

A_{LR} with $B\bar{B}$ events

The left-right asymmetry is defined as

$$A_{LR} \equiv \frac{\sigma(e_R^+ e_L^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}) - \sigma(e_L^+ e_R^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow f\bar{f})}{\sigma(e_R^+ e_L^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}) + \sigma(e_L^+ e_R^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow f\bar{f})}$$

$$A_{LR} \equiv \frac{\sigma_L - \sigma_R}{\sigma_L + \sigma_R}$$

$$A_{LR} = \frac{\sigma_L - \sigma_R}{\sigma_L + \sigma_R} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{G_{FS}}{4\pi\alpha Q_f} \right) (g_A^e g_V^f \langle Pol \rangle) \propto T_3^f - 2Q_f \sin^2 \theta_w$$

With 70% polarized electron beam get unprecedented precision for neutral current vector couplings

Final State Fermion	SM g_V^f (M_Z)	World Average ¹ g_V^f	Chiral Belle σ 20 ab^{-1}	Chiral Belle σ 40 ab^{-1}	Chiral Belle $\sigma \sin^2 \Theta_w$ 40 ab^{-1}
b-quark (eff.=0.3)	-0.3437 \pm .0001	-0.3220 \pm 0.0077 (high by 2.8 σ)	0.002 Improve x4	0.002	0.003
c-quark (eff. = 0.3)	+0.1920 \pm 0.0002	+0.1873 \pm 0.0070	0.001 Improve x7	0.001	0.0007
Tau (eff. = 0.25)	-0.0371 \pm 0.0003	-0.0366 \pm 0.0010	0.0008	0.0006	0.0003
Muon (eff. = 0.5)	-0.0371 \pm 0.0003	-0.03667 \pm 0.0023	0.0005 Improve x 5	0.0004	0.0002
Electron (1nb acceptance)	-0.0371 \pm 0.0003	-0.03816 \pm 0.00047	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002

1 - Physics Report Vol 427, Nos 5-6 (2006), ALEPH, OPAL, L3, DELPHI, SLD

$\sin^2 \Theta_w$ - all LEP+SLD measurements combined WA = 0.23153 \pm 0.00016

$\sin^2 \Theta_w$ - Chiral Belle combined leptons with 20 ab^{-1} have error \sim 0.00016

B-counting strategy

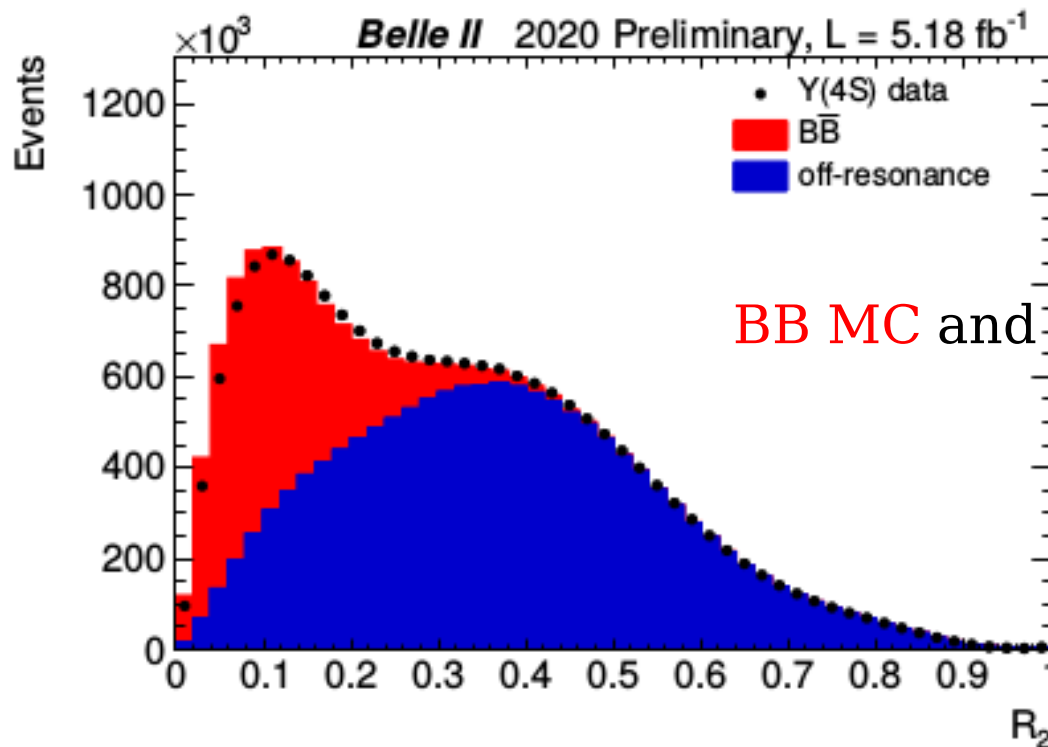
Selection

- Events must pass the hlt hadron skim
- $\#goodClusters \geq 3$
- $\#goodTracks \geq 3$
- $E_{vis} > 4 \text{ GeV}$
- $0 \text{ GeV} < p_z < 5 \text{ GeV}$
- $2 \text{ GeV} < E_{ECL} < 7 \text{ GeV}$

Definition of **goodTracks** and **goodClusters**

goodClusters: $E > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$,
 θ in CDC acceptance

goodTracks: $pt > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$,
 $|d0| < 1 \text{ cm}$, $|z0| < 2 \text{ cm}$



B-counting strategy (M. Merola)

Motivation of B-counting

- N_{BB} important input for branching ratio measurements
- $N_{BB} = L \cdot \sigma_{BB}$ has high uncertainty due to the uncertainty on σ_{BB} (2-5%)

$$N_{BB} = \left(N_{had}^{on-res} - R_{lumi} \cdot N_{had}^{off-res} \cdot \kappa \right) / \epsilon_{BB}$$

Number of selected hadronic events in on-peak data

Estimated number of non-BB events in on-peak data

Efficiency of hadronic selection for BB events

$$R_{lumi} = \frac{L^{on}}{L^{off}}$$

Ratio of measured luminosities

$$\kappa = \frac{\sum_i \epsilon_i \cdot \sigma_i}{\sum_i \epsilon'_i \cdot \sigma'_i}$$

Efficiencies and cross sections of non-BB processes in on-peak and off-peak (primed quantities) data.

B-counting strategy (M. Merola)

$$N_{BB} = \left(N_{had}^{on-res} - R_{lumi} \cdot N_{had}^{off-res} \cdot \kappa \right) / \varepsilon_{BB}$$

Evaluation of N_{BB} per each «bunch» of data. For the data subtraction we consider the closest off-resonance to the on-resonance data.

For the measurement we need:

- $R_{lumi} = \frac{L^{on}}{L^{off}}$: evaluation of luminosity of the on and off-resonance data samples
- $\kappa = \frac{\sum_i \varepsilon_i \cdot \sigma_i}{\sum_i \varepsilon'_i \cdot \sigma'_i}$: evaluation of the efficiencies of each process i at the two cms energies. Need MC samples at $E_{cms} = 10.579$ GeV (on-resonance) and $E_{cms} = 10.519$ GeV (off-resonance). Since the efficiencies may depend on the backgrounds and beam conditions \rightarrow use run-dependent MC
- ε_{BB} : evaluation of BB selection efficiency \rightarrow use run-dependent MC

B-counting strategy (M. Merola)

Source	systematics on N_{BB} (%)
luminosity measurement	0.9
selection efficiency	0.5
beam energy spread and shift	0.5
tracking efficiency	0.1
trigger efficiency	0.2
Total	1.1



In order to evaluate the systematic uncertainties we need:

- Stat.+syst. uncertainties on the **luminosity determination** of on and off-resonance data samples [see next slide](#)
- MC samples with cms energy shifted up and down by 2 MeV w.r.t. nominal energies, in order to evaluate the **beam energy spread** effect on the efficiencies (on and off-resonance)

systematics from luminosity

Bhabha dominated measurement

correlated
(Systematic error
on the generator
model)

Source	on-peak (%)	off-peak (%)
Cross section	± 0.1	± 0.1
CM energy	± 0.3	± 0.1
θ_{cm} range	± 0.2	± 0.2
IP position	± 0.3	± 0.1
ECL location	± 0.2	± 0.1
MC statistics	± 0.1	± 0.1
Beam backgrounds	± 0.1	± 0.1
Cluster reconstruction	± 0.2	± 0.2
E_{cm} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.1
θ_{lab} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.1
θ_{cm} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.1
ϕ_{cm} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.1
Material effects	± 0.1	± 0.1
Overlapping clusters	± 0.1	± 0.1
Colliding backgrounds	± 0.1	± 0.1

uncorrelated

correlated

uncorrelated

correlated

uncorrelated

Quadrature sum
of uncorrelated uncs.

± 0.25

± 0.25

Uncertainties
on N_{BB} due to
luminosity
measurement:
0.9%

Summary

- try to describe (or more exactly gather the information) the measurement of $N(BB)$ at $Y(4S)$
- will complete this part soon $\rightarrow A_{LR}$
- will also investigate the other possibilities (B-tagging ?)