# SemiLeptonic and Missing Energy B decays at Belle II

**Giovanni Gaudino** on behalf of Belle II collaboration ICNFP Kolymbari – 2024, 28<sup>th</sup> August











# Semileptonic B decays

### Motivations of Semileptonic B decays

#### Lepton-Flavor Universality tests

SM Precision Measurements

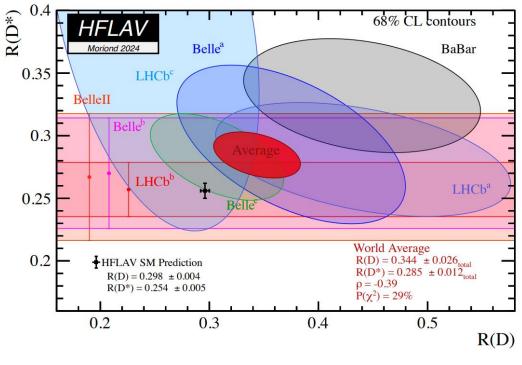
Electroweak Penquins

- In SM, the W boson couples equally to  $au, \mu, e o ext{Lepton-Flavor Universality (LFU)}$
- Semileptonic B decays are sensitive to new physics beyond SM
- Ratio measurements provide stringent LFU tests: branching fractions, angular asymmetry, etc.
  - $\checkmark$  Normalization ( $|V_{xh}|$ ) cancels
  - ✓ Part of theoretical, experimental uncertainties cancels

$$R(H_{\tau/\ell}) = \frac{B(B \to H\tau\nu)}{B(B \to H\ell\nu)}$$

$$\ell = e, \mu - H = D^{(*)}, X, \pi, \text{ etc}$$

Tension of 
$$R\left(D_{\tau/\ell}^{(*)}\right)$$
 with SM ~3 $\sigma$ 



### Motivations of Semileptonic B decays

Lepton-Flavor Universality tests

#### **SM Precision Measurements**

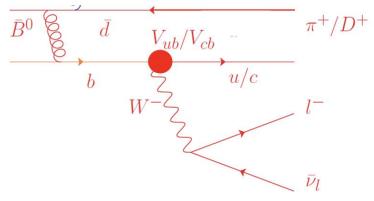
Electroweak Penguins

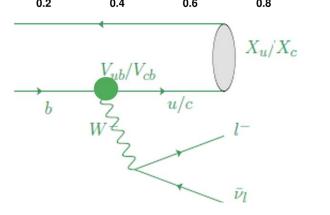
- $|V_{ub}|$  and  $|V_{cb}|$  important to **constrain** CKM Unitarity
- Precisely measured with semileptonic B decays

$$egin{bmatrix} d' \ s' \ b' \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} d \ s \ b \end{bmatrix}$$

 $0.6 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.1 \\ 0.0 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.0 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.0$ 

Longstanding **tension** among exclusive and inclusive determinations





## Motivations of Semileptonic B decays

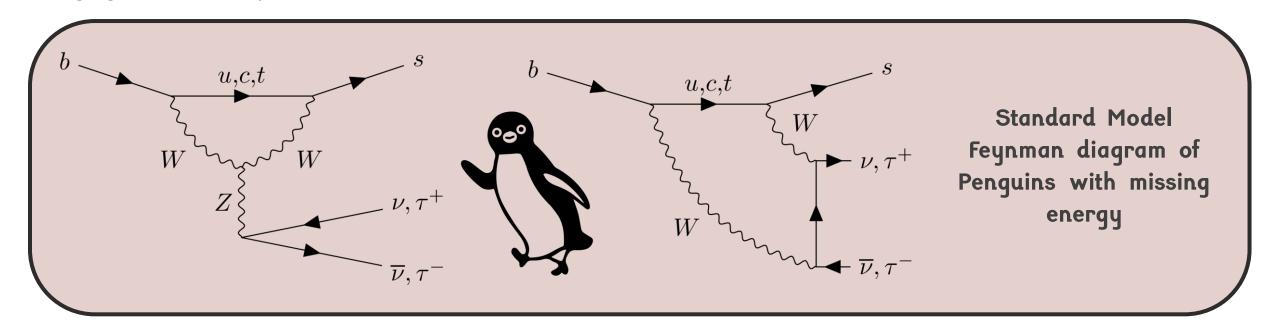
Lepton-Flavor Universality tests

SM Precision Measurements

**Electroweak Penquins** 

Flavor-changing neutral currents are not possible at tree level in the **Standard Model (SM)** Branching fractions predicted in the range  $10^{-7}$ – $10^{-4}$  with 5–30% uncertainties (dominated by soft QCD effects).

Highly sensitive to potential non-SM contributions.



2024, 28th August

# Belle II and SuperKEKB

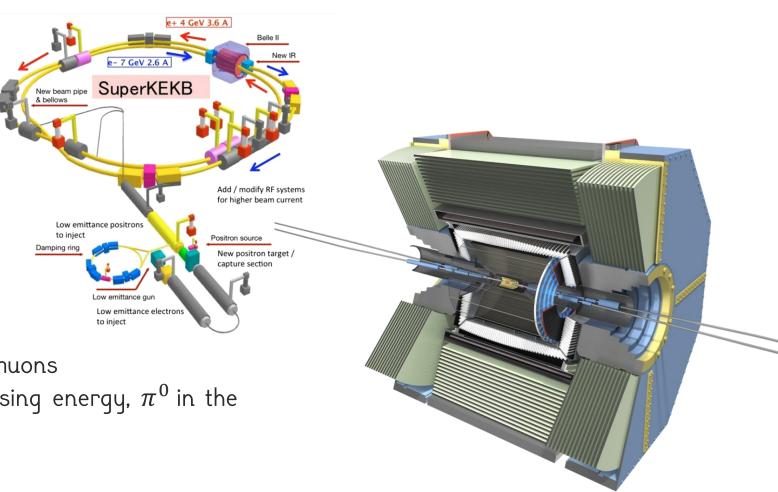
# Belle II and SuperKEKB

#### **SuperKEKB**

- $e^+e^-$  collider with energies 4 GeV and 7 GeV operating around  $\Upsilon(4S)$  resonance.
- Achieved world-record peak Luminosity of  $L=4.7\times 10^{34}cm^{-2}s^{-1}$

#### Belle II

- Nearly  $4\pi$  detector coverage
- Tracking, PID and photon reconstruction capabilities
- Similar performance for electrons and muons
- Well-suited to measure decays with missing energy,  $\pi^0$  in the final state, inclusive measurement



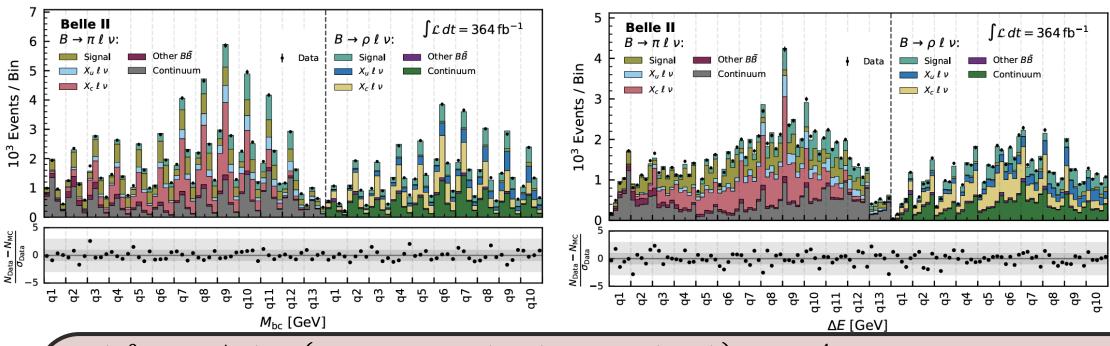
# SM Precision Measurements

# $|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 o\pi^-\ell^+ u$ and $B^+ o ho^0\ell^+ u$

- Full Belle II Run1 dataset of 364 fb<sup>-1</sup>, untagged
- ullet Non-resonant  $e^+e^-$  interactions and B background suppressed using BDTs
- Signal yields extracted from 2 kinematic variables in bins of  $q^2$  simultaneously for  $\pi l \nu$  and  $\rho l \nu$  mode  $\to (13+10) \times 4 \times 5$  bins

$$M_{bc}c^2 = \sqrt{E_{beam}^{*2} - c^2 \left| \overrightarrow{p_B^*} \right|^2}$$

$$\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{beam}^*$$



$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \to \pi^- l^+ \nu_l) = (1.516 \pm 0.042(stat) \pm 0.059(syst)) \times 10^{-4}$$
  
 $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \to \rho^0 l^+ \nu_l) = (1.625 \pm 0.079(stat) \pm 0.180(syst)) \times 10^{-4}$ 

Consistent with PDG

2024, 28th August

# $|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 o\pi^-\ell^+ u$ and $B^+ o ho^0\ell^+ u$

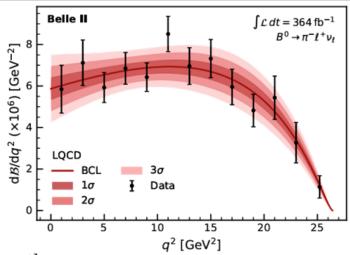
 $|V_{ub}|$  extracted separately from  $\pi l \nu$  and  $\rho l \nu$  mode using  $\chi^2$  fits to the measured  $q^2$  spectra

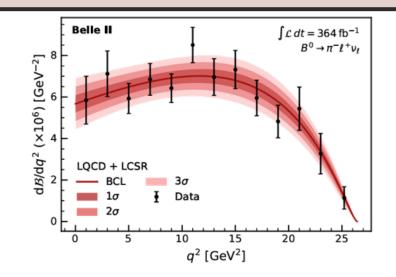
$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{i,j=1}^{N} (\Delta B_{i} - \Delta \Gamma_{i} \tau) C_{ij}^{-1} (\Delta B_{j} - \Delta \Gamma_{j} \tau) + \sum_{m} \chi_{Theory,m}^{2}$$

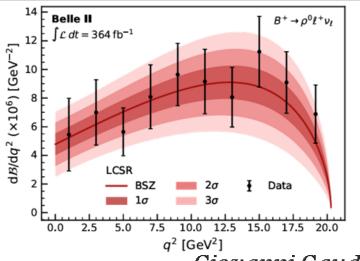
### Belle II Preliminary

Form-factor coefficients: BCL for  $B^0 \to \pi^- l^+ \nu_l$  BSZ for  $B^+ \to \rho^0 l^+ \nu_l$ 

$$B^0 o \pi^- l^+ 
u_l$$
:  $|V_{ub}| = (3.93 \pm 0.09(stat) \pm 0.13(syst) \pm 0.19(theo)) imes 10^{-3}$  LQCD constraints  $|V_{ub}| = (3.73 \pm 0.07(stat) \pm 0.07(syst) \pm 0.16(theo)) imes 10^{-3}$  LQCD+LCSR constraints  $B^+ o 
ho^0 l^+ 
u_l$ :  $|V_{ub}| = (3.19 \pm 0.12(stat) \pm 0.17(syst) \pm 0.26(theo)) imes 10^{-3}$  LCSR constraints







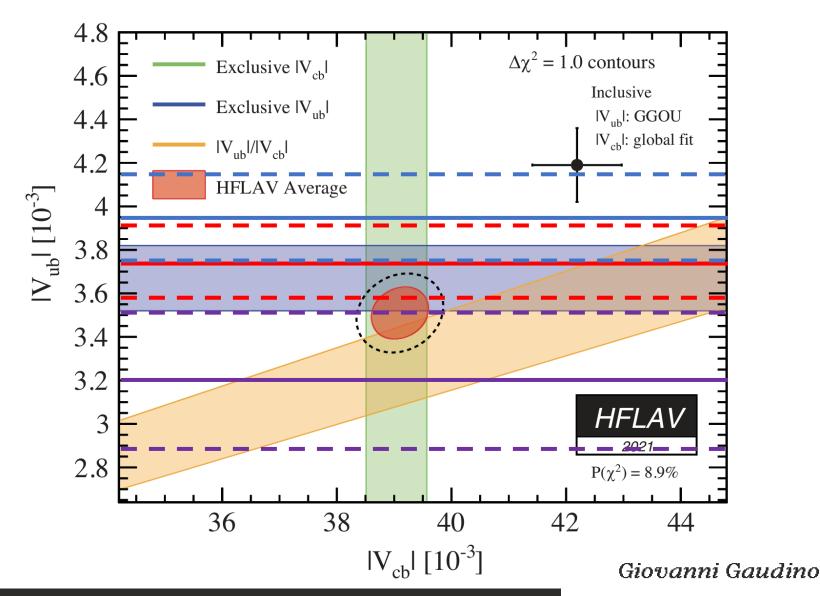
2024, 28th August

# $|V_{ub}|$ from $B^0 o\pi^-\ell^+ u$ and $B^+ o ho^0\ell^+ u$

$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^- l^+ \nu_l$$
:  
(3.93  $\pm$  0.19)  $\times$  10<sup>-3</sup>  
(3.73  $\pm$  0.16)  $\times$  10<sup>-3</sup>

$$B^+ \to \rho^0 l^+ \nu_l$$
:  
(3.19 ± 0.33) × 10<sup>-3</sup>

- Reducing the tension with |Vub| inclusive
- Still large uncertainty

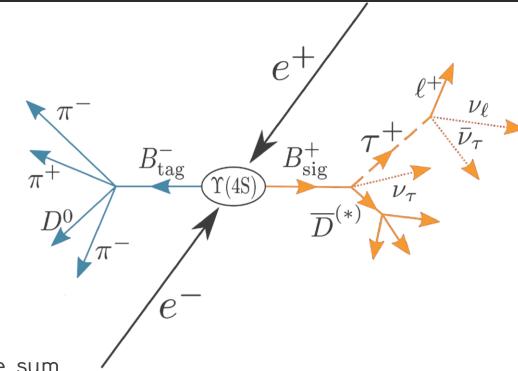


2024, 28th August

# Lepton Flavor Universality tests

# Measurement of $R(D^*_{ au/\ell})$

- Dataset Luminosity: L = 189/fb
- Hadronic decay of the  $B_{tag}$ .
- Reconstruct  $\tau$  and light lepton decays into the same final state particles to cancel many systematic uncertainties.
- Reconstruct the  $D^*$  in the following channels:  $D^* \to D^0 \pi/D\pi^0 D^{*0} \to D^0\pi^0$ .
- Rest of the event: no good quality tracks, no  $\pi^0$  candidates. The sum of all the neutral extra clusters energy is called  $E_{ECL}$ .
- The main challenges are the separation between the  $\tau(3\nu)$  and  $\ell(1\nu)$  final states and the poor understood  $B \to D^{**}\ell\nu$  backgrounds.



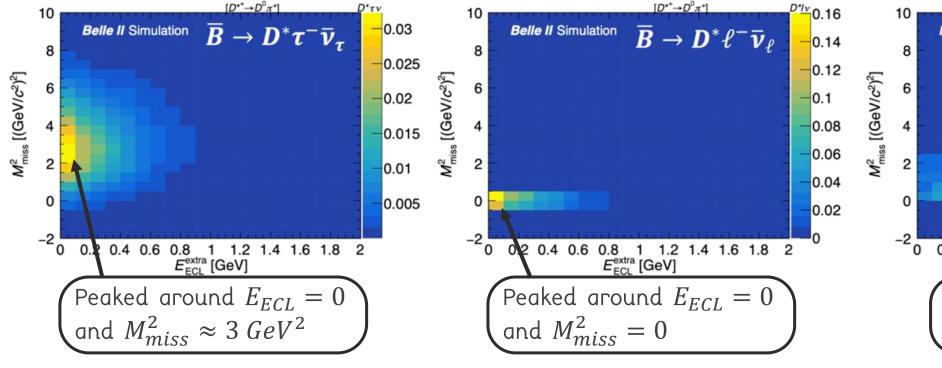
$$\left(R\left(D_{\tau/\ell}^*\right) = \frac{B(B \to D^*\tau\nu)}{B(B \to D^*\ell\nu)}\right)$$

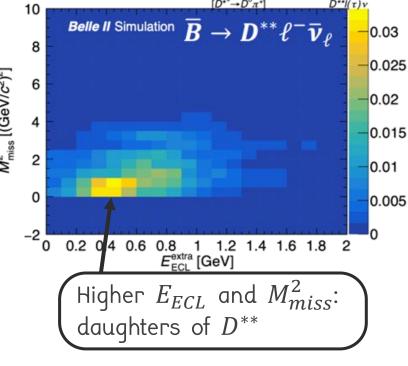
## Signal extraction

#### Two-dimensional binned likelihood fit to

- $\bullet$   $E_{ECL}$ : energy from neutral clusters remaining in the calorimeter after removing all reconstructed particles
- $M_{\mathrm{miss}}^2 = (p_{e^+e^-} p_{B_{\mathrm{tag}}} p_{D^*} p_\ell)^2$  missing mass of the event

Comparable sensitivities between  $B^+$  and  $B^0$ 





2024, 28th August

### Results

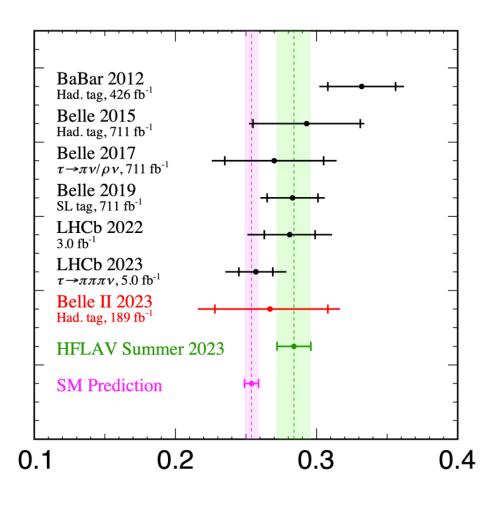
#### Belle II preliminary result

$$R(D_{\tau/\ell}^*) = 0.262_{-0.039}^{+0.041}(stat)_{-0.032}^{+0.035}(sys)$$

- First result from Belle II data
- ullet Main systematics: MC statistics, shape of  $E_{ECL}$
- Consistent with SM and HFLAV
- Previous version presented in <u>Lepton Photon 2023</u>
- Minor updates applied

#### In the future:

- Update of the measurement with 362/fb in progress
- Belle II will provide the most precise experimental information to resolve the R(D) and  $R(D^{\ast})$  anomalies [Snowmass White Paper: 2207.06307]



2024, 28th August

# Electroweak Penguins

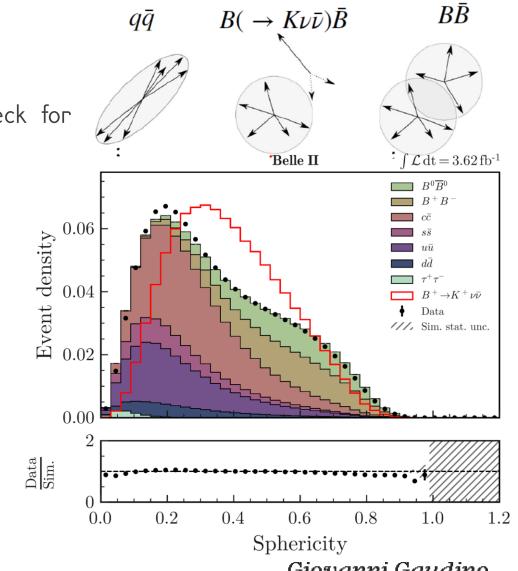
### Measurement of $B \to K \nu \overline{\nu}$

- Dataset Luminosity: L = 364/fb
- The final analysis is the combination of 2 measurements:
  - ITA: Innovative Metode, more sensitive.
  - HTA: Hadronic Taq Analysis (Conventional way, cross check for the inclusive analysis)

Focus on the Inclusive Tag: Two consecutive classifiers with signal kaon (the one with the lowest  $q^2$ ), event shape and Rest of Event information

**Final observables:**  $q_{rec}^2$  in different second classifier (BDT) bins

$$q^2 = \frac{s}{4c^4} + M_K^2 - \frac{\sqrt{s}E_K^*}{c^4}$$



# Control Sample studies

**Signal Efficiency Validation:**  $B \to J/\psi K$  sample, removing  $J/\psi$  and

correcting  $K^+$  kinematics

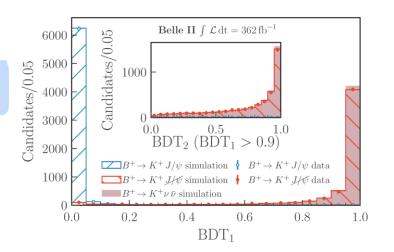


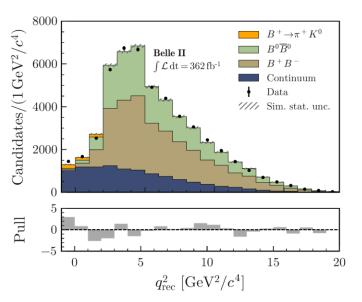
#### **Background Validation:**

- $q\overline{q}$ : off-resonance data
- Undetected  $K_L$  in ECL can mimic neutrinos:
  - $K_L$  efficiency:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma \phi (\rightarrow K_L K_S)$
  - Corrections for  $B^+ \to K^+ K_L K_L$  background from  $B^+ \to K^+ K_S K_S$
  - $B \to X_c(K_L X) K$  corrected using a pion enriched sample

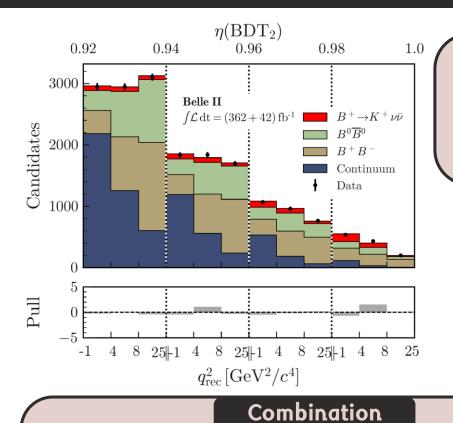
#### Closure validation measuring:

$$B (B^+ \to \pi^+ K^0) = (2.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$$
  
Compatible with PDG  $(2.38 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-5}$ 





# Evidence for $B^+ \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}$



**ITA** and **HTA** compatibility: 1.2σ

 $BR(B^+ \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}) = \left[2.3 \pm 0.5(stat)^{+0.5}_{-0.4}(sys)\right] \times 10^{-5}$ 

Excess Significance:  $3.5\sigma$ 

SM Deviation:  $2.7\sigma$ 

#### ATI

 $BR = [2.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5] \times 10^{-5}$ Excess Significance: 3.5 $\sigma$ 2.9 $\sigma$  SM deviation

#### HTA

 $BR = \left[1.1^{+0.9+0.8}_{-0.8-0.5}\right] \times 10^{-5}$ Excess Significance: 1.1 $\sigma$ 0.6 $\sigma$  SM deviation

<u>arXiv:2311.14647</u>

Accepted by PRD

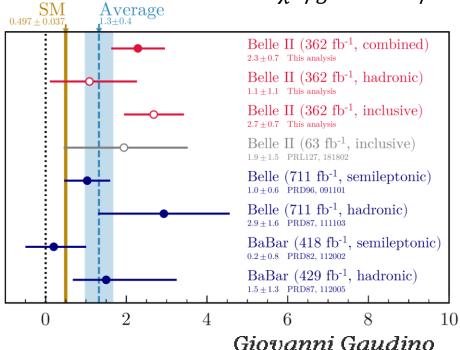
### Total Compatibility: $\chi^2/gdl = 5.6/5$

#### HTA

Compatible with previous measurements

#### ITA

1.8σ tensionwith Belle2.3σ tensionwith BaBar



2024, 28<sup>th</sup> August

### Conclusions

**Belle II at SuperKEKB**: rich and diversified physics program to probe new physics in an indirect way

Few highlights presented today, using full or partial dataset

- First evidence of  $B^+ \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}$ , 2.8 $\sigma$  above the SM prediction
- New Exclusive  $|V_{ub}|$  measurement from untagged  $B \to \pi/\rho \ell \nu$
- New measurement of  $Rig(D^*_{ au/\ell}ig)$

More and more results to discuss (2 other important results in the backup)

More and more data to analyze

Belle II General Meeting, KEK, June 2024



2024, 28th August



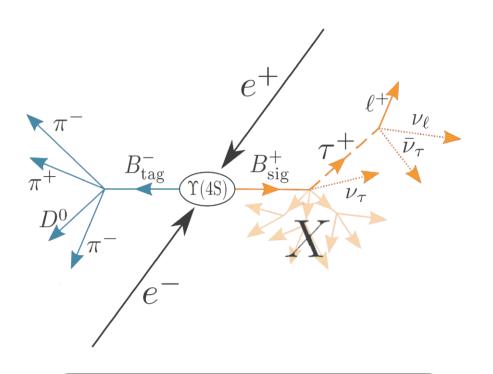
# Thanks for the attention

and for the wonderful location!



# Backup

# Measurement of $R(X_{ au/\ell})$



$$R(X_{\tau/\ell}) = \frac{B(B \to X\tau\nu)}{B(B \to X\ell\nu)}$$

- Dataset Luminosity: L = 189/fb
- Hadronic decay of the  $B_{tag}$ .
- Reconstruct  $\tau$  and light lepton decays into the same final state particles to cancel many systematic uncertainties.  $p_e$  > 0.3 (0.5) GeV and  $p_\mu$  > 0.4 (0.7) GeV in CMS (lab)
- ullet The remaining particles on the signal side are collectively referred to as X
- Main challenge: correct model of backgrounds.

### Data driven MC Corrections and Fit

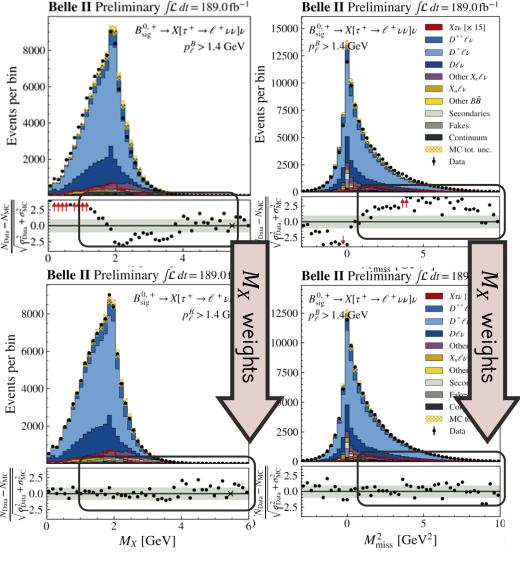
#### MC corrections:

- Detailed adjustments to MC (FFs, B and D BFs)
- Detailed corrections based on comparisons of simulation with control regions: low  $q^2$ , low  $M_{miss}^2$ , high  $M_X$ .

#### Final Fit:

- 34 bins in  $p_\ell$  vs  $M_{miss}^2$
- Fit components:  $X\tau\nu$ ,  $X\ell\nu$ ,  $B\overline{B}$  background (fakes and secondaries) and continuum (off resonance data\*)

\*Off resonance data: data taken under 60 MeV the Y(4S) threshold



### Data driven MC Corrections and Fit

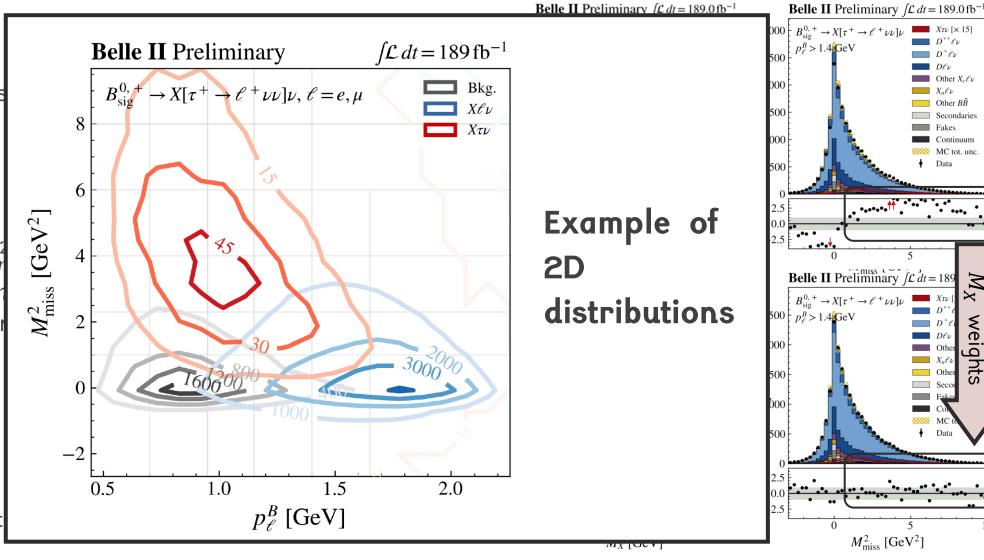
#### MC corrections:

- Detailed adjustments
- Detailed corrections control regions: low

#### Final Fit:

- 34 bins in  $p_\ell$  vs  $M_r^2$
- Fit components: X<sup>2</sup> secondaries) and cor

\*Off resonance data: dat



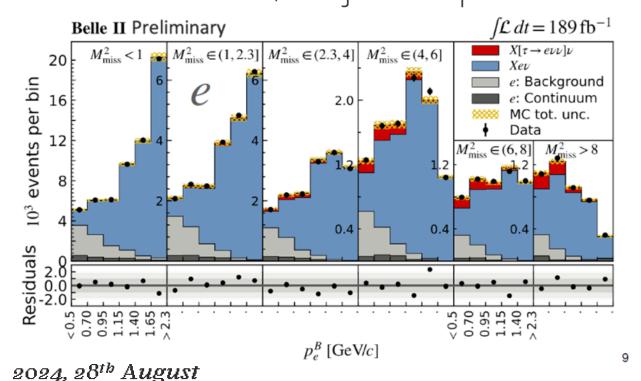
2024, 28th August

### Results

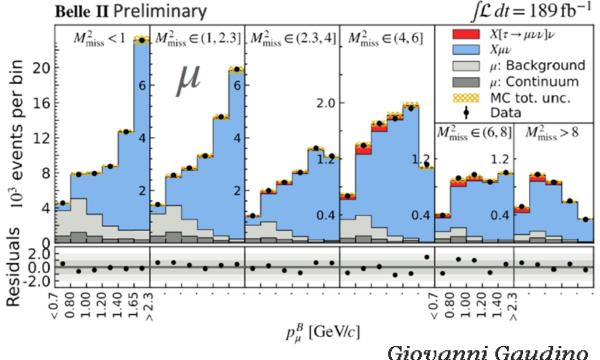
#### Belle II preliminary result

$$R(X_{\tau/\ell}) = 0.228 \pm 0.016(stat) \pm 0.036(sys)$$

dominated by gap modes branching fraction,  $B \to D^*$  form factors, background shape



- Largest systematics: signal and background model
- Consistent with previous measurements from LEP, the SM expectation and constraints from  $R(D^*)$ . Rough SM expectation:  $R(X_{\tau/\ell}) \approx 0.223$  [JHEP11(2022)007]



Giovanni Gat

# Measurement of $B^0 \to K^{*0} au^+ au^-$

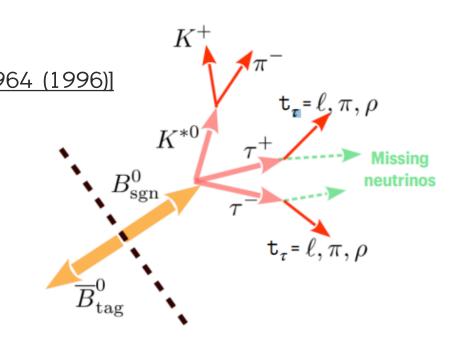
- Dataset Luminosity: L = 364/fb
- Hadronic Tag Analysis

#### Challenges

- Low Branching Fraction:  $BR_{SM} = (0.98 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-7}$  [PRD 53, 4964 (1996)]
- No signal peaking kinematic observable
- Large backgrounds+more than 3 prompt track
- Up to 4 neutrinos originating from the 2 au
- $K^{*0}$  has low momentum due to the phase space

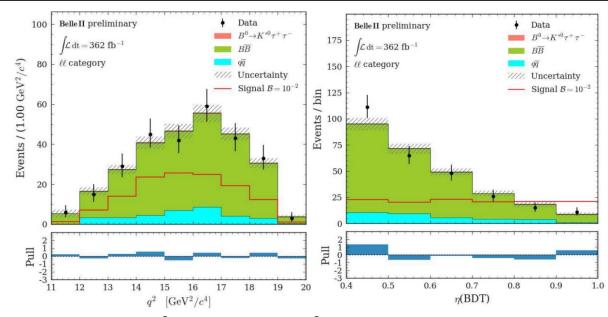
#### Status of the Art:

**Belle** (L = 711/fb):  $BR < 3.1 \times 10^{-3}$  at 90% CL [PRD 108 L011102 (2023)]



# Strategy and Results

- Combinations of sub-track from  $\tau$  lead to 4 categories:  $\ell\ell$ ,  $\ell\pi$ ,  $\pi\pi$ ,  $\rho X$
- **BDT** is trained using missing energy, extra cluster energy in EM calorimeter,  $q^2$ , etc.
- BDT output  $\eta(BDT)$  is used to extract the signal yield with simultaneous fit to 4 categories



#### Validation:

- Total efficiency and Peaking  $B\overline{B}$ :  $B^0 \to K^{*0}J/\psi$  sample, replace  $K^{*0}J/\psi$  with  $K^{*0}\tau^+\tau^-$  (14% uncertainty)
- ullet Non-peaking  $B\overline{B}$  : sample with  $B_{sig}$  and  $B_{tag}$  and having same flavor
- $q\overline{q}$  background is scaled by off-resonance data

Belle II Preliminary Result  $BR < 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$  at 90% CL

Twice better with only half sample wrt Belle!

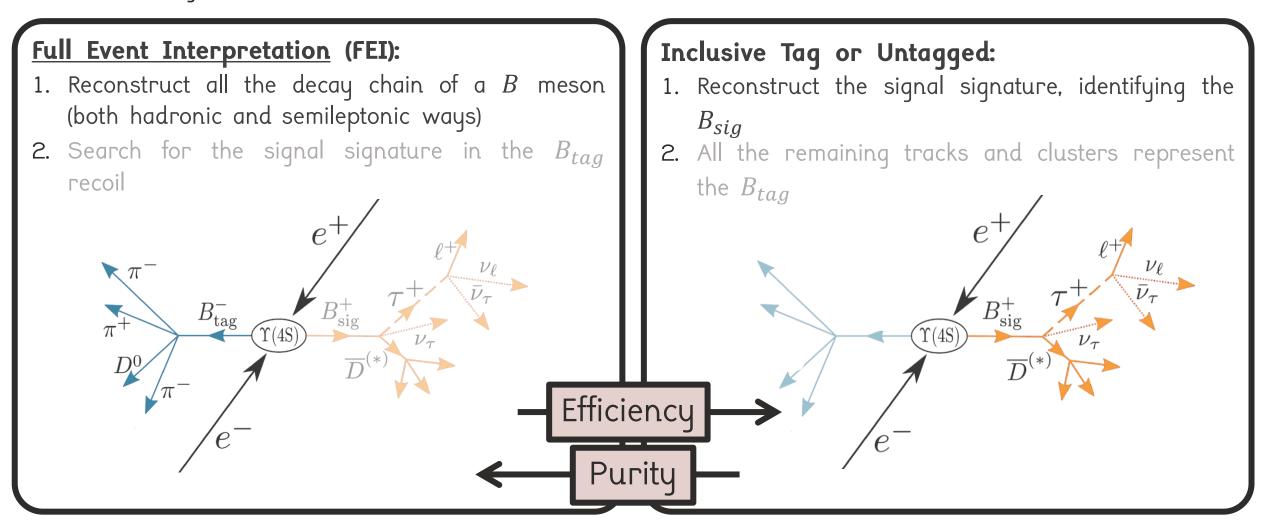
Better tagging + more categories + BDT classifer

2024, 28th August

# Missing Energy decays at Belle II

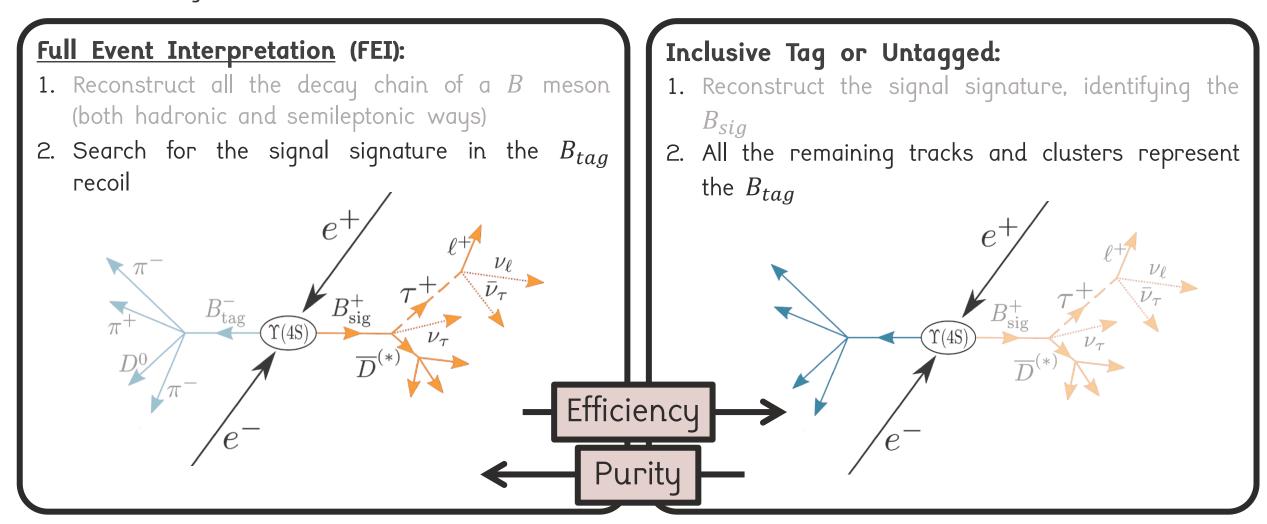
### Reconstruction tecnique

Two different algorithms to reconstruct events with at least one neutrino in the final state



### Reconstruction tecnique

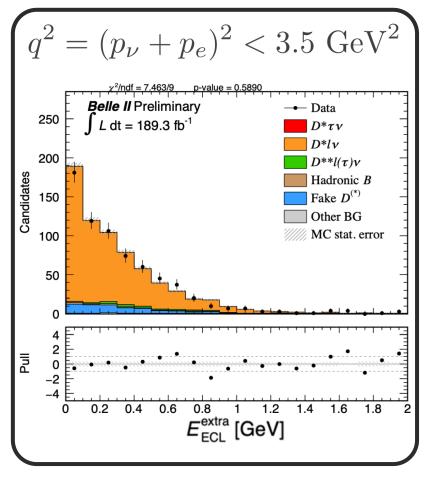
Two different algorithms to reconstruct events with at least one neutrino in the final state

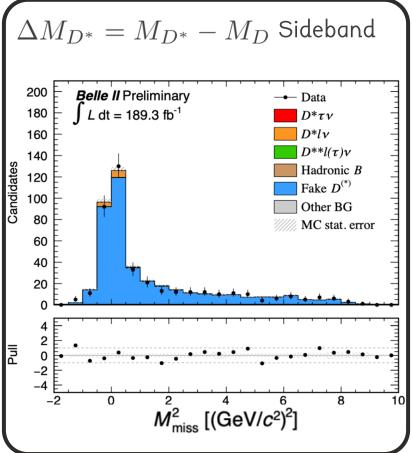


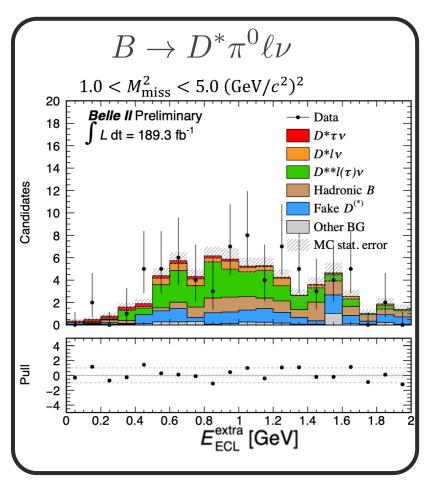
2024, 28th August

# Control Samples Background Validation

The final result is extracted using a MonteCarlo template fit. To validate/correct the shape and the normalization three different control samples:







2024, 28th August

Giovanni Gaudino