arXiv:1201.0537 (Standard Model) arXiv:1512.08749 (Higgs Physics) arXiv:1805.08597 (Flavour Physics)

Flavour Physics

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- 1. Elementary constituents & fundamental interactions
- 2. Flavour-changing phenomena
- 3. Meson mixing & CP violation

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Flavour Structure of the Standard Model

$$\begin{pmatrix} u & v_e \\ d & e^- \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} c & v_\mu \\ s & \mu^- \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} t & v_\tau \\ b & \tau^- \end{pmatrix}$$
 Why 3?

- Pattern of masses
- Flavour Mixing

τcF: C, τ
BF: b, C, τ



Related to SSB Scalar Sector (Higgs)

- Kaon Factories: u,d,s LHC: t,b,c
 - LC, FCC: t, b, c, τ

• vF:
$$v_e, v_\mu, v_\tau$$

Universality: Family–Independent Couplings









FERMION MASSES

Scalar – Fermion Couplings allowed by Gauge Symmetry

Fermion Masses are New Free Parameters

$$\begin{bmatrix} m_{q_d}, m_{q_u}, m_l \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c^{(d)}, c^{(u)}, c^{(l)} \end{bmatrix} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$



Couplings Fixed:
$$g_{Hff} = \frac{m_f}{v}$$

FERMION GENERATIONS

 $N_G = 3$ Identical CopiesMasses are the only differenceQ = 0 $\begin{pmatrix} v'_j & u'_j \\ l'_j & d'_j \end{pmatrix}$ Q = +2/3 $(j = 1, \dots, N_G)$ WHY ?

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y} = -\sum_{jk} \left\{ \left(\overline{u}'_{j}, \overline{d}'_{j} \right)_{L} \left[c^{(d)}_{jk} \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{(+)} \\ \phi^{(0)} \end{pmatrix} d'_{kR} + c^{(u)}_{jk} \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{(0)\dagger} \\ -\phi^{(+)\dagger} \end{pmatrix} u'_{kR} \right] - \left(\overline{v}'_{j}, \overline{l}'_{j} \right)_{L} c^{(l)}_{jk} \begin{pmatrix} \phi^{(+)} \\ \phi^{(0)} \end{pmatrix} l'_{kR} \right\} + \text{h.c.}$$

$$SSB$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y} = -\left(1 + \frac{H}{v} \right) \left\{ \overline{d}'_{L} \cdot \mathbf{M}'_{d} \cdot d'_{R} + \overline{u}'_{L} \cdot \mathbf{M}'_{u} \cdot u'_{R} + \overline{l}'_{L} \cdot \mathbf{M}'_{l} \cdot l'_{R} + \text{h.c.} \right\}$$

Arbitrary Non-Diagonal Complex Mass Matrices $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}'_{d}, \mathbf{M}'_{u}, \mathbf{M}'_{l} \end{bmatrix}_{jk} = \begin{bmatrix} c^{(d)}_{jk}, c^{(u)}_{jk}, c^{(l)}_{jk} \end{bmatrix} \frac{\mathbf{v}}{\sqrt{2}}$

DIAGONALIZATION OF MASS MATRICES

$$\mathbf{M}'_{d} = \mathbf{H}_{d} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{d} = \mathbf{S}_{d}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{d} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{d} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{d} \qquad \mathbf{H}_{f} = \mathbf{H}_{f}^{\dagger}$$
$$\mathbf{M}'_{u} = \mathbf{H}_{u} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{u} = \mathbf{S}_{u}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{u} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{u} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{u} \qquad \mathbf{U}_{f} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{f}^{\dagger} = \mathbf{U}_{f}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{f} = 1$$
$$\mathbf{M}'_{l} = \mathbf{H}_{l} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{l} = \mathbf{S}_{l}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{l} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{l} \cdot \mathbf{U}_{l} \qquad \mathbf{S}_{f} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{f}^{\dagger} = \mathbf{S}_{f}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{f} = 1$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{Y} = -\left(1 + \frac{H}{v}\right) \left\{ \overline{\mathbf{d}} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{d} \cdot \mathbf{d} + \overline{\mathbf{u}} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{u} \cdot \mathbf{u} + \overline{l} \cdot \mathcal{M}_{l} \cdot l \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{u} = \operatorname{diag}(m_{u}, m_{c}, m_{t}) \quad ; \quad \mathcal{M}_{d} = \operatorname{diag}(m_{d}, m_{s}, m_{b}) \quad ; \quad \mathcal{M}_{l} = \operatorname{diag}(m_{e}, m_{\mu}, m_{\tau})$$

$$\overline{\mathbf{u}}_{L}' \mathbf{d}_{L}' = \overline{\mathbf{u}}_{L} \cdot \mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{d}_{L} \qquad ; \qquad \mathbf{V} \equiv \mathbf{S}_{u} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{d}^{\dagger}$$

$$\mathcal{L}'_{\rm CC} \neq \mathcal{L}_{\rm CC}$$

 $\mathcal{L}_{\rm NC}$

Flavour Changing Charged Currents







Flavour Conserving Neutral Currents (GIM)

NO



LHCb, 2001.10354

 $Br(K_s \to \mu^+ \mu^-) < 2.1 \times 10^{-10}$

(90% CL)

Weak Decays







$$T(l \to v_l \ l' \overline{v_{l'}}) \sim \frac{g^2}{M_W^2 - q^2} \qquad \frac{q^2 << M_W^2}{M_W^2} = 4\sqrt{2} \ G_F$$

 au^-

$$\frac{1}{\tau_{\mu}} = \frac{G_F^2 m_{\mu}^5}{192 \pi^3} f(m_e^2/m_{\mu}^2) r_{EW} \qquad \blacksquare \qquad G_F = (1.166\,378\,7 \pm 0.000\,000\,6) \times 10^{-5} \,\text{GeV}^{-2}$$

$$r_{EW} = \left[1 + \frac{\alpha(m_{\mu})}{2\pi} \left(\frac{25}{4} - \pi^2\right) + C_2 \frac{\alpha(m_{\mu})^2}{\pi^2}\right] = 0.9958 \qquad ; \qquad f(x) = 1 - 8x + 8x^3 - x^4 - 12x^2 \log x$$

LEPTON UNIVERSALITY



CHARGED CURRENT UNIVERSALITY

A. Pich. arXiv:2012.07099

$$\begin{vmatrix} g_{\mu} / g_{e} \end{vmatrix}$$
A. Pich, arXiv:2012.07099

$$\begin{vmatrix} B_{\tau \to \mu} / B_{\tau \to e} \\ B_{\pi \to \mu} / B_{\pi \to e} \\ B_{K \to \mu} / B_{K \to e} \\ B_{W \to \mu} / B_{W \to e} \end{vmatrix}$$
1.0010 ± 0.0025

$$\begin{vmatrix} B_{\tau \to \mu} / \tau_{\tau} \\ 0.998 \pm 0.004 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} B_{\tau \to e} / \tau_{\mu} / \tau_{\tau} \\ 0.9965 \pm 0.0026 \\ \Gamma_{\tau \to K} / \Gamma_{K \to \mu} \\ 0.986 \pm 0.007 \\ B_{W \to \tau} / B_{W \to e} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} g_{\tau} / g_{e} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} B_{\tau \to \mu} / \tau_{\mu} / \tau_{\tau} \\ 0.998 \pm 0.0015 \\ 1.022 \pm 0.012 \end{vmatrix}$$
0.997 ± 0.011 (CMS preliminary)

Flavour Changing Charged Currents





 $\Gamma(d_i \rightarrow u_i e^- \overline{v}_e) \propto |\mathbf{V}_{ij}|^2$

We measure decays of hadrons (no free quarks)

Important QCD Uncertainties

V_{ii} **Determinations**

PDG 2020

CKM entry	Value	Source	
$ \mathbf{V}_{ud} $	0.97370 ± 0.00014	Nuclear β decay	
$ \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{us}} $	$\boldsymbol{0.2245 \pm 0.0008}$	$K \to (\pi) \ell v$	
$ \mathbf{V_{cd}} $	$\boldsymbol{0.221 \pm 0.004}$	$D \to (\pi) \ell v, v d \to c X$	
$ \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{cs}} $	$\boldsymbol{0.987 \pm 0.011}$	$D \to K \ell v, D_s \to \ell v$	
$ \mathbf{V_{cb}} $	$\boldsymbol{0.0410 \pm 0.0014}$	$b \to c \ell v , B \to D^{(*)} \ell v$	
$ \mathbf{V_{ub}} $	0.00382 ± 0.00024	$b \rightarrow u \ell v , B \rightarrow \pi \ell v$	
$ \mathbf{V_{tb}} $	$\boldsymbol{1.013 \pm 0.030}$	$p \overline{p}, p p \rightarrow tb + X$	
$\left \mathbf{V_{tb}}\right / \sqrt{\sum_{_{g}} \left \mathbf{V_{tq}}\right ^2}$	> 0.975 (95% CL)	$t \to b W / t \to q W$	
V _{td}	$\boldsymbol{0.0080 \pm 0.0003}$	$B_d^0 - \overline{B}_d^0$ mixing	
$ \mathbf{V}_{ts} $	$\boldsymbol{0.0388 \pm 0.0011}$	$B_s^0 - \overline{B}_s^0$ mixing	

PDG 2018 0.97420 (21) 0.2243 (5)

 $|\mathbf{V}_{ud}|^{2} + |\mathbf{V}_{us}|^{2} + |\mathbf{V}_{ub}|^{2} = 0.9985 \pm 0.0005$ $|\mathbf{V}_{cd}|^{2} + |\mathbf{V}_{cs}|^{2} + |\mathbf{V}_{cb}|^{2} = 1.025 \pm 0.022$

 $\left| \mathbf{V}_{ub} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathbf{V}_{cb} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathbf{V}_{tb} \right|^{2} = 1.028 \pm 0.061$ $\sum_{j} \left(\left| \mathbf{V}_{uj} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathbf{V}_{cj} \right|^{2} \right) = 2.002 \pm 0.027 \quad \text{(LEP)}$

Hierarchical Structure

$$\mathbf{V} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3 (\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3 (1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

 $\lambda \approx \sin \theta_{\rm C} \approx 0.225$; $A \approx 0.81$; $\sqrt{\rho^2 + \eta^2} \approx 0.4$



QUARK MIXING MATRIX

- Unitary $N_{\rm G} \times N_{\rm G}$ Matrix: $N_{\rm G}^2$ parameters $\mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{V}^{\dagger} = \mathbf{V}^{\dagger} \cdot \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{1}$ $\frac{1}{2}N_{\rm G}(N_{\rm G}-1) \mod 1$, $\frac{1}{2}N_{\rm G}(N_{\rm G}+1)$ phases
- $2N_{\rm G} 1$ arbitrary phases: $\overline{u}_i \, \mathbf{V}_{ij} \, d_j$

$$u_{i} \rightarrow e^{i\phi_{i}} u_{i} ; d_{j} \rightarrow e^{i\theta_{j}} d_{j} \longrightarrow V_{ij} \rightarrow e^{i(\theta_{j} - \phi_{i})} V_{ij}$$

$$V_{ij}$$
Physical Parameters: $\frac{1}{2}N_G(N_G-1)$ moduli; $\frac{1}{2}(N_G-1)(N_G-2)$ phases

• $N_f = 2$: 1 angle, 0 phases (Cabibbo)

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_{\rm C} & \sin \theta_{\rm C} \\ -\sin \theta_{\rm C} & \cos \theta_{\rm C} \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \qquad \mathbf{No} \quad \mathcal{CP}$$

• $N_f = 3$: 3 angles, 1 phase (CKM) $c_{ij} \equiv \cos \theta_{ij}$; $s_{ij} \equiv \sin \theta_{ij}$

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{bmatrix} c_{12} c_{13} & s_{12} c_{13} & s_{13} e^{-i\delta_{13}} \\ -s_{12} c_{23} - c_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{12} c_{23} - s_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & s_{23} c_{13} \\ s_{12} s_{23} - c_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & -c_{12} s_{23} - s_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{23} c_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3 (\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3 (1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

 $\lambda \approx \sin \theta_{\rm C} \approx 0.225$; $A \approx 0.81$; $\sqrt{\rho^2 + \eta^2} \approx 0.4$

Flavour Physics

 $\delta_{13} \neq 0 \quad (\eta \neq 0) \quad \Longrightarrow \quad CP$

GIM Mechanism



• Top contribution dominates. Strong suppression: $\mathcal{M} \propto \frac{g^4}{16\pi^2} \left| \lambda^5 A^2 \frac{m_t^2}{M_{\odot}^2}, \lambda \frac{m_c^2}{M_{\odot}^2} \right|$

• CP effects fully governed by top contribution $\left[\operatorname{Im}(V_{cs} V_{cd}^*) = -\operatorname{Im}(V_{ts} V_{td}^*) \right]$

Rare Decays

Loop & CKM suppression Sensitivity to New Physics





 $W^{\pm} \leftrightarrow H^{\pm}$, $Z \leftrightarrow H^0, A^0$

Sensitive to (pseudo) scalar contributions

Violations of Lepton Flavour Universality



Flavour Anomaly

$\mathcal{R}_{D^{(*)}} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \to D^{(*)} \tau^- \bar{\nu}_{\tau})}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \to D^{(*)} \ell^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell})}$





LHCb, 1711.05623:
$$\mathcal{R}_{J/\psi} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(B_c \to J/\psi \tau \bar{\nu}_{\tau})}{\mathcal{B}(B_c \to J/\psi \mu \bar{\nu}_{\mu})} = 0.71 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.18$$
 (1.7 σ) $\mathcal{R}_{J/\psi}^{SM} \approx 0.26 - 0.28$
Belle, 1903.03102: $F_L^{D^*} = 0.60 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.04$ (1.6 σ) $F_{L,SM}^{D^*} = 0.455 \pm 0.003$
Belle, 1612.00529: $\mathcal{P}_{\tau}^{D^*} = -0.38 \pm 0.51^{+0.21}_{-0.16}$ $\mathcal{P}_{\tau,SM}^{D^*} = -0.499 \pm 0.003$

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 ν_{τ}



- \mathcal{C} , \mathcal{P} : Violated maximally in weak interactions
- CP: Symmetry of nearly all observed phenomena
- Slight (~ 0.2 %) \mathcal{CP} in K^0 decays (1964)
- Sizeable CP in B^0 decays (2001)
- Huge Matter Antimatter Asymmetry in our Universe
 Baryogenesis
- Small \mathcal{CP} in D^0 decays (LHCb, 2019)

$$CPT$$
 Theorem: \checkmark \checkmark Thus, C requires:• Complex Phases• Interferences







$$\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{P} \to \mathbf{f}) = \mathbf{T}_{1} e^{i\phi_{1}} e^{i\delta_{1}} + \mathbf{T}_{2} e^{i\phi_{2}} e^{i\delta_{2}}$$
$$\mathcal{CP}$$
$$\mathbf{T}(\overline{\mathbf{P}} \to \overline{\mathbf{f}}) = \mathbf{T}_{1} e^{-i\phi_{1}} e^{i\delta_{1}} + \mathbf{T}_{2} e^{-i\phi_{2}} e^{i\delta_{2}}$$

$$A_{\mathrm{P}\to\mathrm{f}}^{\mathrm{CP}} \equiv \frac{\Gamma(\mathrm{P}\to\mathrm{f}) - \Gamma(\overline{\mathrm{P}}\to\overline{\mathrm{f}})}{\Gamma(\mathrm{P}\to\mathrm{f}) + \Gamma(\overline{\mathrm{P}}\to\overline{\mathrm{f}})} = \frac{-2\,\mathrm{T}_{1}\,\mathrm{T}_{2}\,\sin(\phi_{2}-\phi_{1})\,\sin(\delta_{2}-\delta_{1})}{\mathrm{T}_{1}^{2} + \mathrm{T}_{2}^{2} + 2\,\mathrm{T}_{1}\,\mathrm{T}_{2}\,\cos(\phi_{2}-\phi_{1})\,\cos(\delta_{2}-\delta_{1})}$$

One needs:

- Interfering Amplitudes
- 2 Different Weak Phases
- 2 Different FSI Phases

 $\begin{bmatrix} \sin(\phi_2 - \phi_1) \neq 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \sin(\delta_2 - \delta_1) \neq 0 \end{bmatrix}$



$$A_{CP}(B \to f) \equiv \frac{\operatorname{Br}(\overline{B} \to \overline{f}) - \operatorname{Br}(B \to f)}{\operatorname{Br}(\overline{B} \to \overline{f}) + \operatorname{Br}(B \to f)}$$

$$A_{CP}(B_d^0 \to \pi^- K^+) = -0.084 \pm 0.004$$
 (21 o)

$$A(B_s^0 \to \pi^- K^+) = -0.213 \pm 0.017$$
 (12.5 σ)

$$A_{CP}(B^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+) = -0.122 \pm 0.021$$
 (5.8 σ)

Large & Interesting Signals

Big challenge: Get reliable SM predictions

Severe hadronic uncertainties









PDG parametrization of the CKM matrix

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{bmatrix} c_{12} c_{13} & s_{12} c_{13} & s_{13} e^{-i\delta_{13}} \\ -s_{12} c_{23} - c_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{12} c_{23} - s_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & s_{23} c_{13} \\ s_{12} s_{23} - c_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & -c_{12} s_{23} - s_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{23} c_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13}e^{-i\delta_{13}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13}e^{i\delta_{13}} & 0 & c_{13} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Wolfenstein: $s_{12} \equiv \lambda$, $s_{23} \equiv A \lambda^2$, $s_{13} e^{-i\delta_{13}} \equiv A \lambda^3 (\rho - i\eta)$

$$\mathbf{V} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3 (\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3 (1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

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Standard Model $C \not\!\!\!/ P$: 3 fermion families needed

$$\begin{array}{c} \swarrow & \mathbf{H}(M_{u}^{2}) \cdot \mathbf{H}(M_{d}^{2}) \cdot \mathbf{J} \neq \mathbf{0} \\ \\ \mathbf{H}(M_{u}^{2}) \equiv (m_{t}^{2} - m_{c}^{2}) \ (m_{c}^{2} - m_{u}^{2}) \ (m_{t}^{2} - m_{u}^{2}) \\ \\ \mathbf{H}(M_{d}^{2}) \equiv (m_{b}^{2} - m_{s}^{2}) \ (m_{s}^{2} - m_{d}^{2}) \ (m_{b}^{2} - m_{d}^{2}) \\ \\ \\ \mathbf{J} = c_{12} c_{13}^{2} c_{23} s_{12} s_{13} s_{23} \sin \delta_{13} = \left| A^{2} \lambda^{6} \eta \right| < 10^{-4} \\ \end{array}$$

- Low-Energy Phenomena
- Small Effects ~ J
- Big Asymmetries \iff Suppressed Decays
- B Decays are an optimal place for CP signals