

Status on ECL Trigger Calibration TDW @ Yonsei University

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Overview

- TC energy calibration
 - Calibration algorithm
 - Performance
 - E_L E_H E_{Lum} working points and resolution
 - Energy sum of two clusters
- TC time offset calibration
 - Calibration algorithm
 - TC timing shift issue - fixed
 - Result
- Summary / Future plans

Attenuator Calibration Algorithm

$$f(E^n, E_i^n; p_i) \equiv \sum_n (aE^n - \sum_i p_i E_i^n)^2 \rightarrow \min$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} = \sum_n (-2)(aE^n - \sum_j p_j E_j^n) E_i^n = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_n aE^n E_i^n = \sum_n \sum_j p_j E_j^n E_i^n$$

n : event index

i, j : crystal index in TC

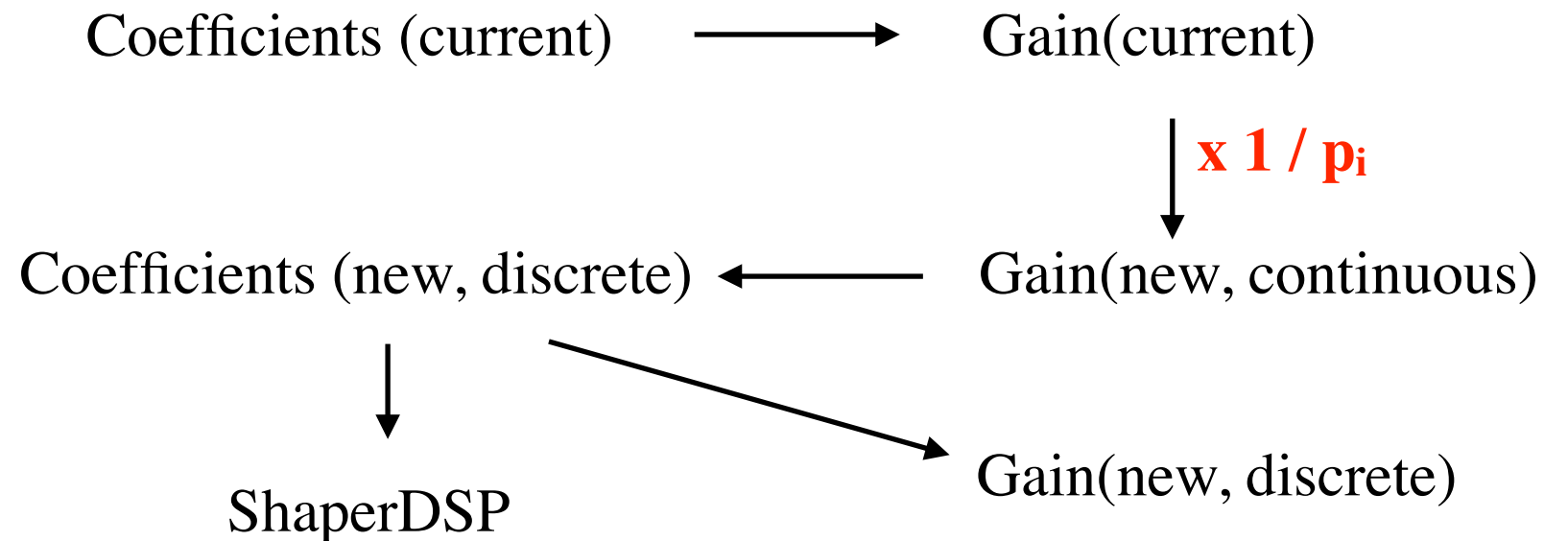
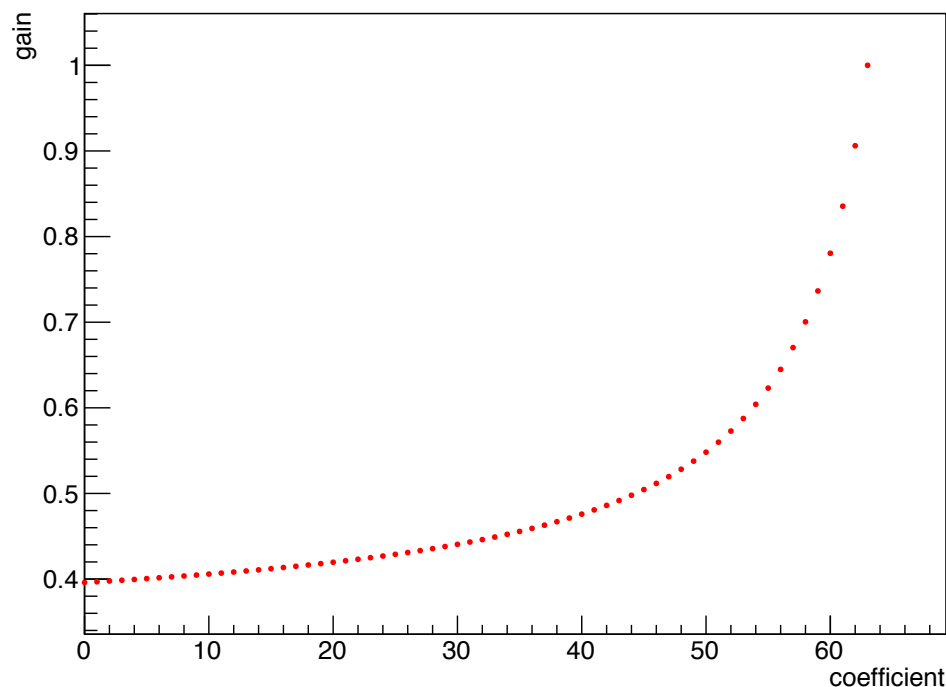
E^n : TC energy

E_i^n : crystal energy in TC

p_i : Attenuator gain ratio (current / new)

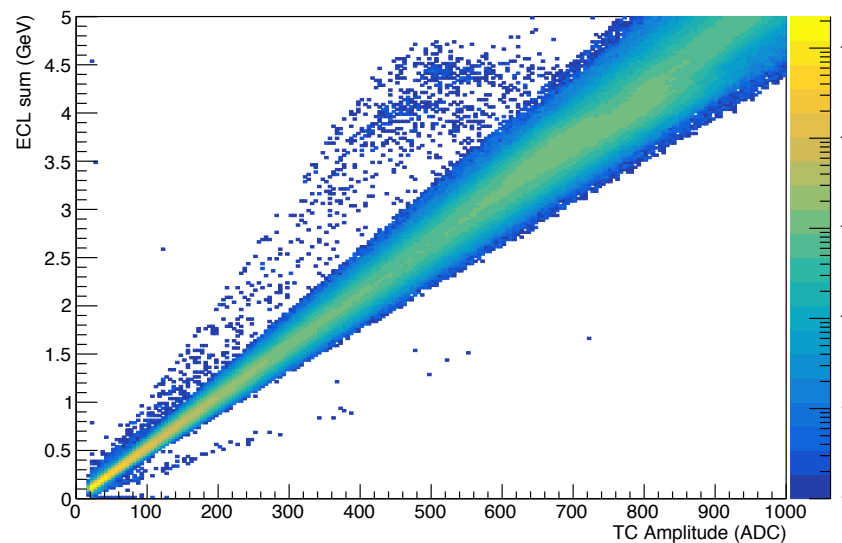
a : calibration factor (5.25 MeV / ADC)

Attenuator gain curve

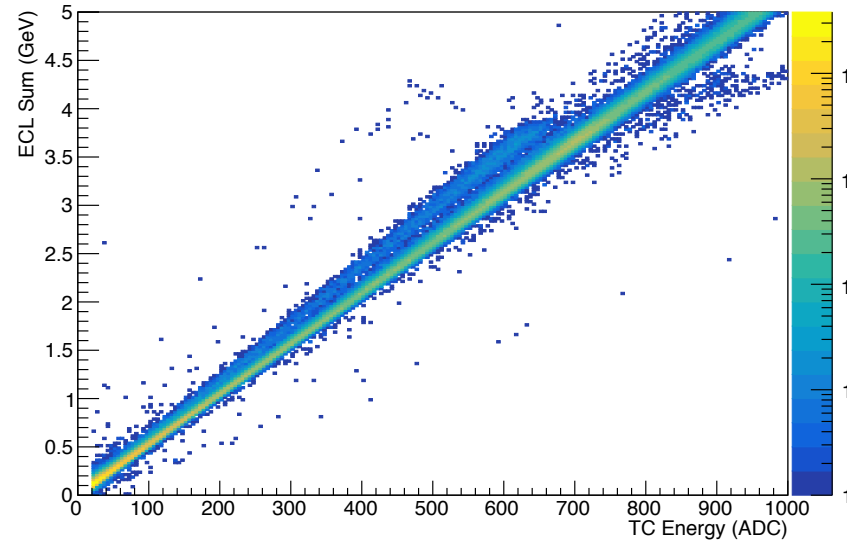


2D ECL vs. TRG scattered plot

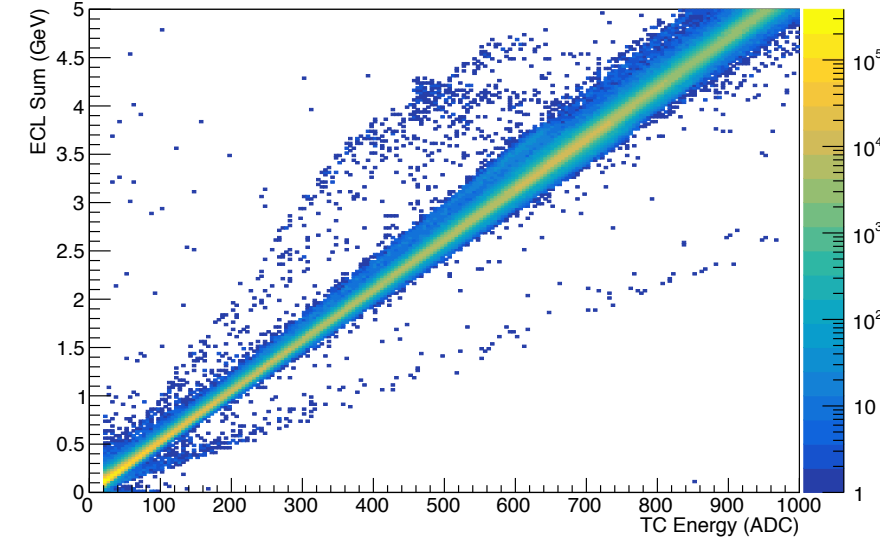
Phase2 e0003 r5000~5613



Phase3 e0008 r00303



Phase3 e0008 r01790



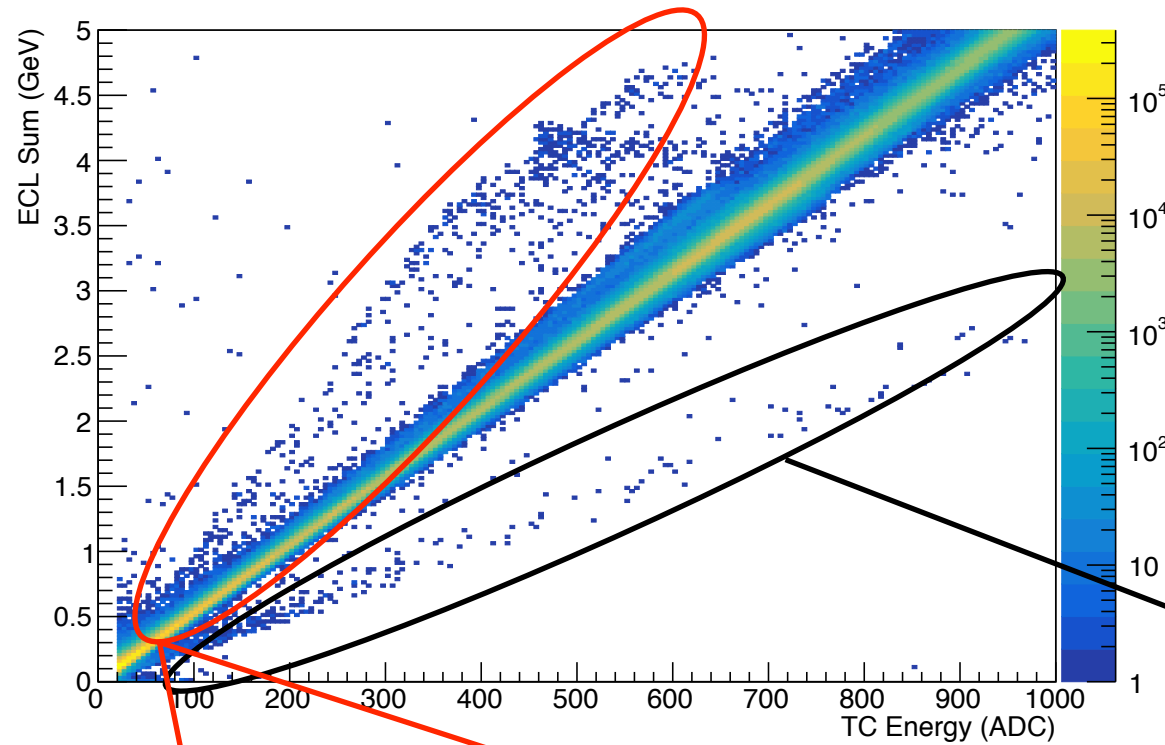
attenuator coefficients update
(first application just before Phase3)

attenuator coefficients update

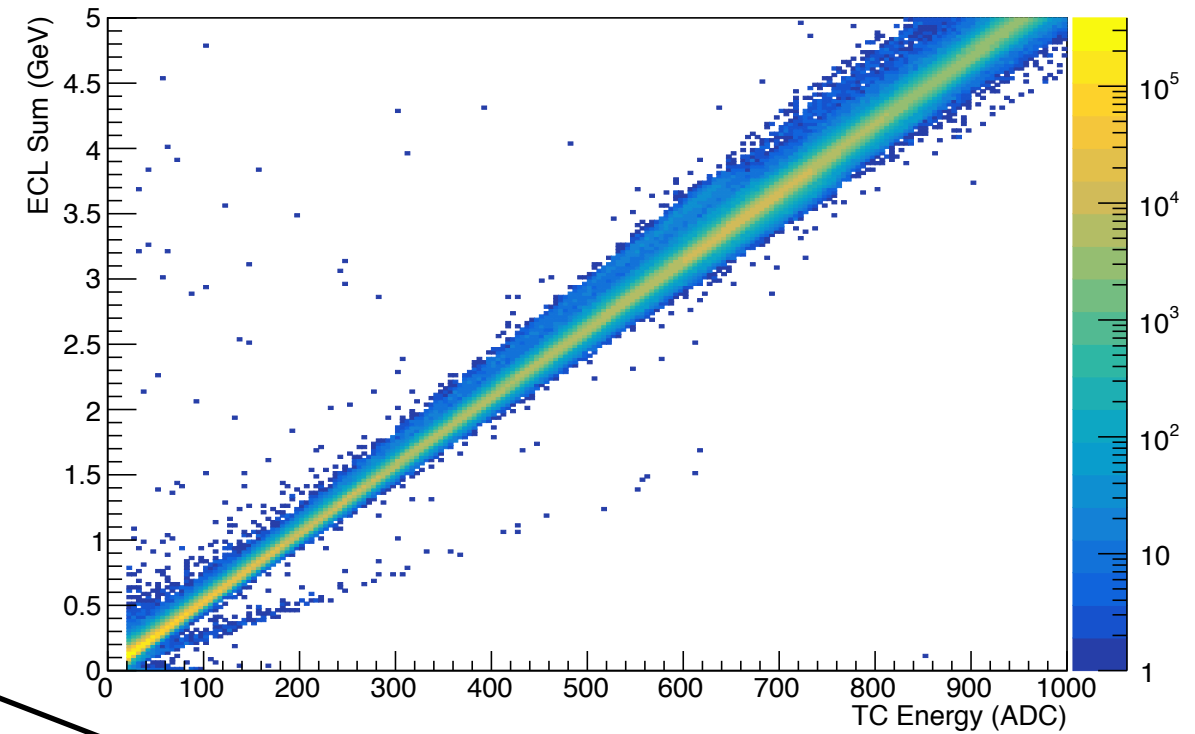
- Energy calibration method had been changed
 - TC by TC calibration(Phase2) → Attenuator calibration (crystal by crystal)
- Resolution seems quite improved. (compared to Phase2)

Mis-calibrated TCs

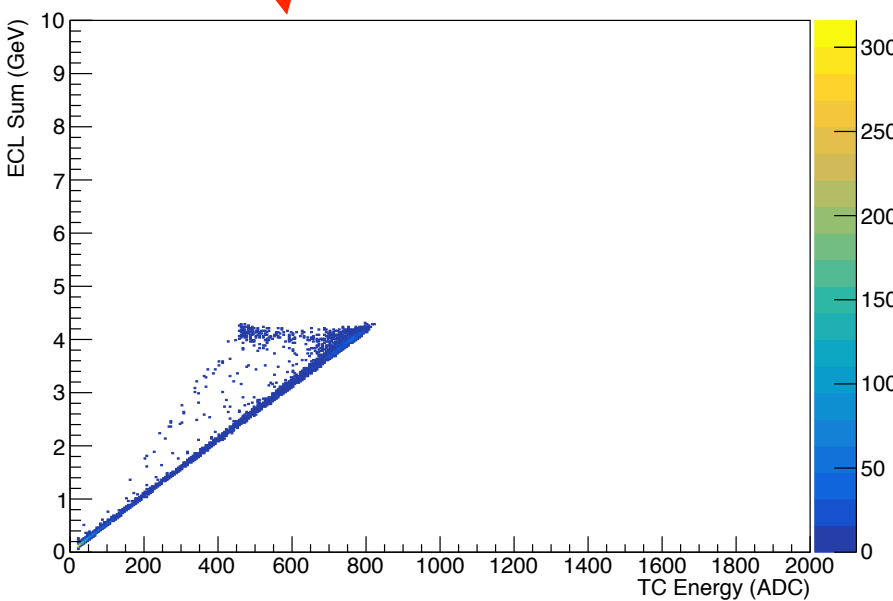
Phase III e0008 r01790



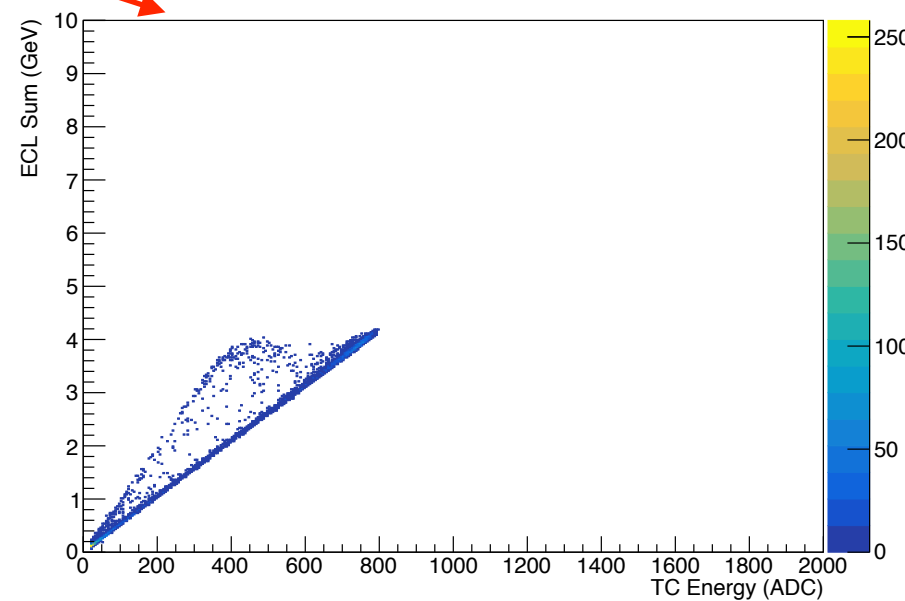
w/o TC199, 271, 485



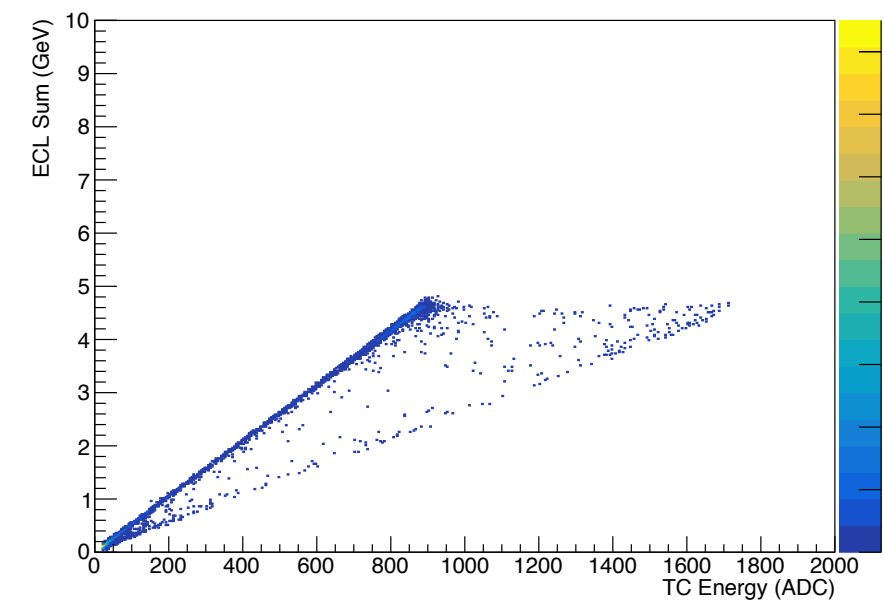
TC 199



TC 271



TC 485

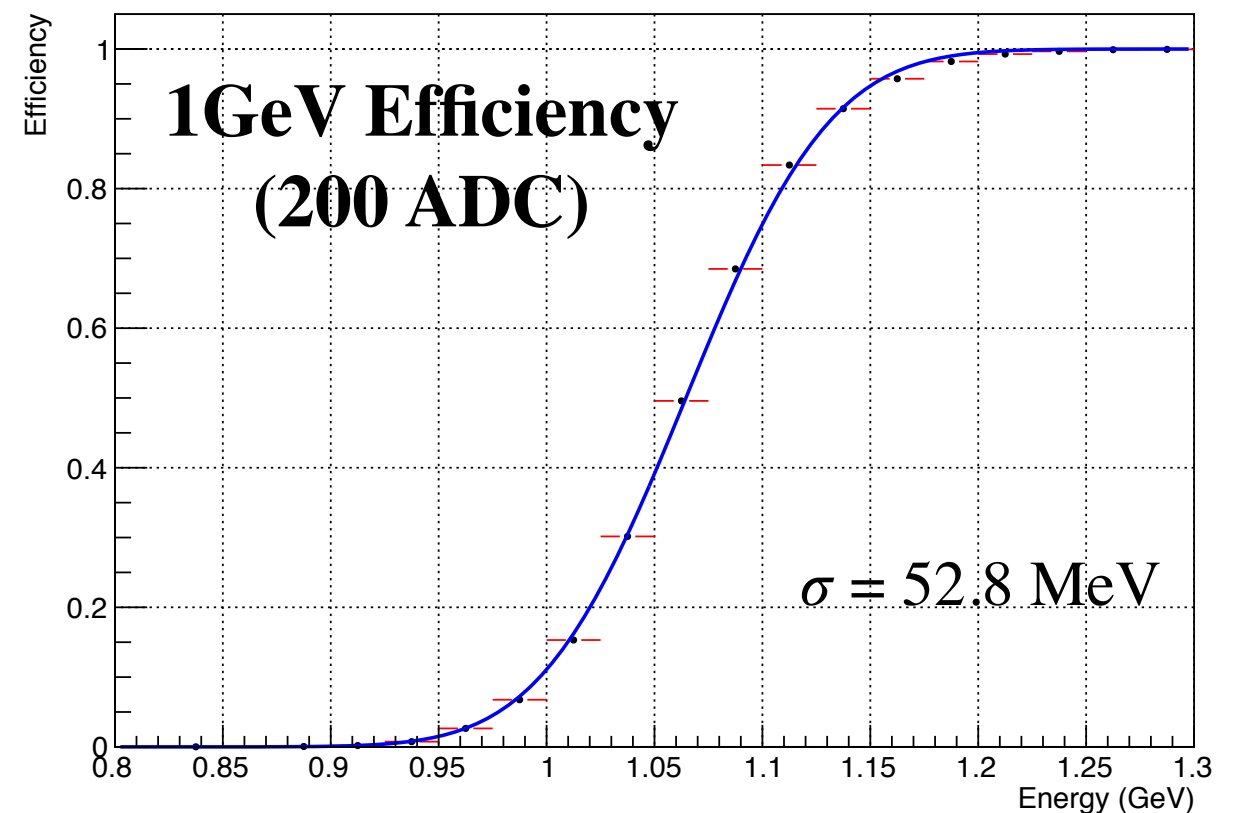
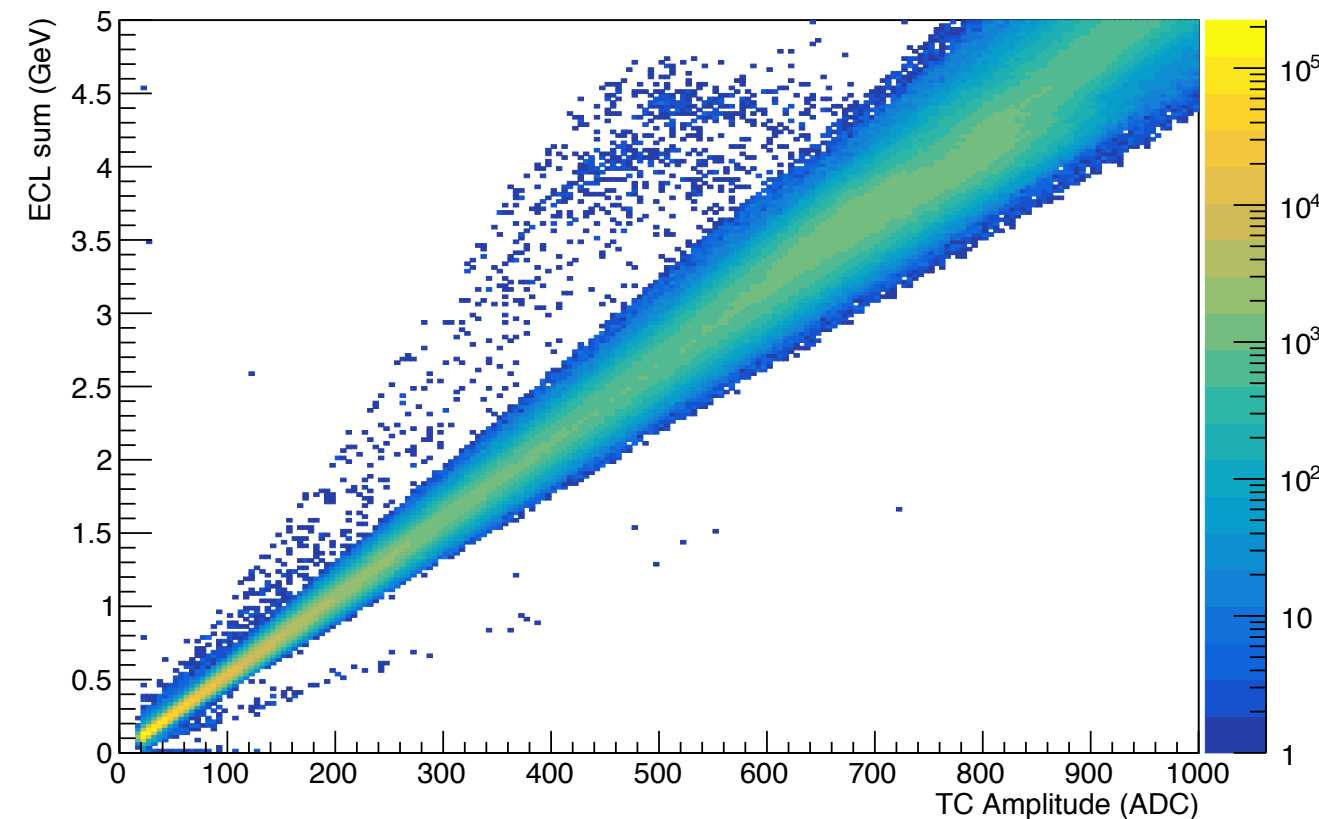


Review Phase II

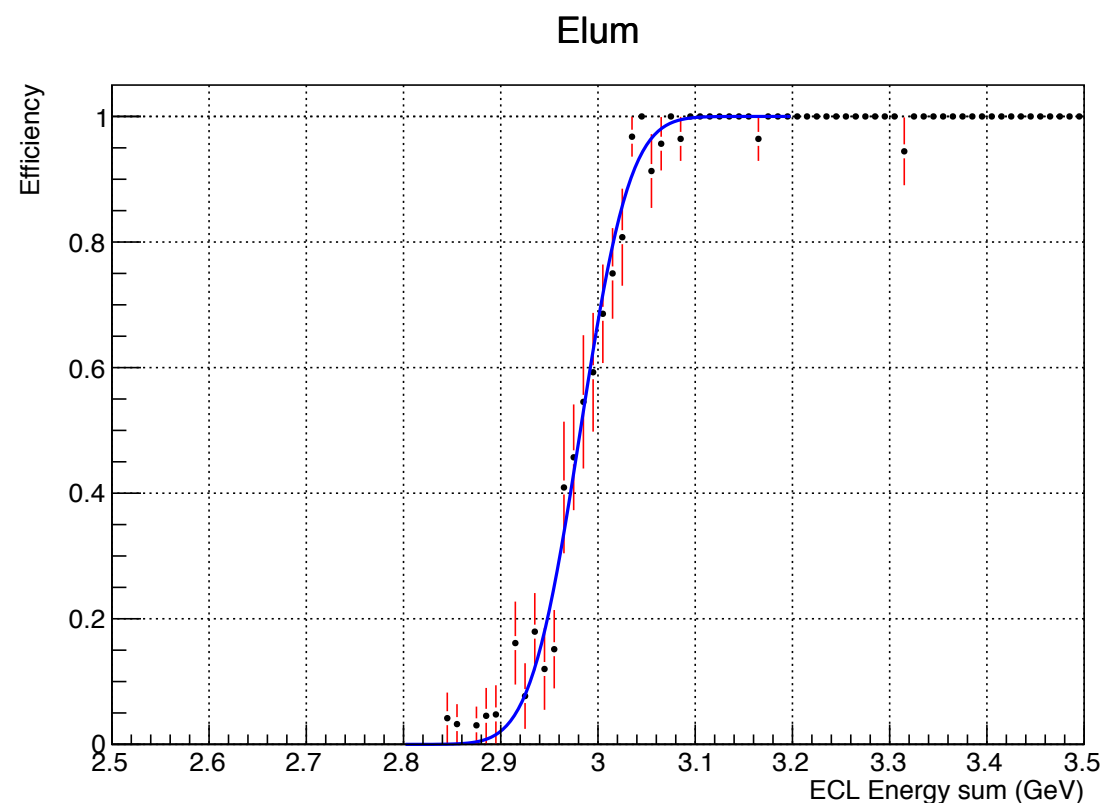
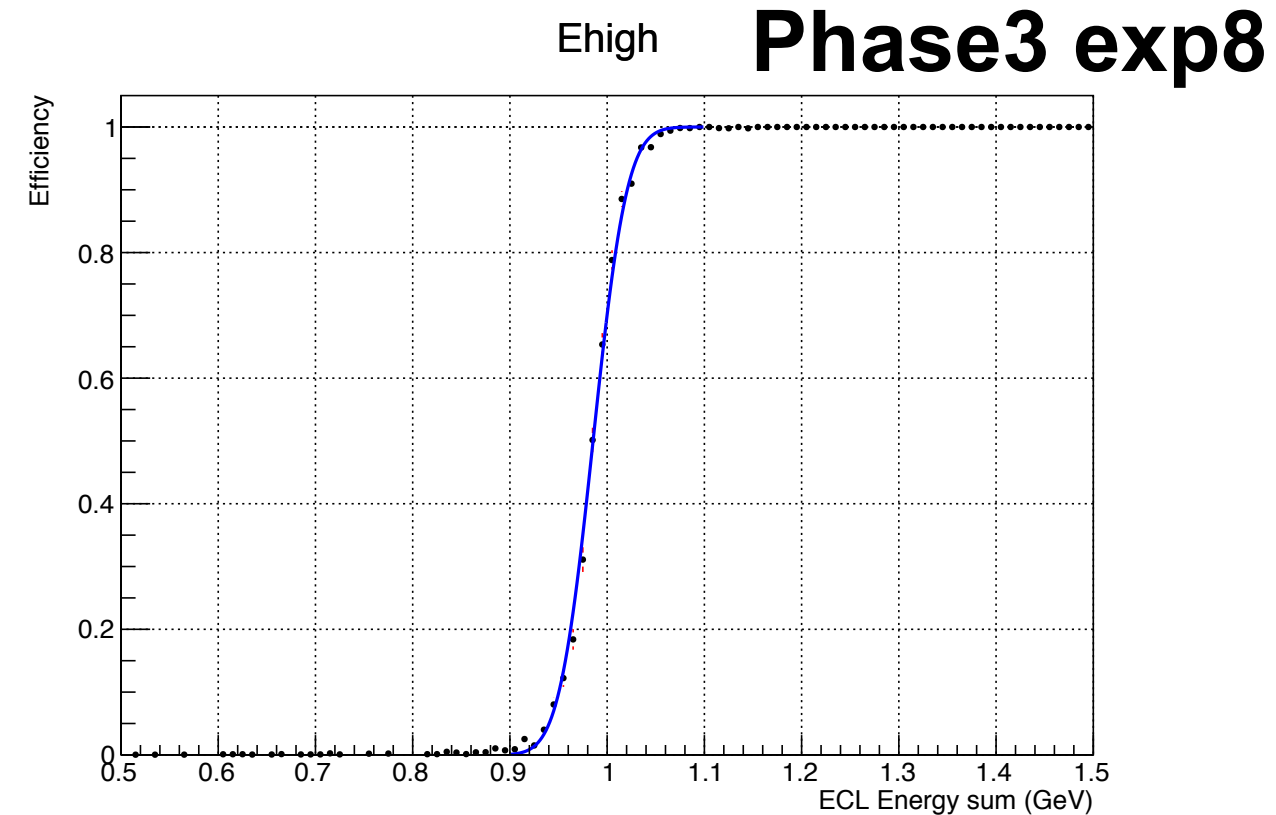
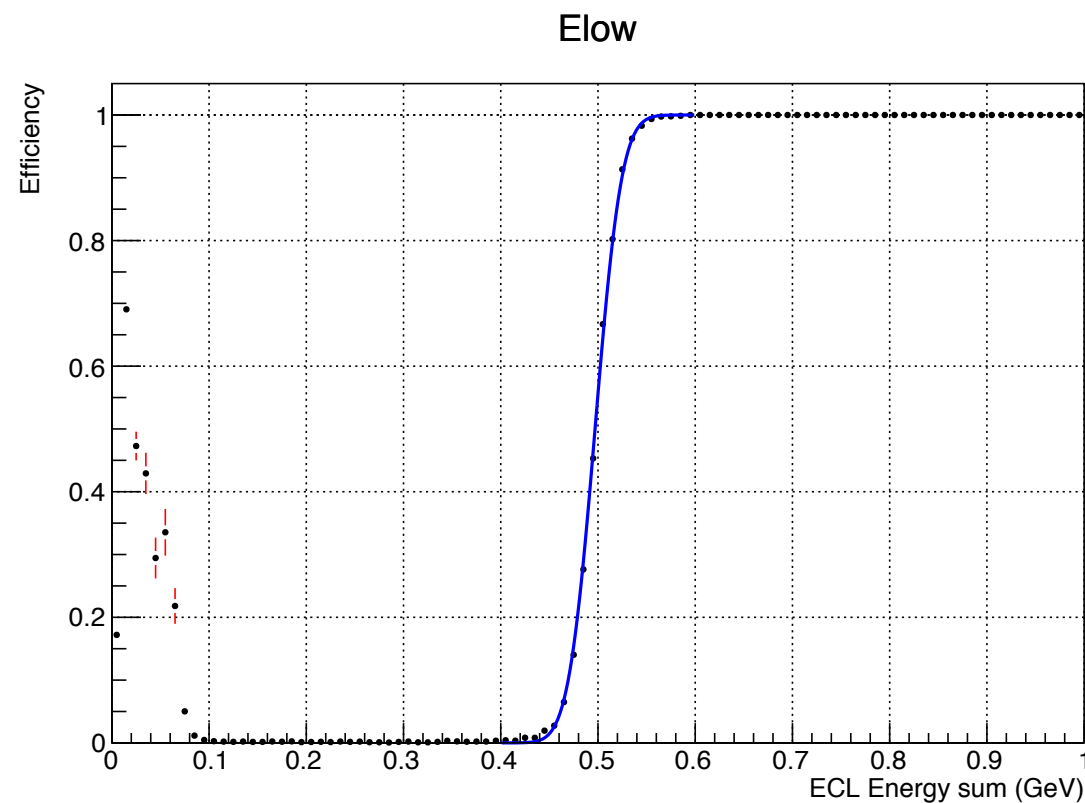
prod6 Bhabha skim e0003.5000~5613

(During Phase-II ETM used 5 MeV/ADC)

Raw data (5 MeV/ADC)



Efficiency Triggered by E_L , E_H , E_{Lum}



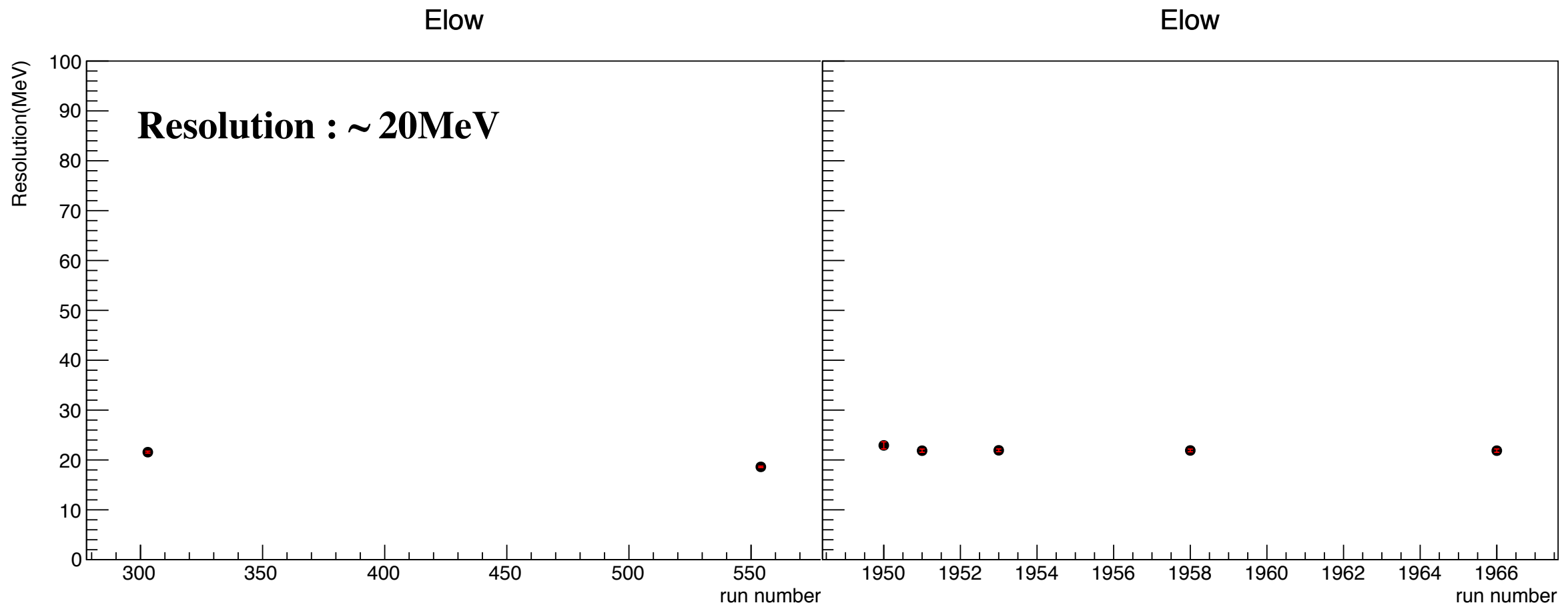
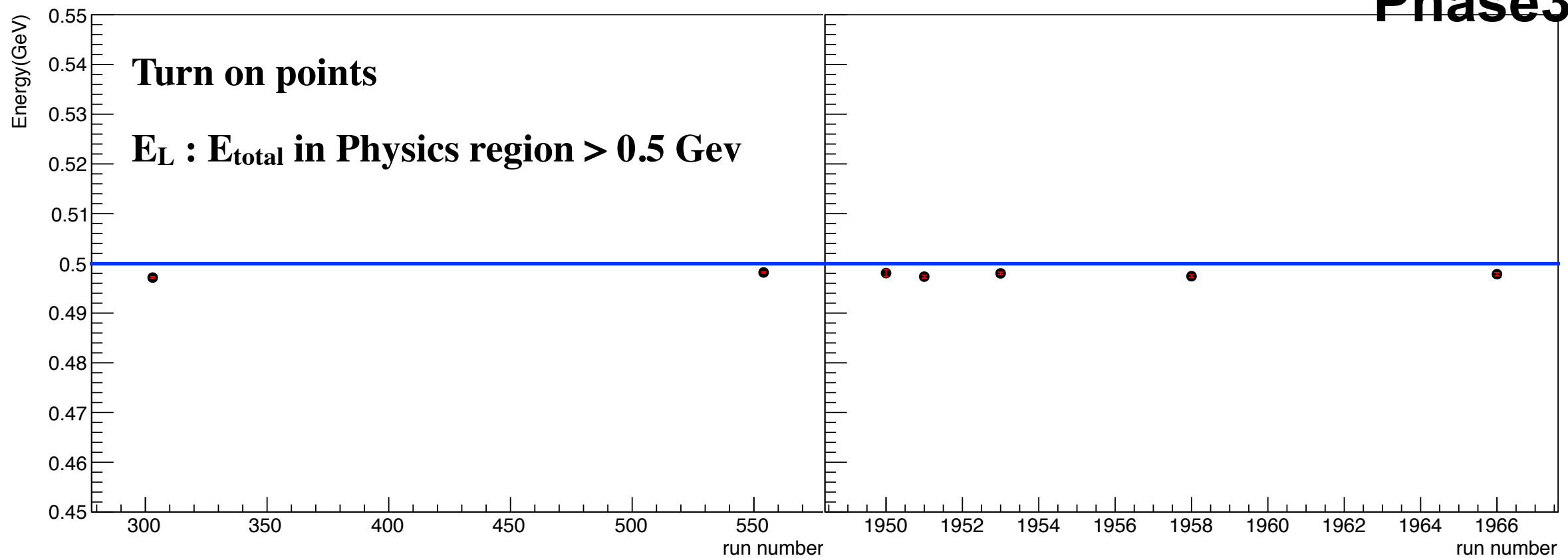
Fit function : $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \text{erf}(\frac{x - p_0}{p_1}))$

p_0 : turn on threshold

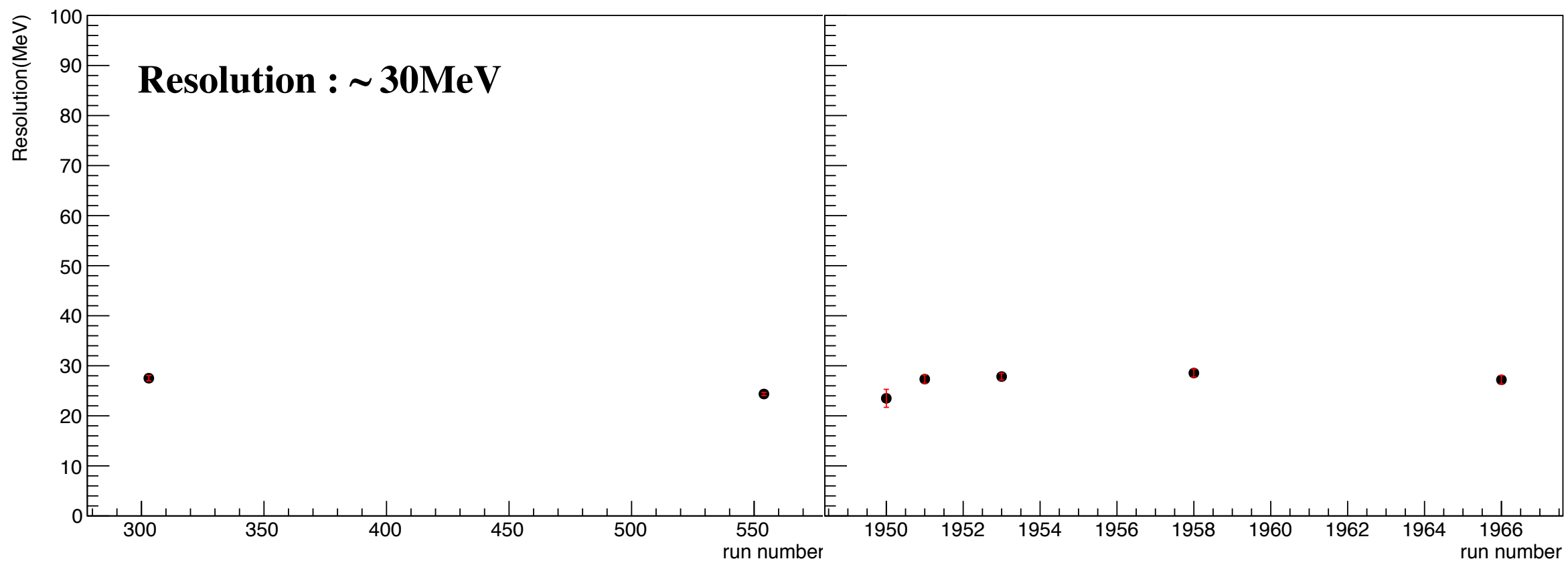
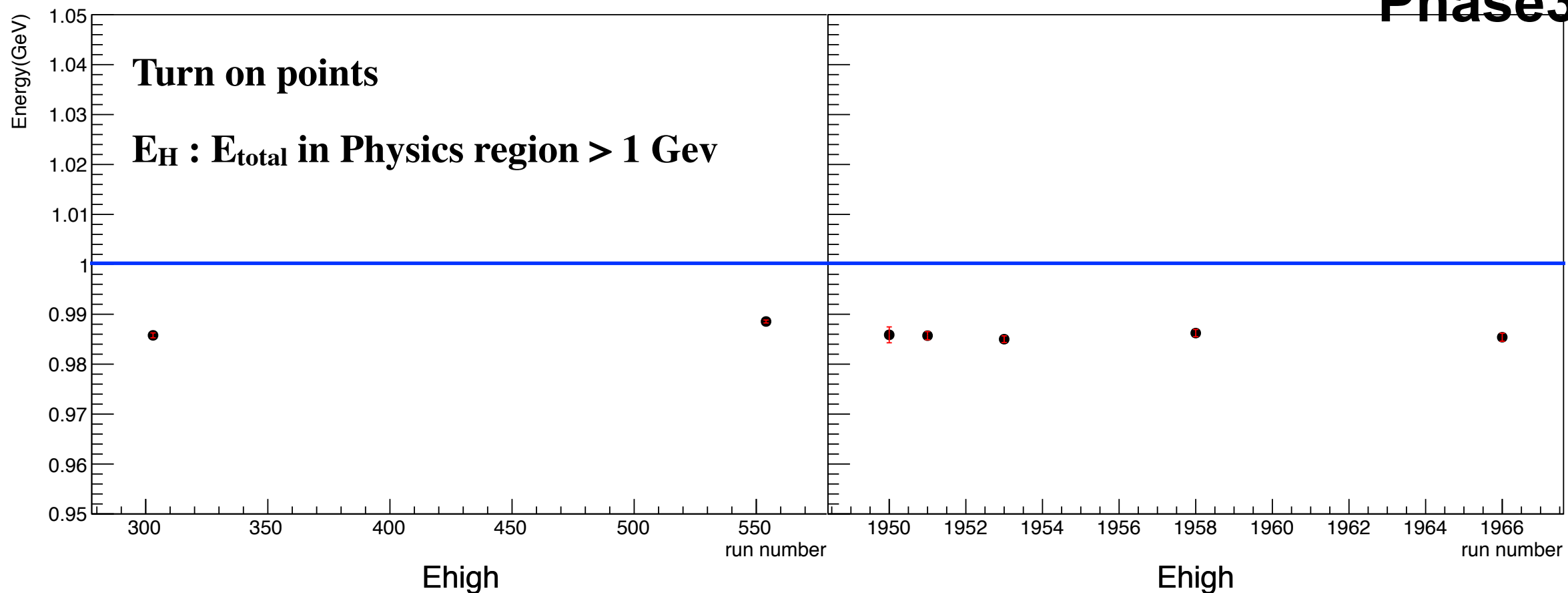
$$p_1 = \sqrt{2}\sigma$$

Efficiency Triggered by E_L , E_H , E_{Lum}

Phase3 exp8

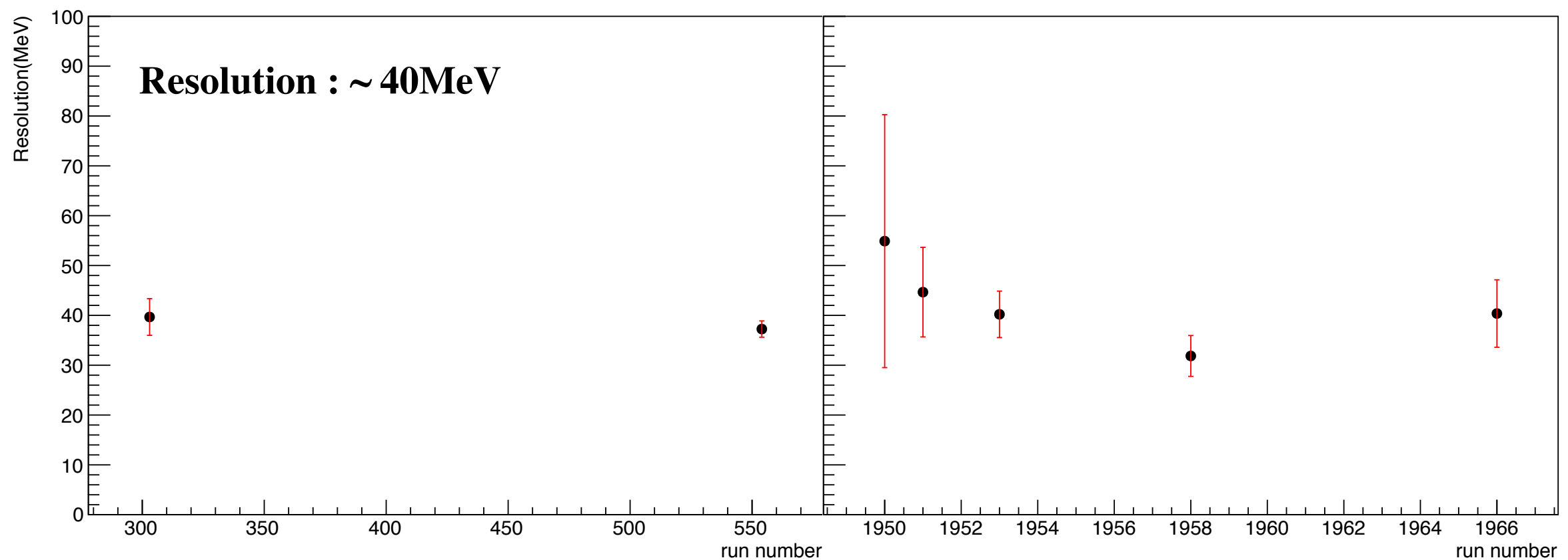
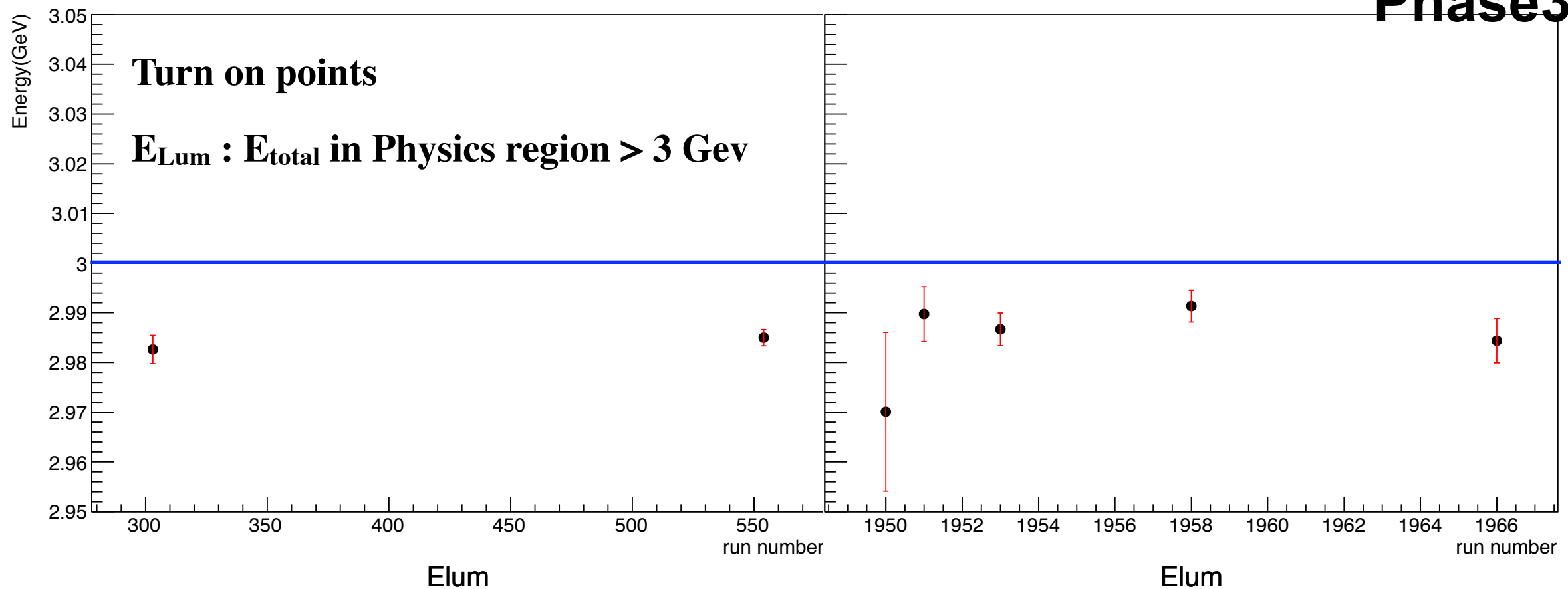


Efficiency Triggered by E_L , E_H , E_{Lum}



Efficiency Triggered by E_L , E_H , E_{Lum}

Phase3 exp8

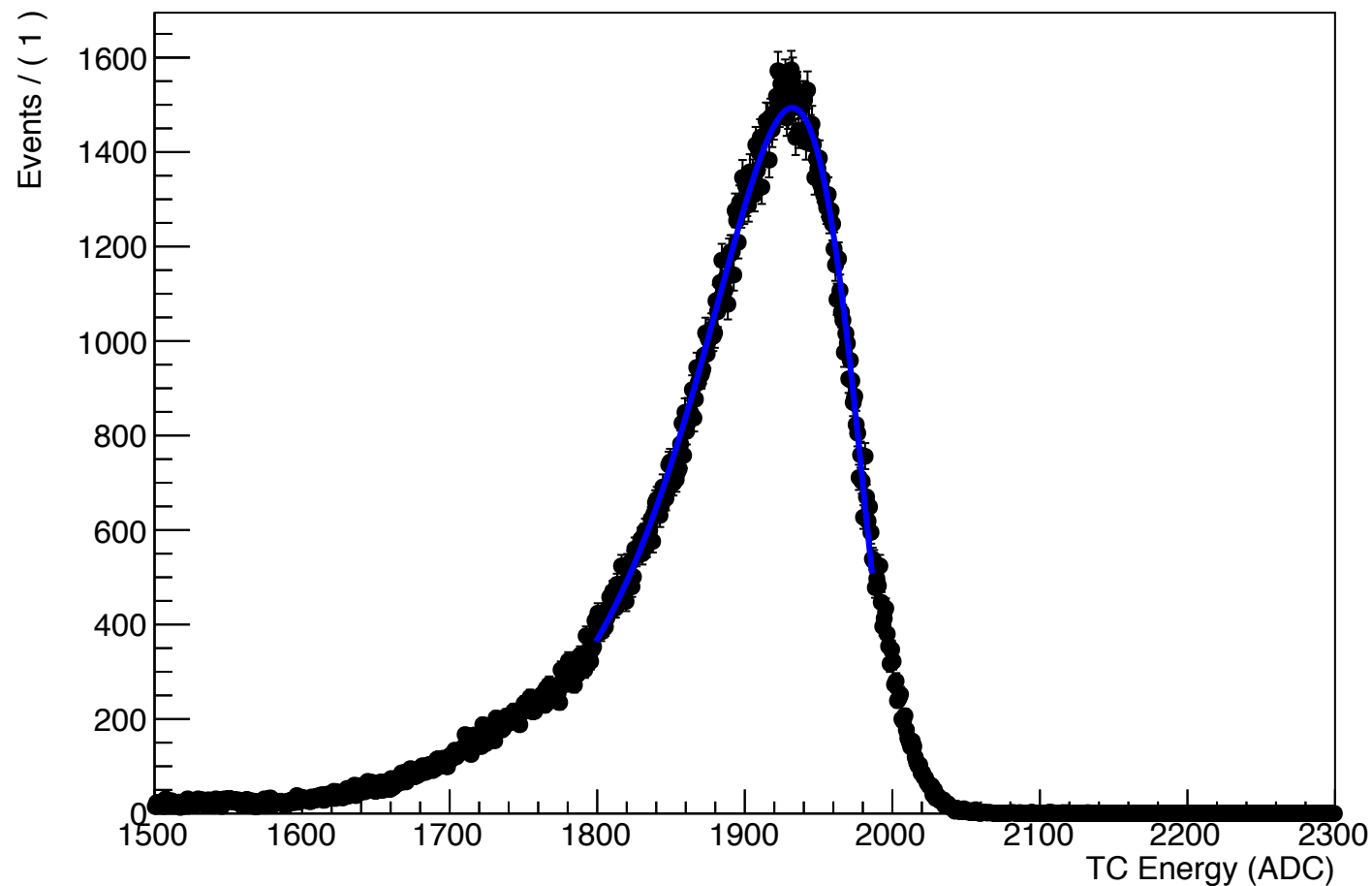


Efficiency Triggered by E_L , E_H , E_{Lum}

	Condition	Resolution	Energy difference
Elow	$> 0.5\text{GeV}$	$\sim 20\text{ MeV}$	$\sim 1\text{ MeV}$
Ehigh	$> 1\text{GeV}$	$\sim 25\text{ MeV}$	$\sim 15\text{ MeV}$
Elum	$> 3\text{GeV}$	$\sim 40\text{ MeV}$	$\sim 15\text{ MeV}$
Phase II 1GeV	$> 1\text{GeV}$	53MeV	$\sim 50\text{ MeV}$

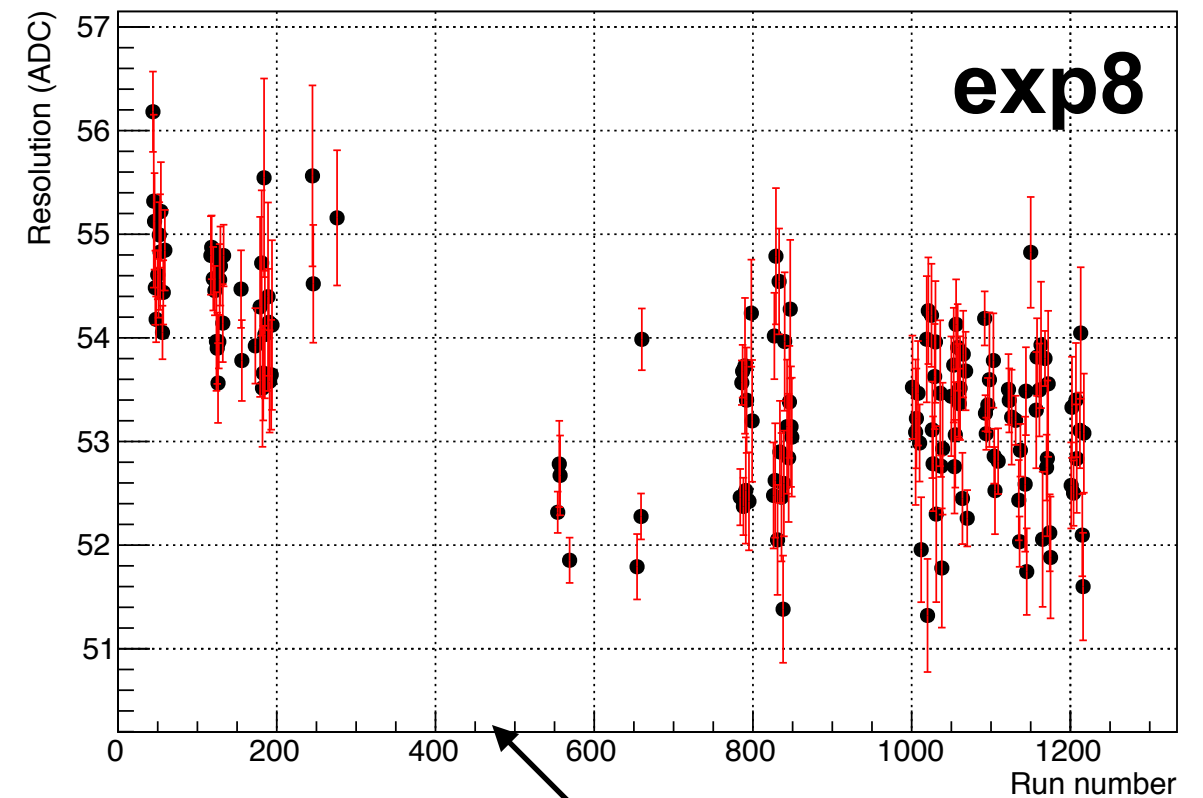
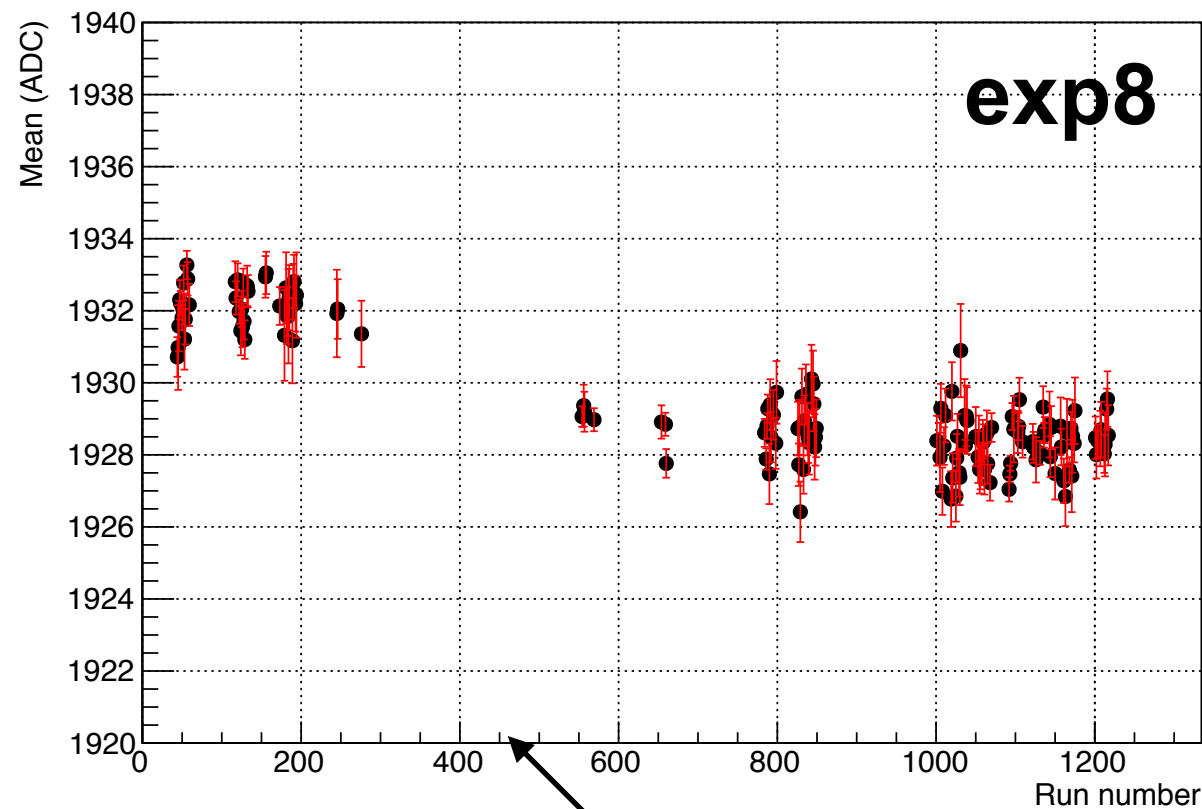
- When we look at the efficiency plots triggered by Elow, Ehigh and Elum, Turn on point seems stable
- Turn on points are slightly lower than given condition ($\sim 1\text{ MeV}$, $\sim 15\text{MeV}$, $\sim 15\text{MeV}$ for Elow, Ehigh, Elum respectively)
- Of course, resolution is improved ($52.8\text{MeV} \rightarrow 25\text{MeV}$ at 1GeV)

Energy sum of two clusters



- Selection criteria
 - Entries > 1M for each run
 - Bhabha_veto == 1
 - Number of Clusters == 2
- Fit to Novosibirisk function

Energy sum of two clusters



- TC cluster energy sum looks quite stable (mean values are in 2~3 ADC)
- Attenuator update slightly affects on energy mean and resolution

T0 calibration algorithm

- Same as ECL time offset calibration algorithm

$$f(t'_1, \dots, t'_{576}) = \sum_{n,i,j} \frac{(t_i^n - t_j^n - t'_i + t'_j)^2}{(\sigma_{i,j}^n)^2} \rightarrow \text{minimize}$$

Inserting a **reference TC time offset** $t'_{184} = 0$,

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t'_i} = 0 \rightarrow \sum_{j \neq 184} \frac{t'_i - t'_j}{(\sigma_{i,j}^n)^2} + \frac{t'_i}{(\sigma_{i,184}^n)^2} = \sum_{j \neq 184} \frac{t_i^n - t_j^n}{(\sigma_{i,j}^n)^2} + \frac{t_i^n - t_{184}^n}{(\sigma_{i,j}^n)^2}$$

$$\left(\sum A^n \right) \vec{t'} = \sum \vec{t^n} \quad 575 \times 575 \text{ Matrix equation}$$

where, t_i^n : time for TC i in n-th event

t'_i : time offset for TC i

$(\sigma_{i,j}^n)^2 = 1/(E_i^n)^2 + 1/(E_j^n)^2$: time resolution

E_i^n : Energy deposit for TC i in n-th event

Currently,

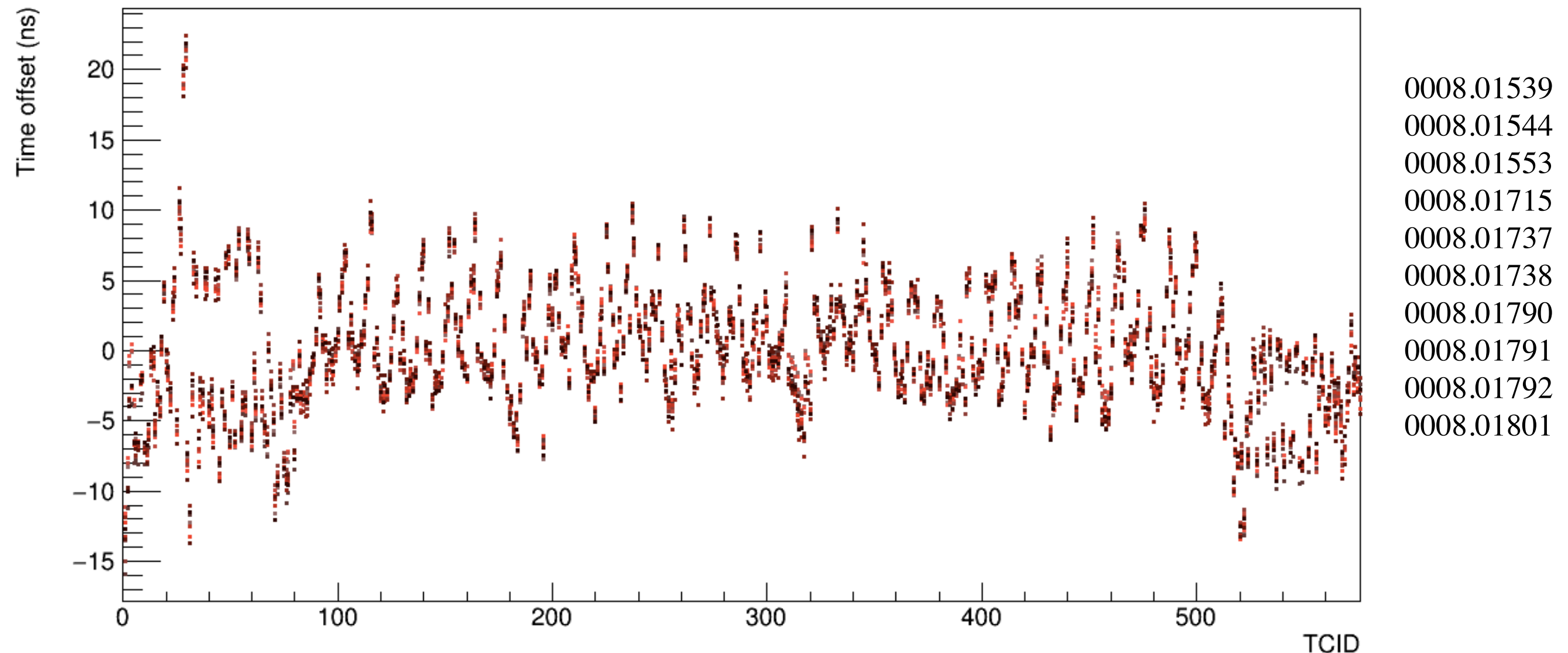
1ns at 1GeV

5.25 MeV / ADC

Timing shift issue

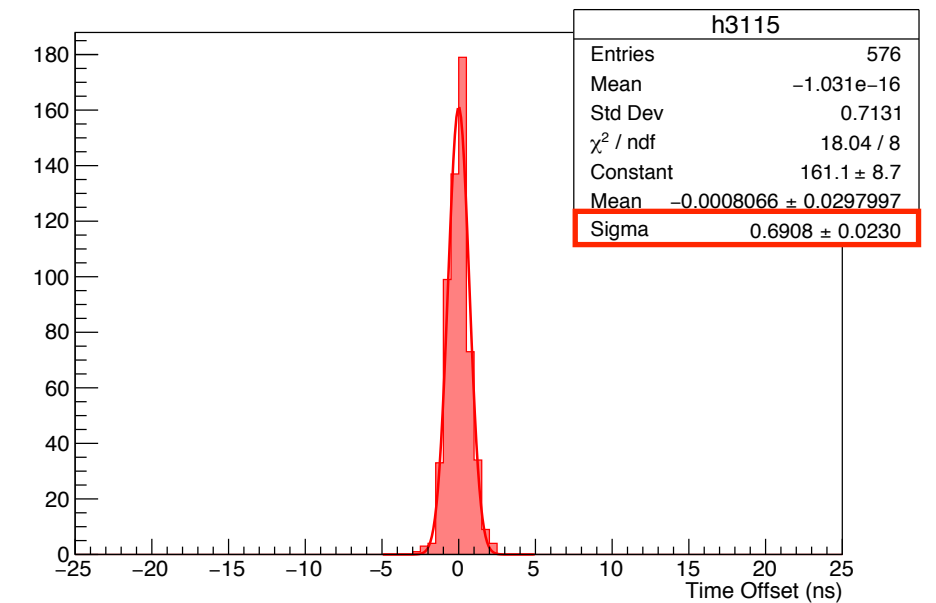
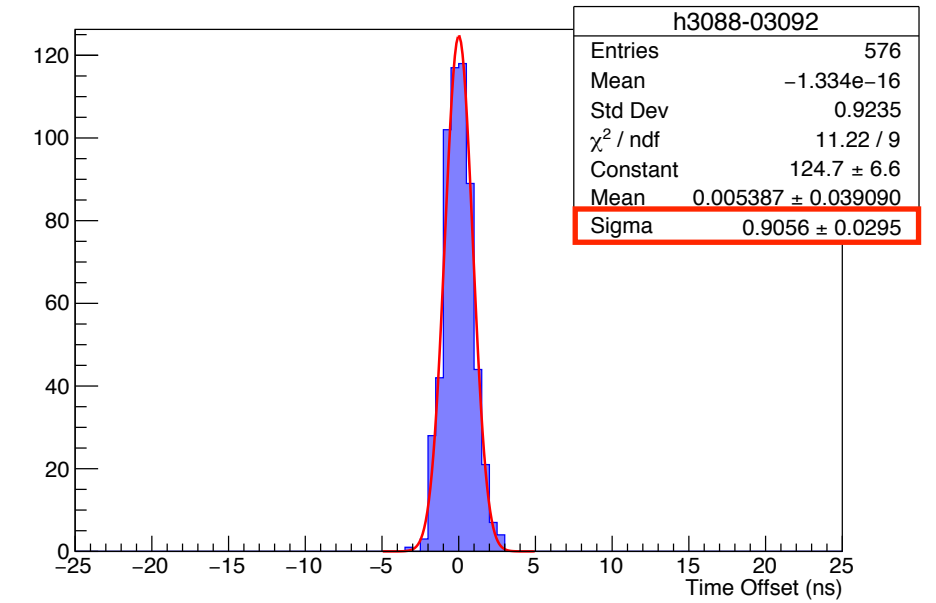
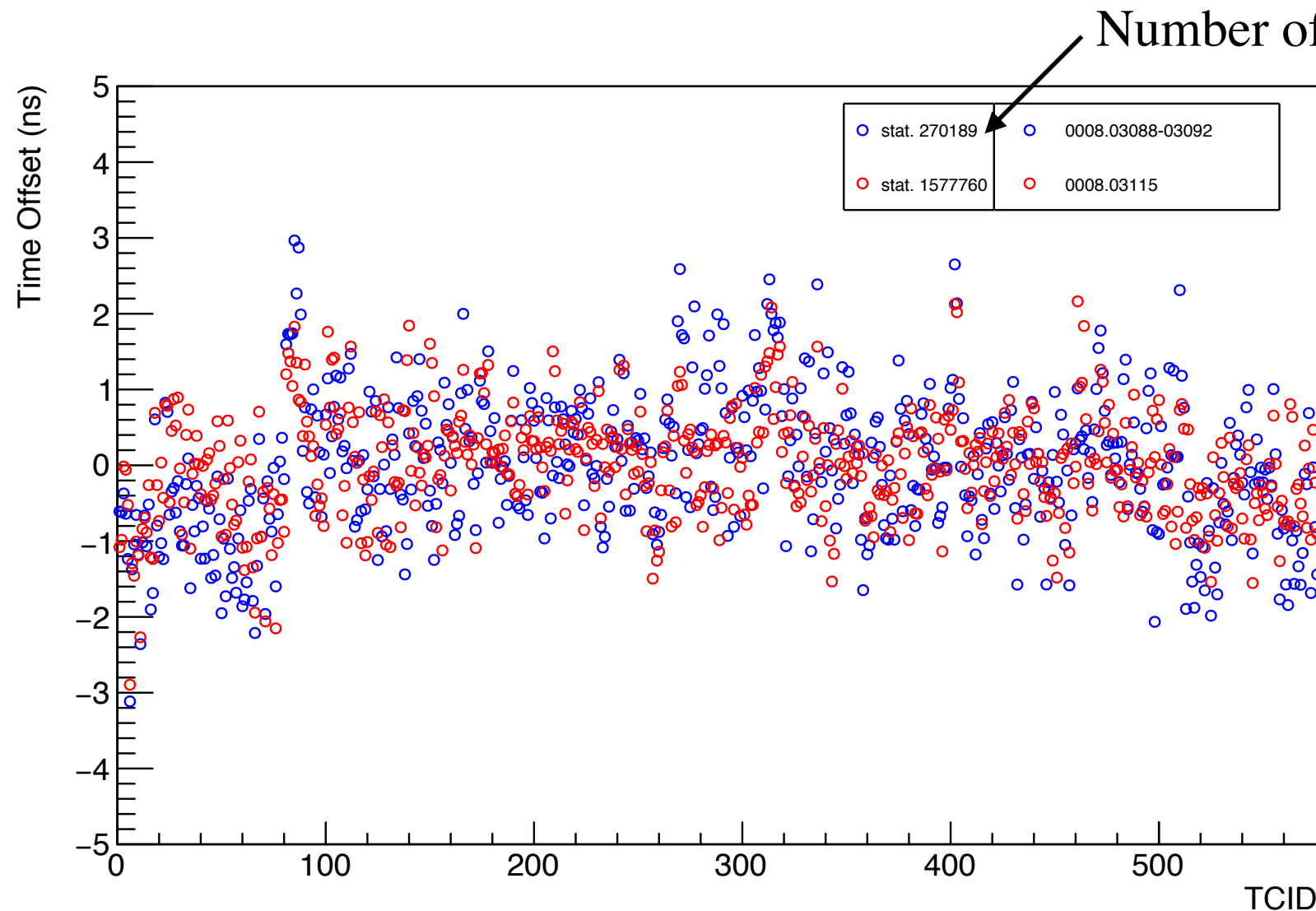
- Unno san found FAM firmware problem and fixed it during phase3 run
- Time offset calibration was resumed (last B2GM).
- TC timing became stable.
- New time offset was updated on FAM and it is applied from exp8 run02974.

Time offset



- We resumed time offset calibration
- Few ns deviation
- Time offset was updated during Phase3 (this update is reflected from e8 run2974)
- Prompt Bhabha skim && 3D Bhabha veto == 1
- $1\text{GeV} < \text{TC energy} < 10\text{ GeV}$
- # of entries $> 10\text{M}$ for each run

After time offset download



- After time offset parameter was downloaded on FAM, Time offset estimation was performed.
- Deviation less than 1ns

Status / Plan

- Attenuator calibration shows improvement of accuracy and resolution
- TC timing/energy looks quite stable during Phase III
- Large time resolution from Xtal by Xtal timing discrepancy
- Time offset calibration module is released (from release 04)

- **New attenuator coefficient preparation by using cosmic before next physics run**
- **Preparation of attenuator calibration module**
- **Test pulse utilization**
 - **Automatization of energy and timing calibration**

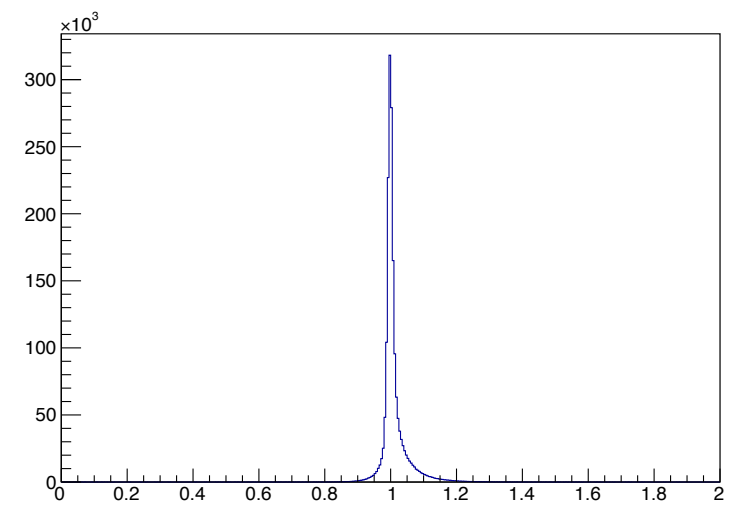
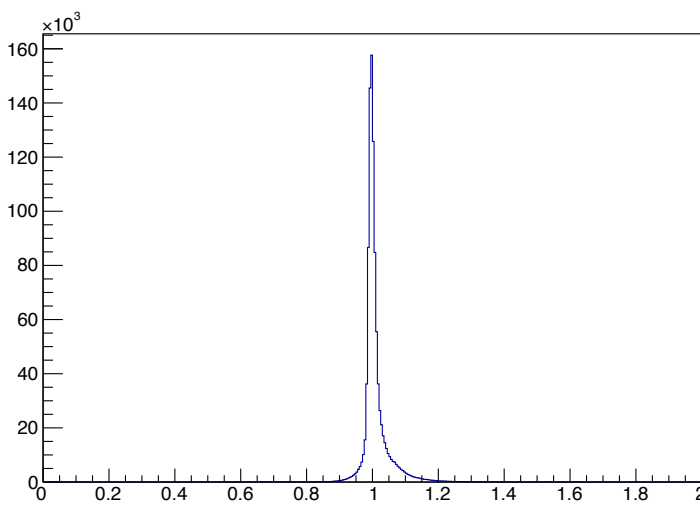
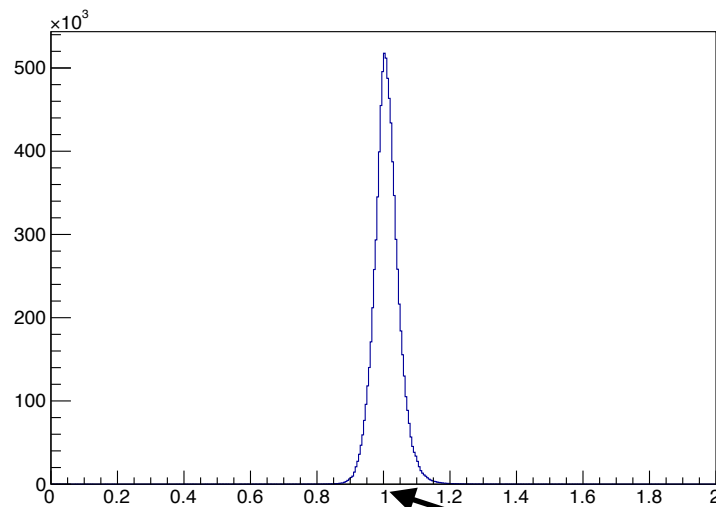
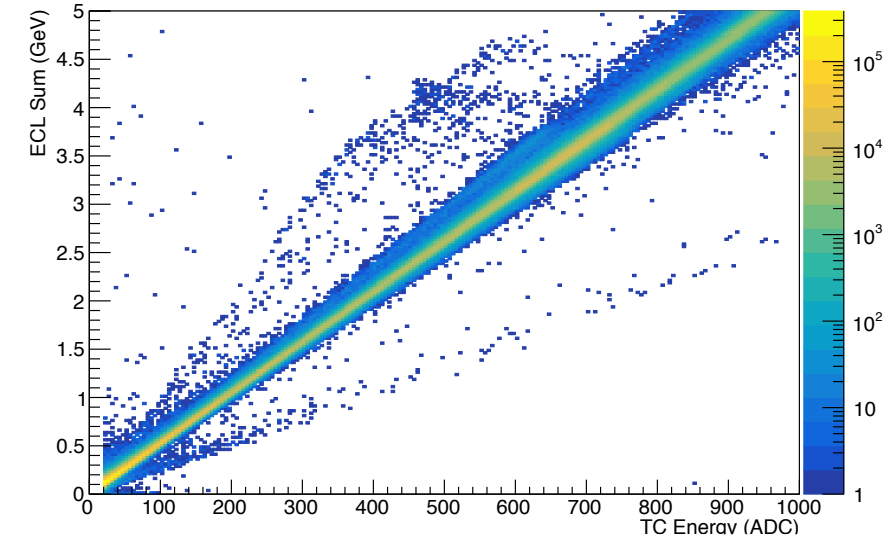
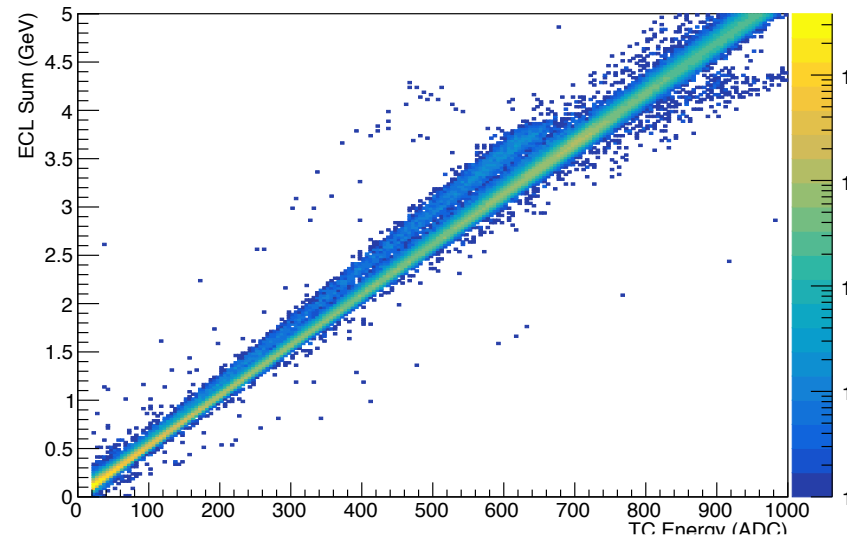
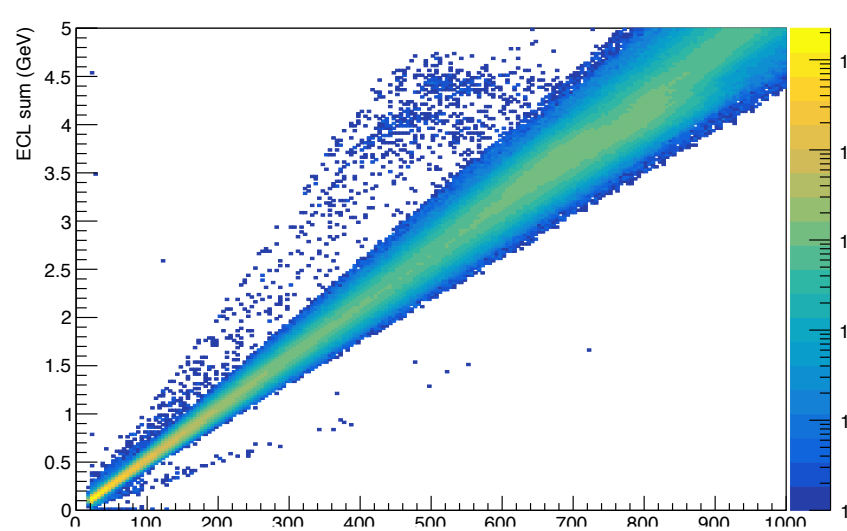
back up

2D ECL vs. TRG scattered plot

Phase2 e0003 r5000~5613

Phase3 e0008 r00303

Phase3 e0008 r01790



$\tan^{-1}(\text{slope})$ distribution : “1” correspond to 5.25MeV/ADC

