

The 21st International Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy and Structure

# Measurement of Branching Fraction of $\Lambda_c^+ \to p K_S^0 \pi^0 \text{ at Belle}$

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Presentation about paper (submitted to PRD) Please find <u>arXiv:2503.04371</u>

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- Motivation
- Branching ratio measurement
  - Reconstruction and Efficiency
  - Yield Extraction
  - Relative and absolute Branching Ratios
- Intermediate structures
- Dalitz plots

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Two particle mass projections



- $\Lambda_c^+ \to N\bar{K}\pi$  decays are good playground testing the isospin properties.
- $\Lambda_c^+$  decays result in a final state with  $I_3 = 1$  ( $c \rightarrow su\bar{d}$  transition,  $\Delta S = 1$ )
  - → Isospin symmetry:  $\sqrt{2}\mathscr{A}(p\bar{K}^0\pi^0) + \mathscr{A}(pK^-\pi^+) + \mathscr{A}(n\bar{K}^0\pi^+) = 0 \rightarrow \text{amplitude and phase}$
- (a), (b), (d), (e) are color-suppressed, (c) is color-allowed
  - → Direct  $\pi^+$  emission leaves the *ud* in the  $\Lambda_c^+$  as a spectator, *uds* cluster is pure I = 0.
  - → If direct  $\pi^+$  emission(c) is dominant,  $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda \pi^+$  is favored over  $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^0 \pi^+$ . However, in experiment results, they are comparable. How about  $\Lambda^*$  and  $\Sigma^*$ ?

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# Physics analysis motivation



• Update of the  $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+)$  with x100 statistics than previous reports

First investigation of intermediate resonances in the  $\Lambda_c^+ 
ightarrow p K_S^0 \pi^0$  decay

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# Physics analysis motivation



- Update of the  $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+)$  with x100 statistics than previous reports
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# $\Lambda_c^+$ Reconstruction



- $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0 \pi^0$  (Signal mode)
  - $\Lambda_c^+$ : Scaled momentum  $x_p$ , vertex fit  $\chi^2$
  - *p*: PID, Impact parameters
  - $\pi^0(\gamma\gamma)$ : mass, momentum,  $E_{\gamma}$
  - $K_S^0(\pi^+\pi^-)$ : Belle standard  $K_S^0$ , vertex fit  $\chi^2$
- ➡ Selection criteria are optimized to maximize  $FoM = N_{sig} / \sqrt{N_{sig} + N_{bkg}}$  (Statistical significance)

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- $\Lambda_c^+ \to p K^- \pi^+$  (Normalization mode)
  - $\Lambda_c^+$ : Scaled momentum  $x_p$ , vertex fit  $\chi^2$

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•  $p, K^-, \pi^+$ : PID, Impact parameters

### **Detection Efficiency**



In order to perform a resonance model-independent efficiency correction

- → Intermediate resonances are shown in Dalitz plot. (horizontal, vertical, diagonal)
- → Yield extraction and efficiency correction are performed on  $5 \times 10$  Dalitz bins

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# Signal PDF





• Signal line shapes are constrained for each bin. Only  $m_0$  and scale parameter  $\sigma$  are floated

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 $N(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0\pi^0)$  and  $N(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+)$  extraction



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### **Relative and Absolute BFs**



### Dalitz plots



- There is no clear peak structure in the  $pK_S^0$  system (horizontal axis)
- $K^*(892)$  clearly seen and, in the  $p\pi^0$  system, a peak appears at 1.5 GeV
- Enhancements are seen in the boundary of the bottom and right side

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# One dimensional mass projections $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0 \pi^0$



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### Efficiency corrected mass spectra



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# Absence of peak structure in the $M(pK_S^0)$



• Compared with Dalitz plots, there is no narrow peak structure ( $\Sigma^{*+}$ ) in the  $M(pK_S^0)$ , while  $\Lambda^*$ s are clearly seen in the  $M(pK^-)$ 

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# Threshold cusp in $M(p\pi^0)$



- The threshold cups near the  $p\eta$  mass threshold enhanced by  $N(1535)^+$ .
- The same situation with the  $\Lambda\eta$  threshold cusp enhanced by  $\Lambda(1670)$

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# Threshold cusp in $M(p\pi^0)$



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# $\Delta(1232)$ suppression in $M(p\pi^0)$



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- The  $\Delta(1232)$  is not clearly seen in the  $M(p\pi^0)$ 
  - Isospin sum rule  $-\mathscr{A}(\Lambda_c^+ \to K^- \Delta^{++}) + \sqrt{3}\mathscr{A}(\Lambda_c^+ \to \bar{K}^0 \Delta^+) = 0$ indicates suppression of  $\Delta^+$  in the  $M(p\pi^0)$

# Same line shapes in $K\pi$ systems



- $K^*(892)$  and high mass  $M(K\pi)$  enhancements are clearly seen
- Same line shapes.  $\Lambda_c^+ \to p \bar{K}^{*0}$ ;  $\bar{K}^{*0} \to K^- \pi^+ / K_S^0 \pi^0$

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### Summary

- We have been analyzing  $\Lambda_c^+ \to p K_S^0 \pi^0$  using the Belle 980/fb data sample.
  - ➡ 130k signal candidates (100 times larger statistics than current PDG)
- We report
  - $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0 \pi^0) / \Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^- \pi^+) = 0.339 \pm 0.002 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.009 (\text{syst.})$

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- $\mathscr{B}(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0 \pi^0) = 2.12 \pm 0.01(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.10(\text{norm.})$
- Mass projection spectra (Intermediate resonances)
  - → Absence of  $\Sigma^*$
  - → Possible  $p\eta$  threshold cusp
- Paper has been submitted to PRD.
  - You can find the paper at <u>arXiv:2503.04371</u>

Thank you