

Status and Future Development of the Full Event Interpretation Algorithm at Belle II

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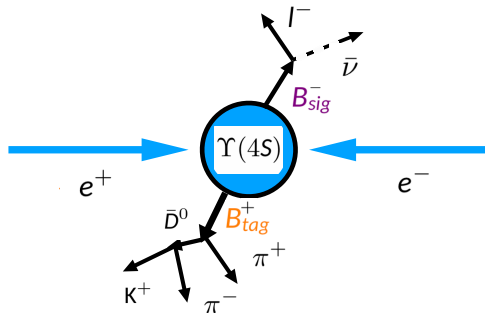
FPCP, 11.06.2020



Event in Belle II

- ▷ $e^+ e^-$ collision at $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance
- ▷ $\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B^+ B^-, B^0 \bar{B}^0$ with $\mathcal{B} > 96\%$
- ▷ If possible, reconstructs one of the B meson in either semileptonic or hadronic decay chains (B_{tag})
- ▷ Properties of the other B can be studied (B_{sig})
- ▷ Flavour constraint: $B_{tag}^+ \rightarrow B_{sig}^-$
- ▷ Kinematically constrained system with hadronically tagged event:
$$\vec{p}_\nu + \vec{p}_l = \vec{p}_{e^+e^-} - \vec{p}_{B_{tag}}$$

Example of mode with hadronic B_{tag}



What is Full Event Interpretation (FEI)?

- ▶ Flexible multivariate tagging algorithm developed for B -meson reconstruction in Belle II
Keck, T. et al. Comput. Softw. Big. Sci. (2019) 3: 6
- ▶ **Task:** Correctly identifying one B decay (B_{tag}) allowing for detailed investigation of the other B (B_{sig})
- ▶ **Use in B -physics:** Especially useful when studying modes with missing energy (modes with one or more neutrinos, specific dark matter searches)
- ▶ Successor of the Belle Full Reconstruction *Feindt, M. et al. Nucl.Instrum.Meth.A 654 (2011) 432-440*
- ▶ Can be used on Belle data set

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **124**, 161803 (2020)

Editors' Suggestion

Measurement of $\mathcal{R}(D)$ and $\mathcal{R}(D^*)$ with a Semileptonic Tagging Method

The Belle Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 161803

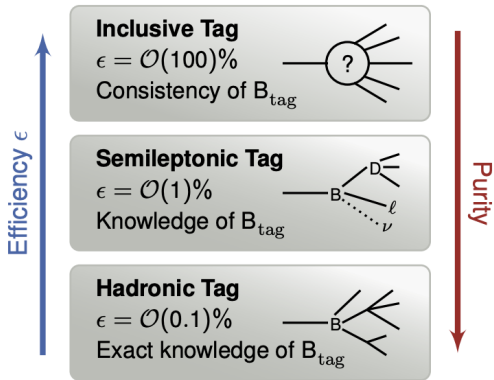
PHYSICAL REVIEW D **98**, 112016 (2018)

Search for the rare decay of $B^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \gamma$ with improved hadronic tagging

The Belle Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 98, 112016

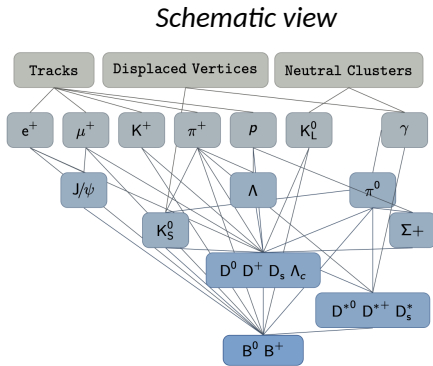
Tagging Techniques in Belle II

- ▷ Generic FEI techniques include reconstruction of the B -meson candidate with
 - ▷ Semileptonic Tagging
 - ▷ Hadronic Tagging
- ▷ Trade-off between efficiency, purity, and knowledge of missing kinematics
- ▷ Another possibility: dedicated signal-specific FEI



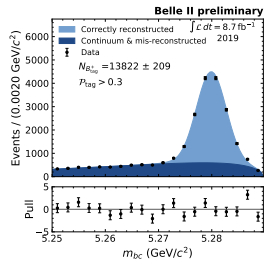
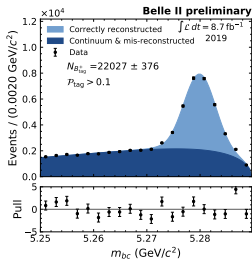
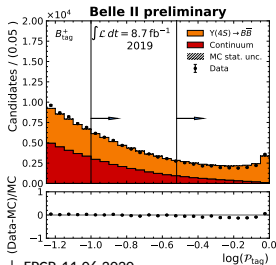
How Does FEI Work?

- ▶ FEI uses hierarchical approach to reconstruct $\mathcal{O}(200)$ decay channels via $\mathcal{O}(10^4)$ decay chains
- ▶ Firstly tracks, neutral clusters and displaced vertices are interpreted as final state particles (FSPs) e.g e^\pm , μ^\pm , K^\pm , ...
- ▶ FSPs are then combined into intermediate particles until B candidates are formed
- ▶ Each unique particle has its own multivariate classifier which quantifies the correctness of reconstruction based on input features such as four-momentum, vertexing information...
- ▶ Usually only one B -meson candidate with the highest probability is kept
- ▶ **Recent development:** Inclusion of baryonic modes



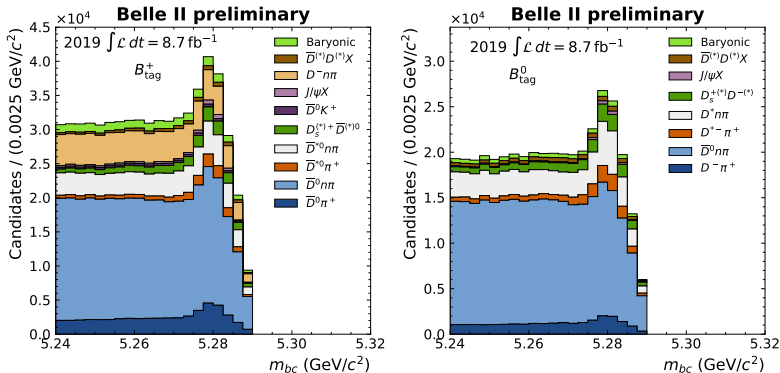
Hadronic FEI Performance in Early Belle II Data

- ▷ Evaluated with efficiency-purity scan
- ▷ **Tag-side efficiency:** N of correct B_{tag} candidates / N of $\Upsilon(4S)$
- ▷ **Purity:** N of correct B_{tag} candidates / N of B_{tag} candidates
- ▷ **Correct B_{tag} yield:** Fit to $m_{bc} = \sqrt{\frac{s}{4} - p_{B_{tag}}^{*2}}$
- ▷ $p_{B_{tag}}^{*2}$:= three-momentum of B_{tag} candidate, \sqrt{s} := beam energy ($\Upsilon(4S)$ frame)
- ▷ N of correct B_{tag} candidates can be controlled with B classifier value: $\mathcal{P}_{B_{tag}}$



Effect of Baryonic Modes on Hadronic FEI Performance

- ▷ Inclusion of baryonic modes improves hadronic tag-side efficiency by 3% (2%) for B^+ (B^0)
- ▷ Below m_{bc} distribution highlighting contributions from several decay modes for B^+ and B^0 in early Belle II Data



Generic FEI Performance Comparison

▷ MC tag-side efficiency

@10% Purity	Had. B^+/B^0 [%]	SL. B^+/B^0 [%]
Full Reconstruction Belle	0.28/0.18	0.67/0.63
FEI Belle	0.76/0.46	1.80/2.04
FEI Belle II preliminary corresponding to 8.7 fb^{-1}	0.58/0.37	-
N of correct B_{tag} per 1 fb^{-1} in Belle II	6380/4070	-

▷ FEI outperforms Full Reconstruction

▷ Lower efficiency of FEI Belle II compared to Belle due to lower reconstruction efficiency

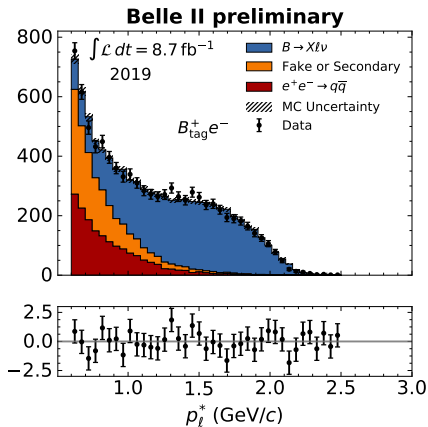
Hadronic FEI Calibration in Early Belle II Data

Calibration: difference in tagging efficiency between data and MC

- ▶ Sources: hadronic branching fraction ratios, simulation of detector, dynamics of the hadronic decays...
- ▶ Calibration Strategy: measure signal-side yield in well-known, high \mathcal{B} channel

Steps:

- ▶ Reconstruct $B_{sig} := B \rightarrow Xl\nu$ with specific selection
- ▶ Extract the number of signal events: Fit to p_l^*
- ▶ Derive calibration factors: $\epsilon_{(DATA/MC)}$
- ▶ **Preliminary** $\epsilon_{(DATA/MC)}(B_{tag}^+ e^-) = 0.61 \pm 0.02$
- ▶ Calibration factors used to correct the tag-side efficiency in physics measurements



Upcoming FEI-related Work

Calibration plans:

- ▷ Hadronic FEI calibration with $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}l\nu$
- ▷ Semileptonic FEI calibration

Expected physics results with FEI:

- ▷ Observation of $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}l\nu$, $J/\psi X$, $B \rightarrow \pi l\nu$
- ▷ $B \rightarrow l\nu$, $B \rightarrow X_u l\nu$, $B \rightarrow h\nu\nu$

Future FEI Developments:

- ▷ FEI for $\Upsilon(5S)$ resonance
 - ▷ $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow B^{(*)} = 76.2\%$, $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow B_S^{(*)} = 20.1\%$
 - ▷ Physics target: $B_S^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$, $B_S^0 \rightarrow l\tau$, $B_S^0 \rightarrow \phi\nu\nu$
- ▷ Deep classifiers in FEI instead of fastBDTs, exploration of graph convolutions

Used B_S^0 channels

$$\begin{aligned} B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- D_S^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*+} D_S^- \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*-} D_S^{*+} \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^+ D^- \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*+} D^- \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- K^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- \pi^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*-} \pi^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- D^0 K^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- D^{*0} K^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*-} D^0 K^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*-} D^{*0} K^+ \\ B_S^0 &\rightarrow D_S^{*-} \pi^+ \pi^0 \end{aligned}$$

Conclusion

- ▷ Generic FEI algorithm now includes baryonic modes
- ▷ FEI performance with early Belle II data corresponding to $\mathcal{L} = 8.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ was presented
- ▷ FEI performs significantly better than its Belle predecessor
- ▷ Calibration with hadronic tag in early Belle II data is being performed
- ▷ Exciting physics analyses utilising FEI algorithm are under-way
- ▷ New developments of FEI algorithm can open door to B_s^0 physics in Belle II

Backup