spectrum of previous-unseen states

$\chi_{c1}(4140)$
 $\chi_{c1}(4274)$
 $\chi_{c0}(4500)$
 $\chi_{c0}(4700)$

(2017)
 four
 babies
 $0^+ & 1^+$

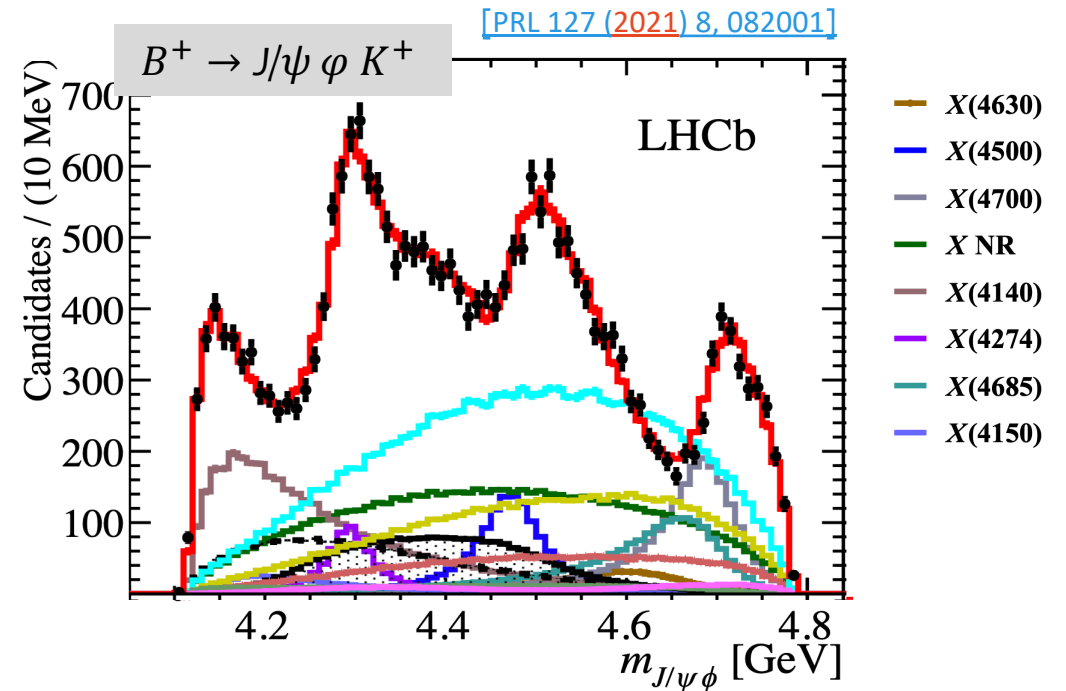
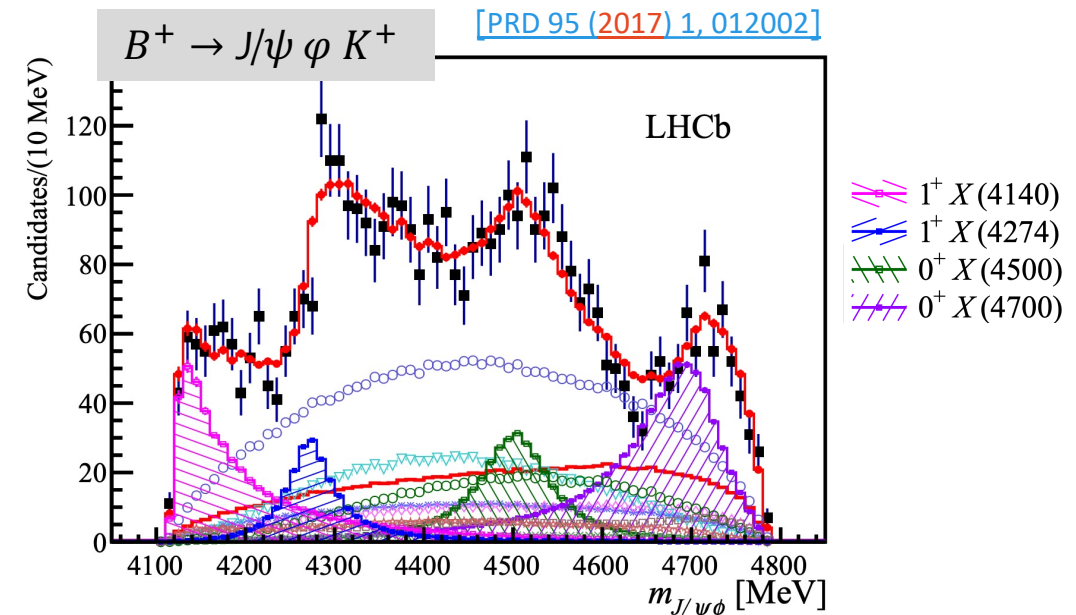


"I wonder if they'll be a doctor or an artist."
 - some are probably **charmonia**, but some are **exotic**

$\chi_{c1}(4685)$
 $\psi(4630)$
 $X(4150)$

(2021)
 three more
 $1^+ & 1^- & 2^-$

Overall, 9 exotic states (7 X + 2 Z_{cs})



New results on diffractive $J/\psi \phi$ production

[hep-ex: 2407.14301]

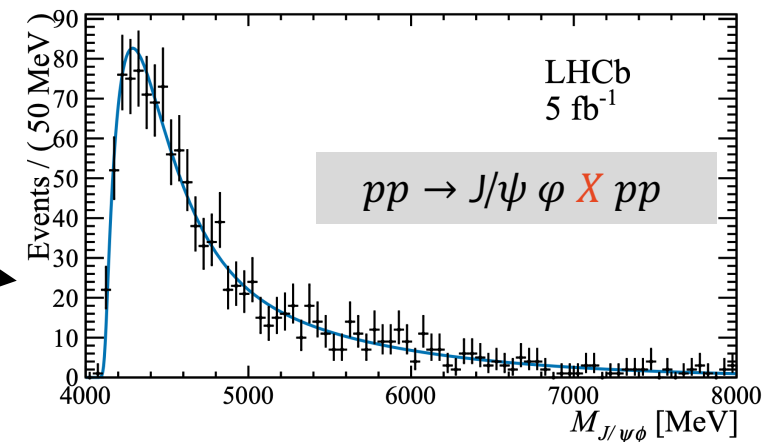
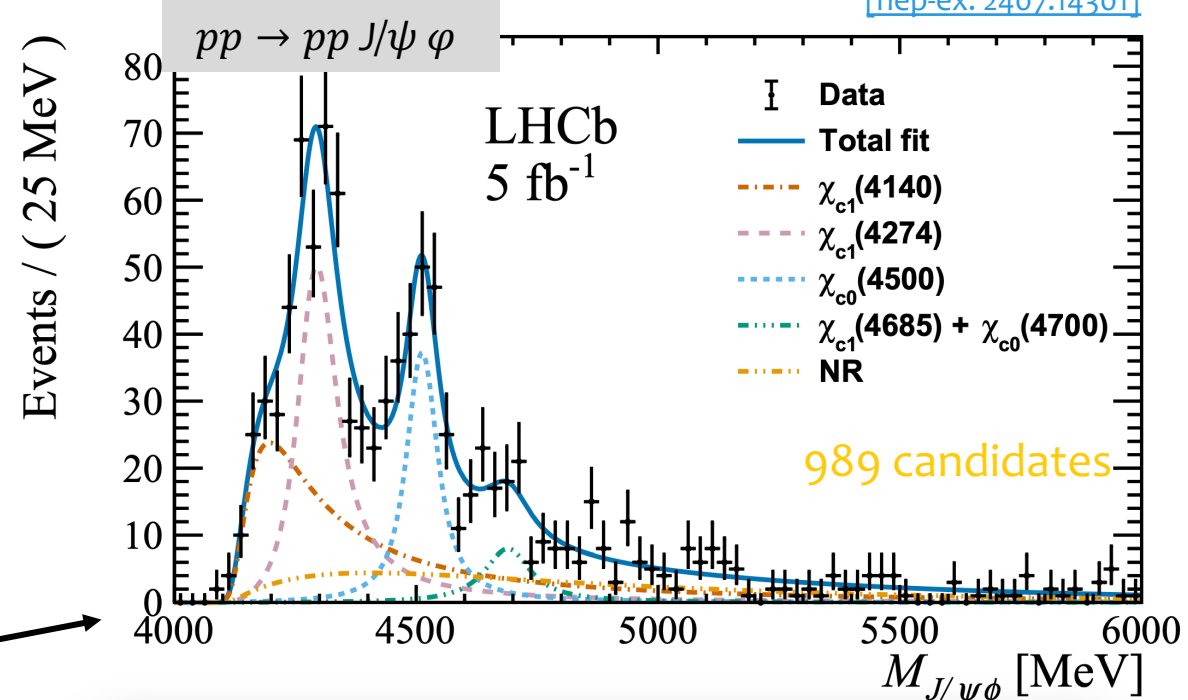
For diffractive studies,
the acceptance is extended with [HeRSChel](#),
 $5 < |\eta| < 10$
=> cross section measurement

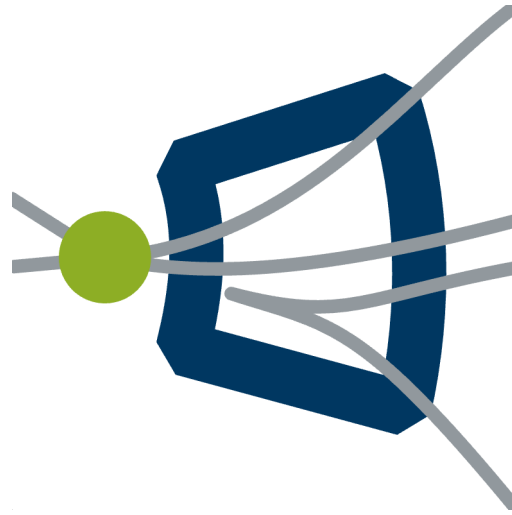
$$\sigma_{J/\psi\phi} \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \times \mathcal{B}(\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-) = (2.52 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.05) \text{ pb,}$$

For selection, #track in VeLo is used

- only four tracks
- with additional tracks

Hm, strong couplings to gluons?





Future of LHCb

Upgrade II

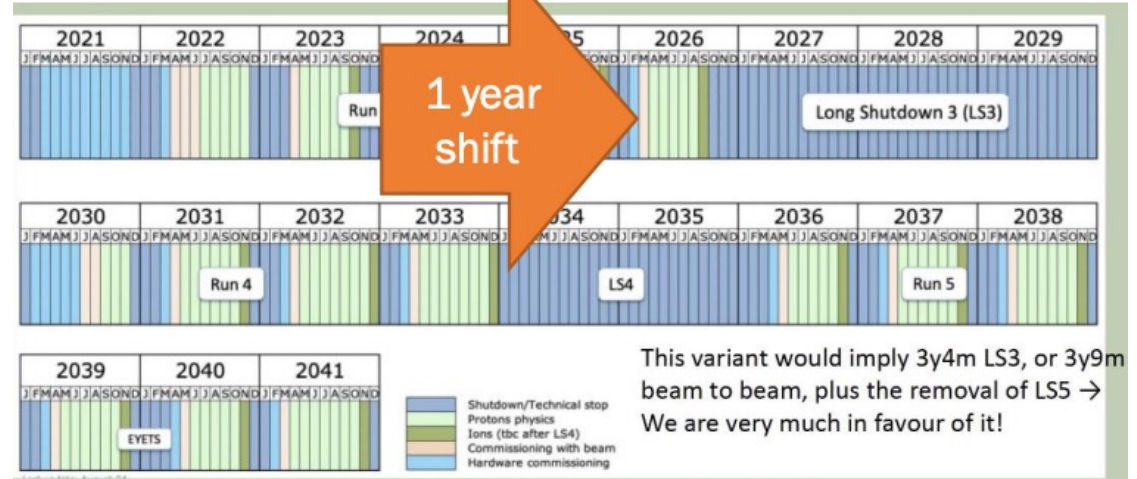
Shown in the LHCb Tuesday meeting
Sept 17, 2024 (not official)

The current Run is prolonged by 1y (2022-2026)

LS3: no major changes at LHCb

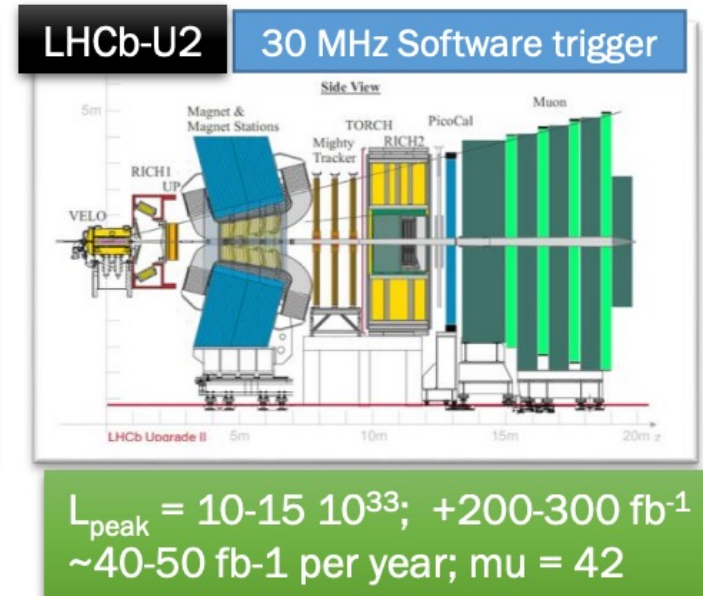
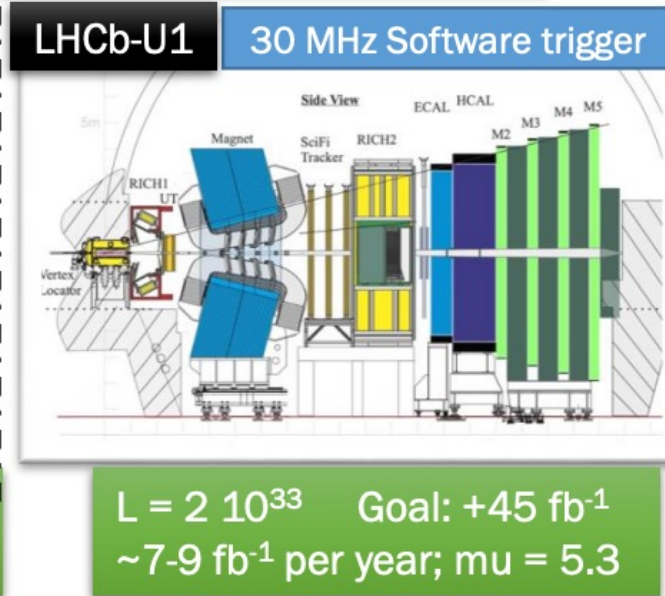
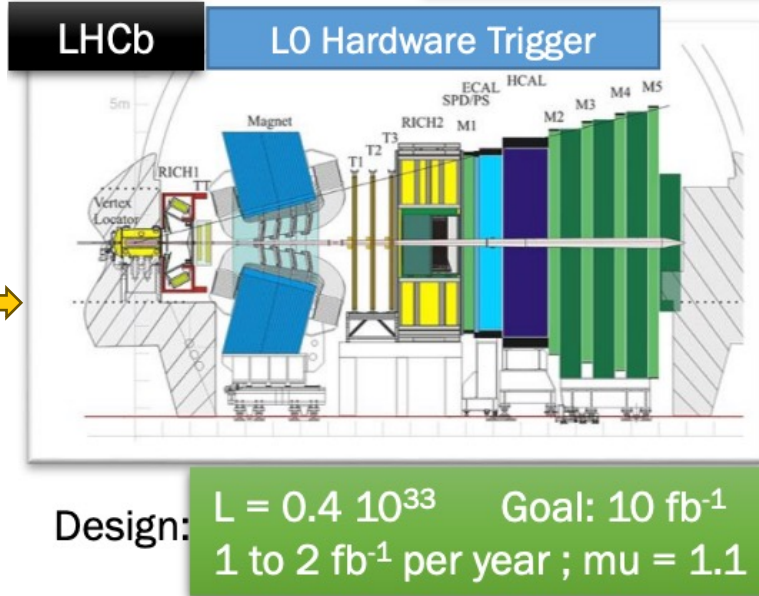
Run4: 2030-2033

LS4: Upgrade II, 2036-2041 start of data taking



Comparison courtesy Blake Leverington

HERA-B →



Mighty Tracker: the main German project for U-II

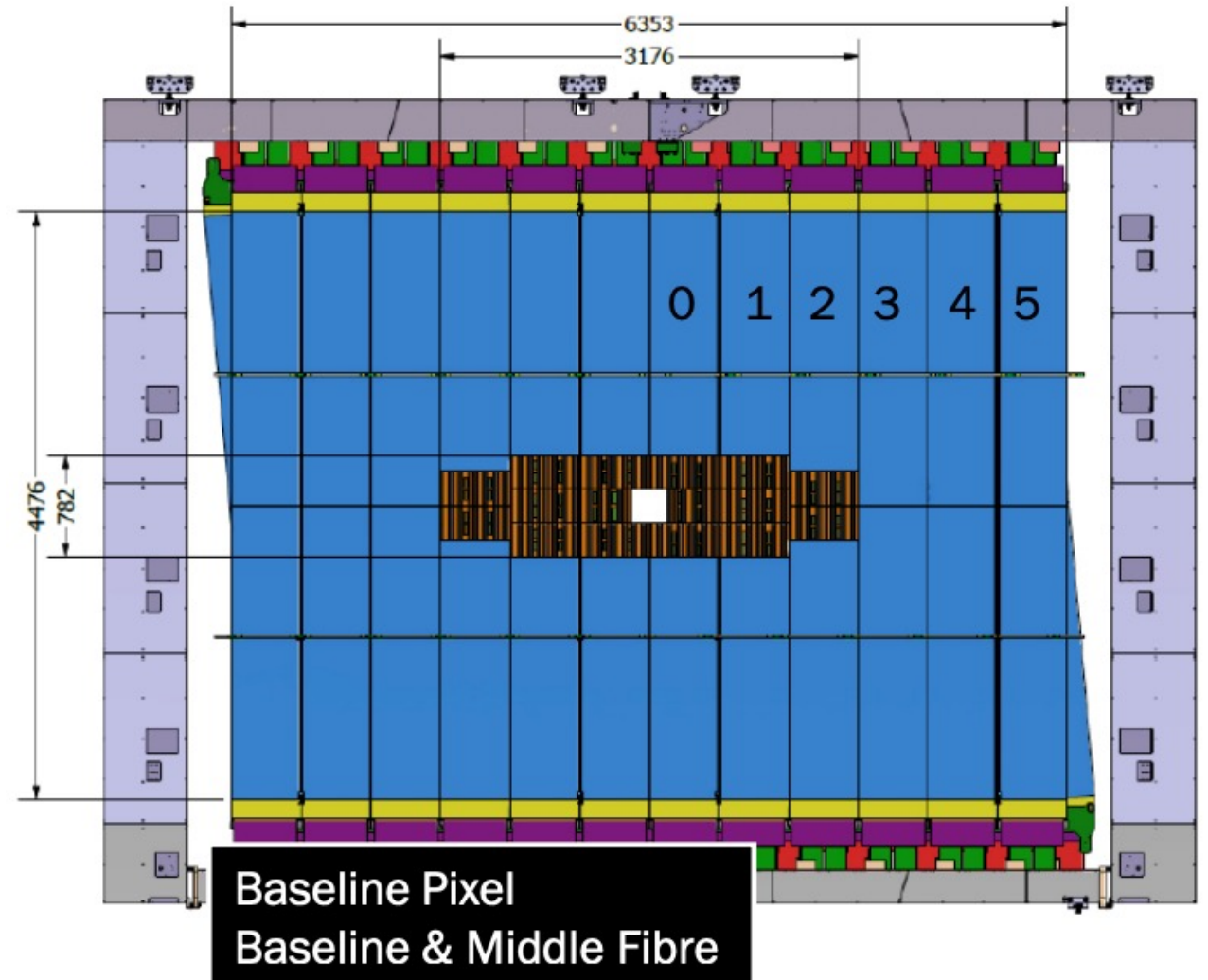
Fiber part:

- noise-free SiPM sensors at -100 deg.
- new readout boards

Pixel part:

- [DMAPS](#) technology (MightyPix),
(Depleted Fully Monolithic Active CMOS Pixel Sensors)
- New technology for LHCb,
take experience of ALICE, ATLAS, Mu3e
- Large area: 12.6 m²

Germany is ~6% of the LHCb collaboration
("fair-share" limits resources)



Summary

A lot of physics with Run-1,2 data (2012-2018)

- Charm spectroscopy
- D-spectroscopy
- New exotic state (“neutral Ds”)

The Run-3 has seriously started:

- already more B mesons than in Run-2 already.
- running for the next 2 years

Upgrade 2: 2036-2041