

# Slow pion reconstruction at HEPHY

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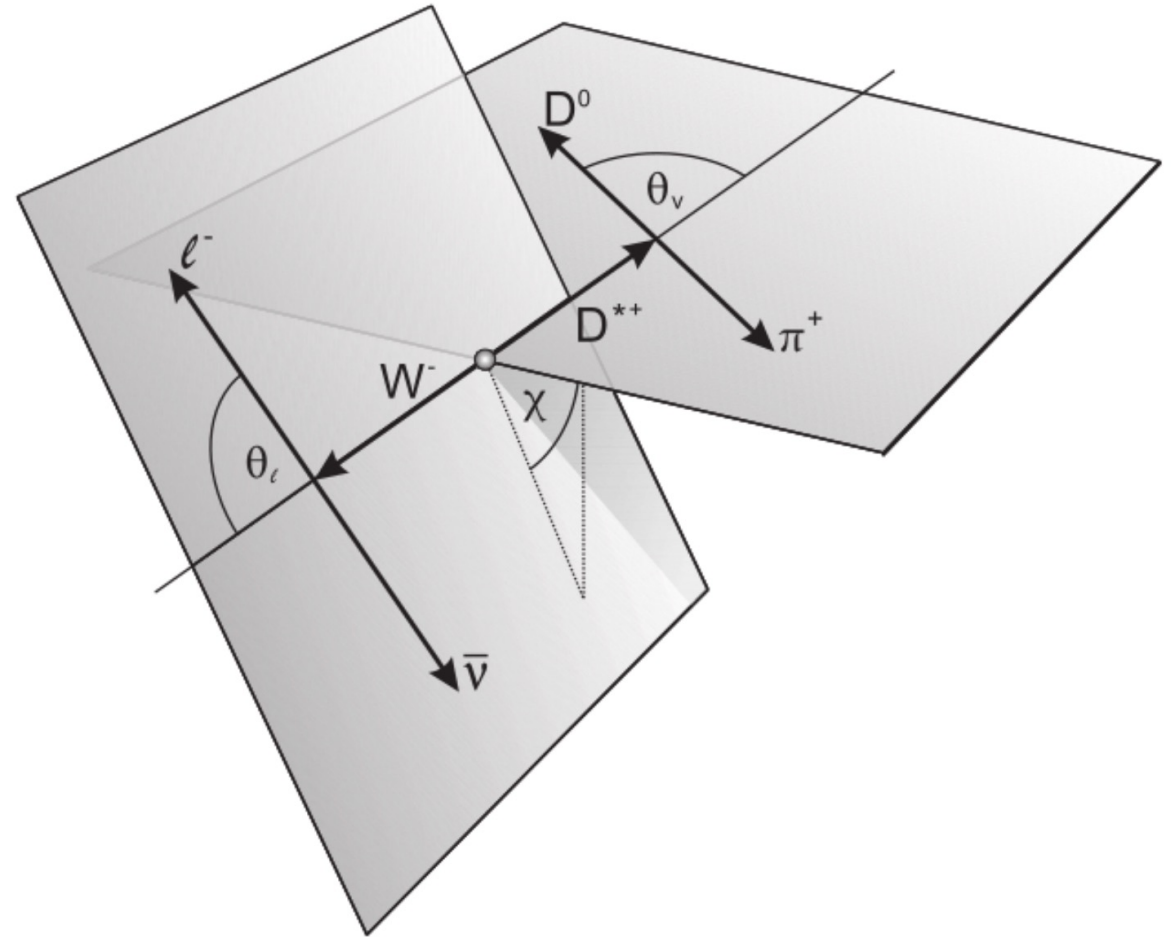
# Outline

- In this talk, I would like to comment on the physics impact of slow pion reconstruction on two analyses done in Vienna:
  1.  $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\bar{D}^0 \pi^-) l^+ \nu$  untagged ( Daniel Dorner, Sebastian Dorer )
  2.  $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 l^+ \nu$  untagged ( Philipp Horak )

# $B \rightarrow D^*(D\pi) \ell \bar{\nu}$ untagged

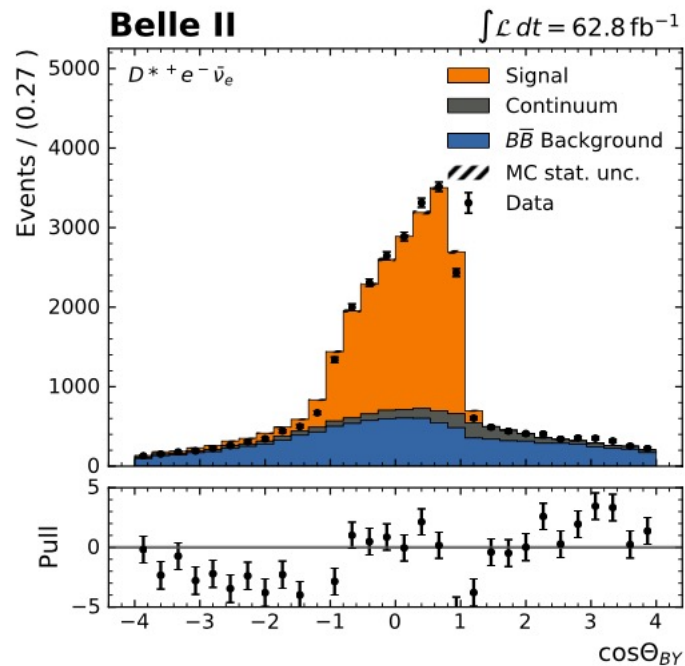
- $D^{*+}$  is searched for in the decays modes  $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+_s$  and  $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ , where  $\pi_s$  is the slow pion
- No requirement on the second B meson in Belle II Y(4S) event
- Inclusive reconstruction of the neutrino to determine kinematic variables of the decay ( $w/q^2$ ,  $\cos \theta_\ell$ ,  $\cos \theta_\nu$ ,  $\chi$ )
- Signal is extracted from the  $\cos \theta_{BY}$  distribution:

$$\cos \theta_{BY} = \frac{2 E_B^* E_Y^* - m_B^2 - m_Y^2}{2 |p_B^*| |p_Y^*|}, \quad Y = D^{*+} \ell$$

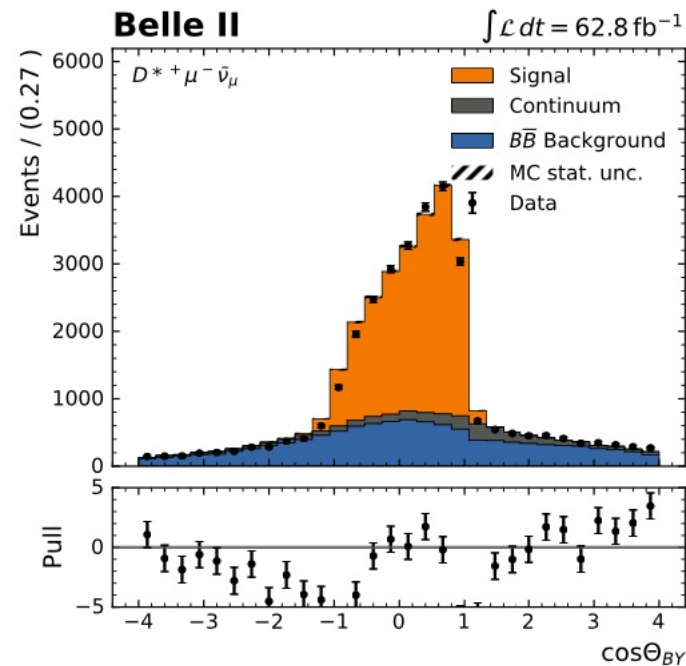


# Belle II internal release 4 results **preliminary**

Electron mode



Muon mode



**Branching Fractions**

<b>e-mode</b> [%]	$4 \pm 0.056(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.277(\text{sys.})$
<b><math>\mu</math>-mode</b> [%]	$4 \pm 0.051(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.287(\text{sys.})$
<b>combined</b> [%]	$4 \pm 0.037(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.288(\text{sys.})$

Statistics are not an issue for this analysis but systematics are very significant!

# Belle II internal release 4 results (2)

Rel. Systematics		
	e-mode [%]	$\mu$ -mode [%]
$K, \pi, \ell$ Tracking	2.1	2.1
$\pi_s$ Tracking	4.8	4.8
MC Statistics	0.1	0.1
Charm Br	1.1	1.1
$N_{B^0}$	1.8	1.8
Lepton ID	1.0	1.9
Form Factor	0.3	0.4
Total	5.7	6.0

Systematics are dominated by the uncertainty in slow pion reconstruction

In comparison: Belle PRD 100, 052007 (2019)

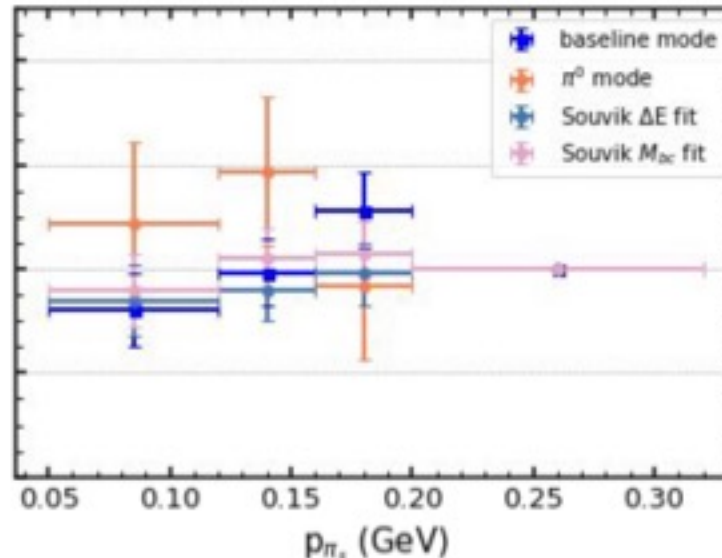
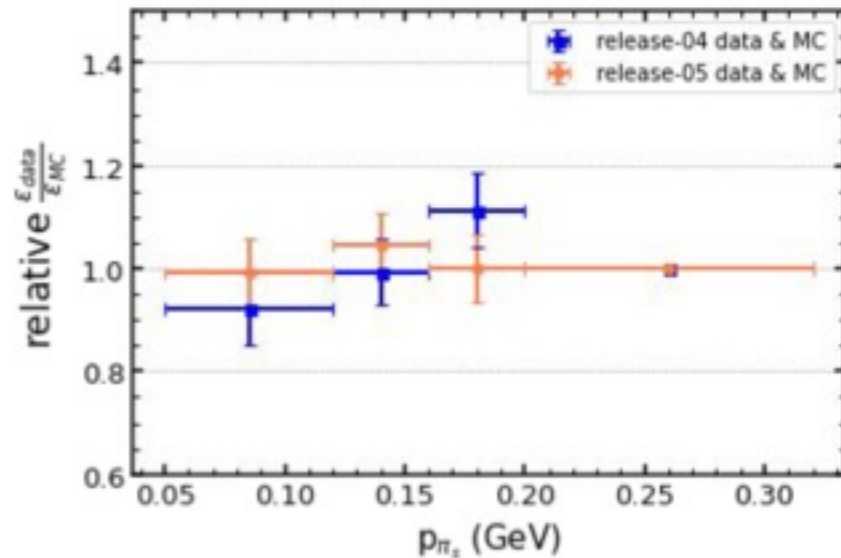
Source	$\rho^2$	$R_1(1)$	$R_2(1)$	$\mathcal{F}(1) V_{cb} $ [%]	$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}\ell^+\nu_\ell)$ [%]
Slow pion efficiency	0.005	0.002	0.001	0.65	1.29
Lepton ID combined	0.001	0.006	0.004	0.68	1.38
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{**}\ell\nu)$	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.26	0.52
$B \rightarrow D^{**}\ell\nu$ form factors	0.003	0.001	0.004	0.11	0.22
$f_{+-}/f_{00}$	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.52	1.06
Fake $e/\mu$	0.004	0.006	0.001	0.11	0.21
Continuum norm.	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.03	0.06
K/ $\pi$ ID	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.39	0.77
Fast track efficiency	-	-	-	0.53	1.05
$N\Upsilon(4S)$	-	-	-	0.68	1.37
$B^0$ lifetime	-	-	-	0.13	0.26
$\mathcal{B}(D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi_s^+)$	-	-	-	0.37	0.74
$\mathcal{B}(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)$	-	-	-	0.51	1.02
Total systematic error	0.008	0.009	0.007	1.60	3.21

# Slow pion efficiency

- Results on MC14ri\_a vs proc12\_chunk1 + buckets 16-20 data are available
- No significant change in results going from release-4 to release-5 data and MC
- Consistent results b/w two analysis teams (Chaoyi et al, and Souvik et al)
- Tried decay chain containing  $\pi^0$ , but the postfit distributions are not ideal. Plan to try  $\pi^0$  efficiency correction in future.

BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2020-036

S. Maity (IIT Bhubaneswar), S. Ipsita (IIT Hyderabad)  
C. Lyu, F. Bernlochner (Bonn)



- There is also a third study from J. Borah *et al*, inspired by the inclusive  $D^0$  method from BABAR. Progressing well (see update [here](#)).

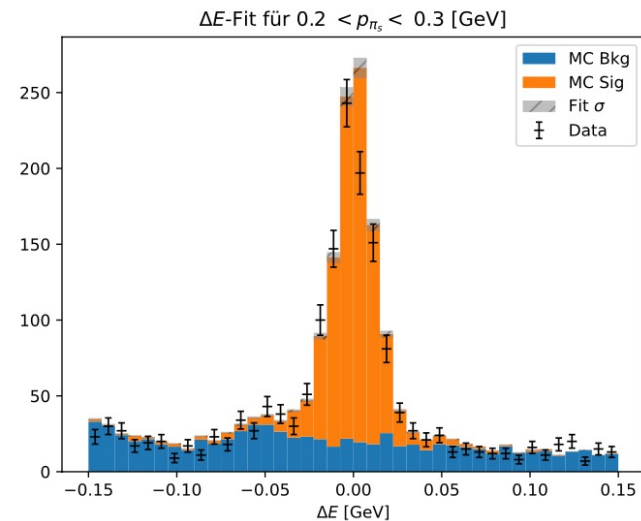
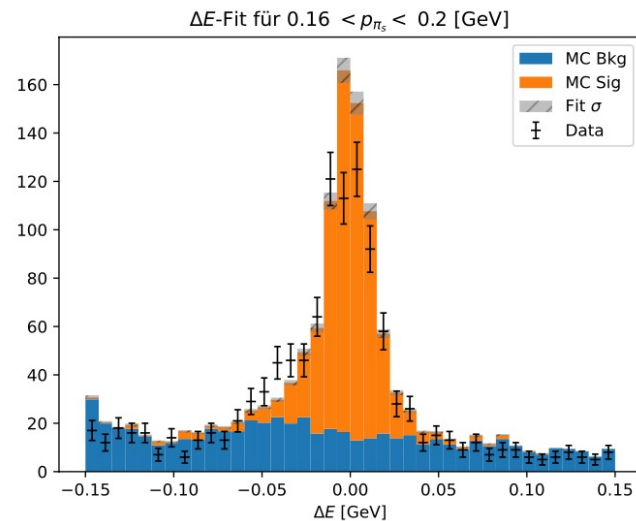
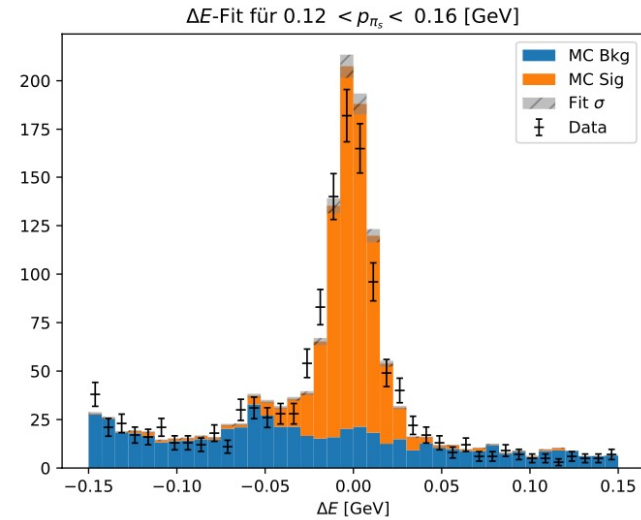
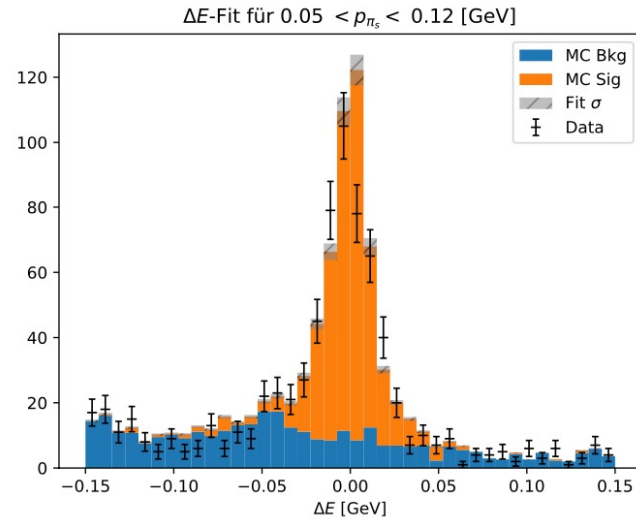
Provides an independent cross-check that can benefit from higher statistics and wider momentum coverage. Backgrounds more challenging.

# Relative $\pi_s$ efficiency

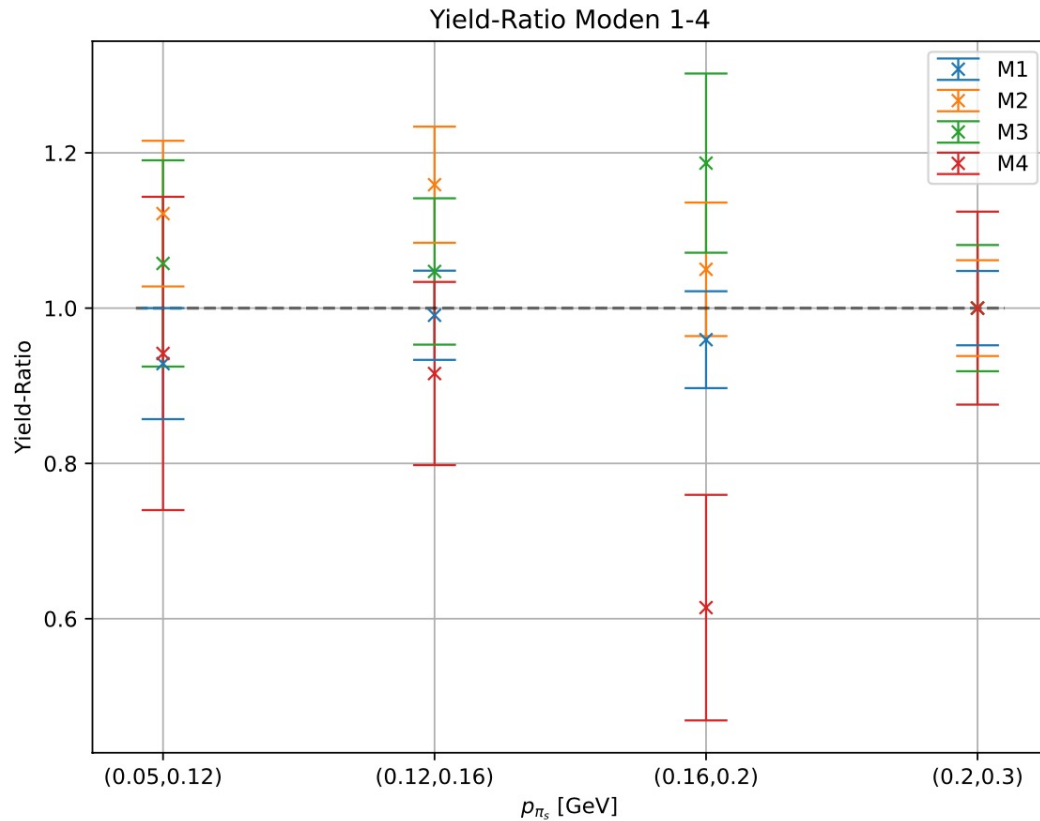
- Reconstruct  $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\bar{D}^0 \pi^-) \pi^+$  in data and MC
- Measure relative yields in bins of  $\pi_s$  momentum
- Normalise highest momentum bin to 1

- 4  $D^0$  modes
  1.  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$
  2.  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
  3.  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
  4.  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K_s \pi^- \pi^+$

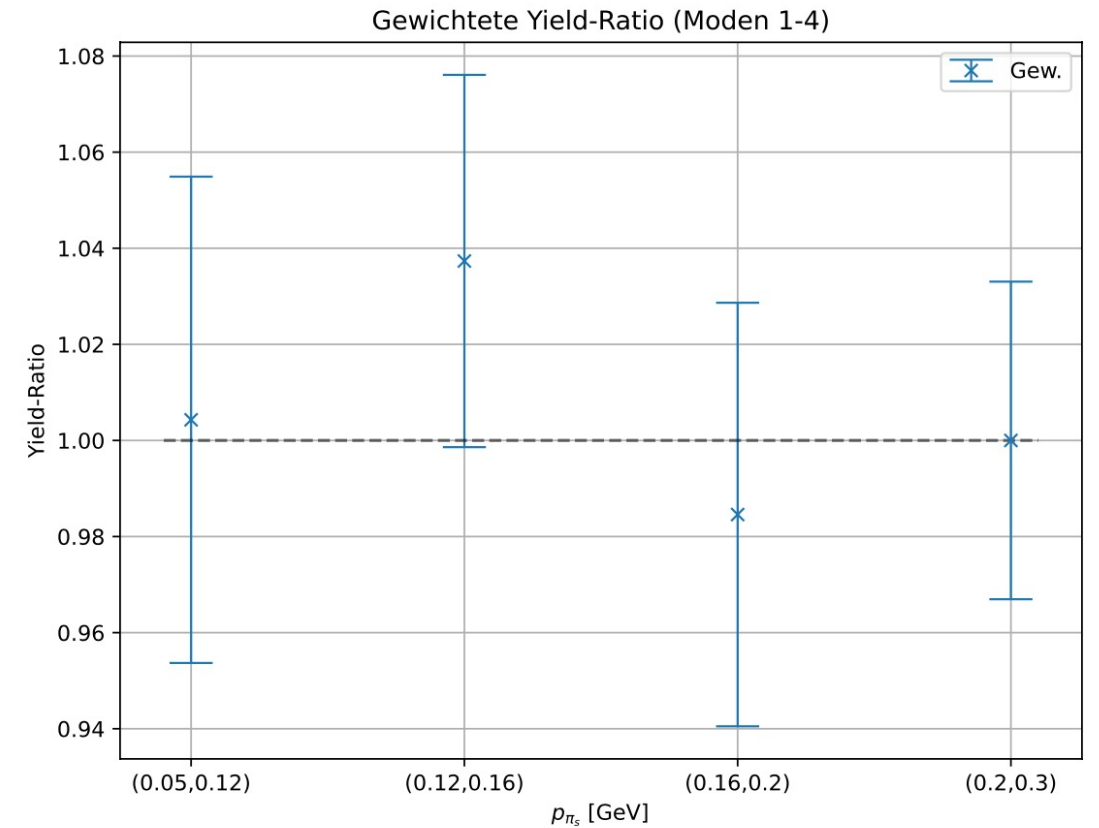
# Fit results, e.g., Delta E, Mode 1



# Overall results $M_{bc}$ fit preliminary

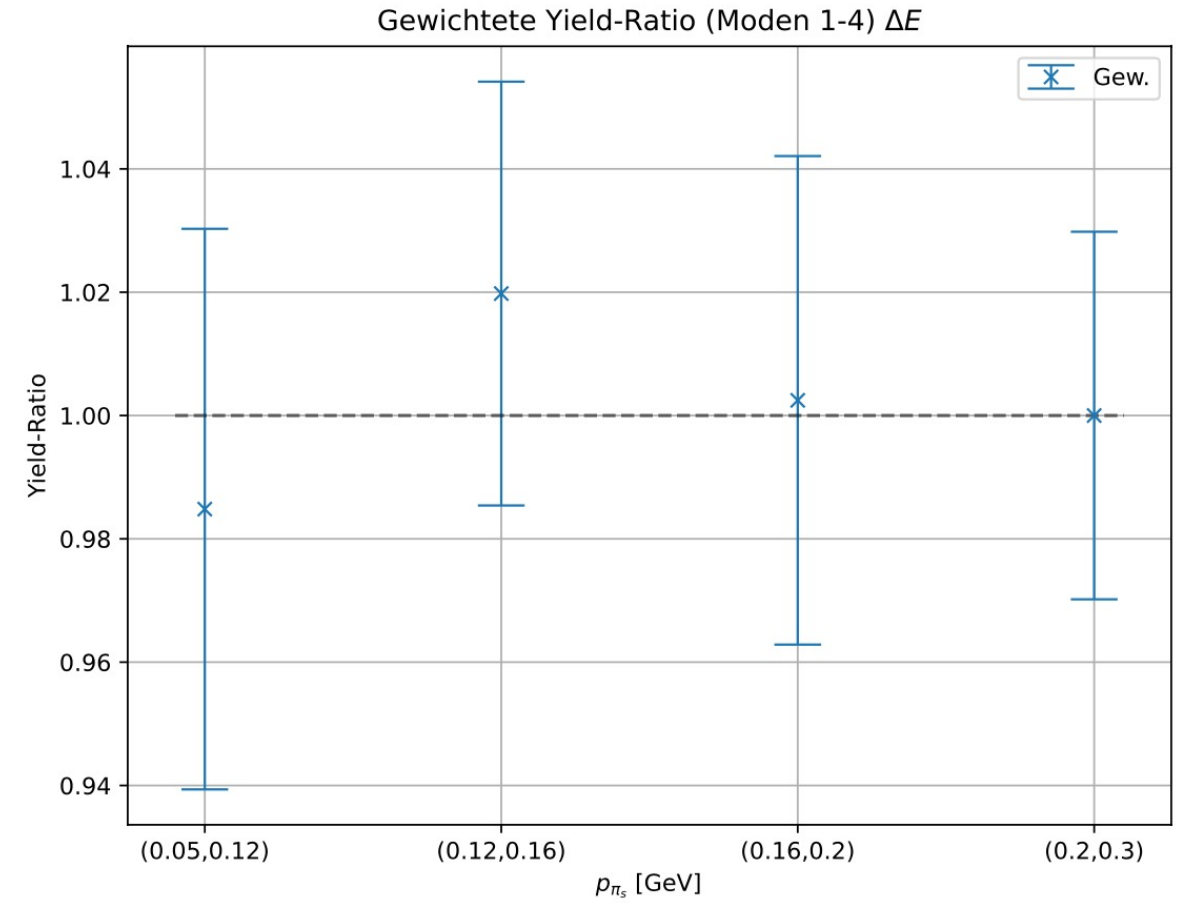
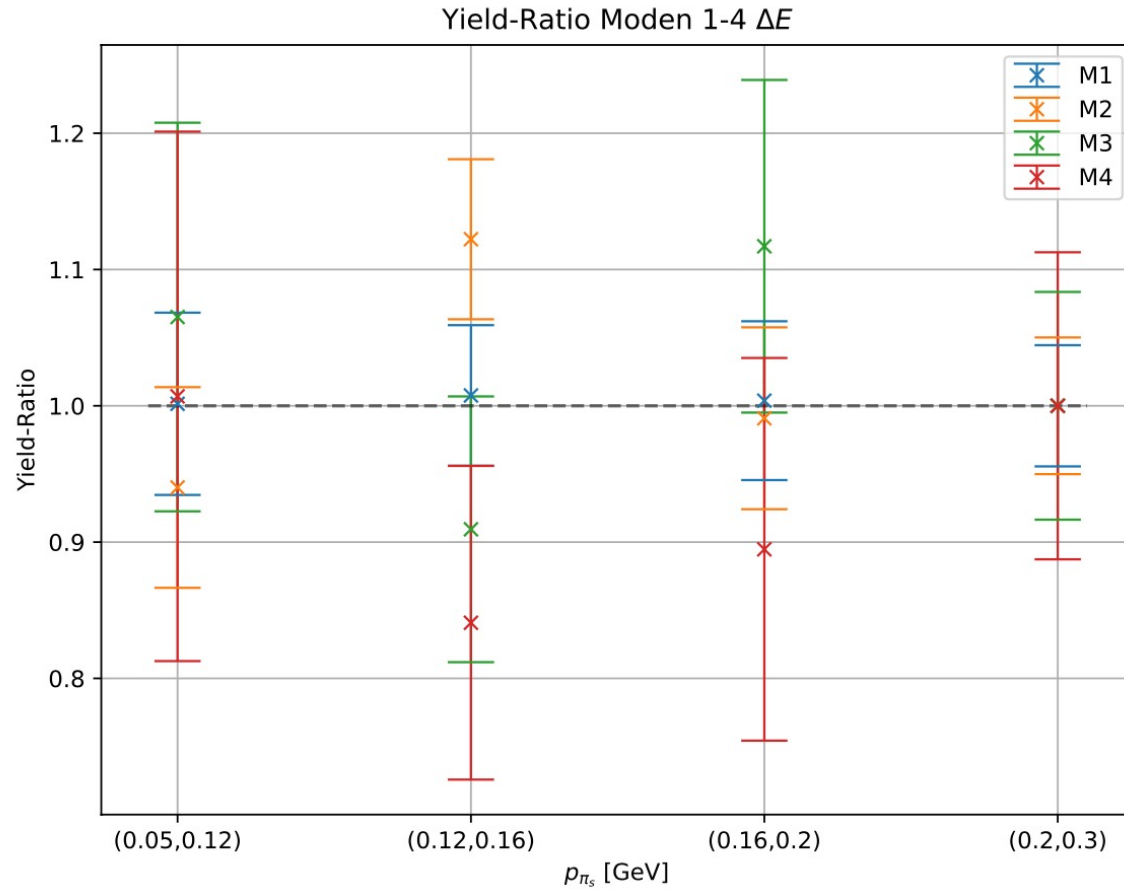


Individual D modes



Weighted mean

# Overall results Delta E fit **preliminary**



# Numerical results ( $\pi_s$ error ) preliminary

$M_{bc}$  fit

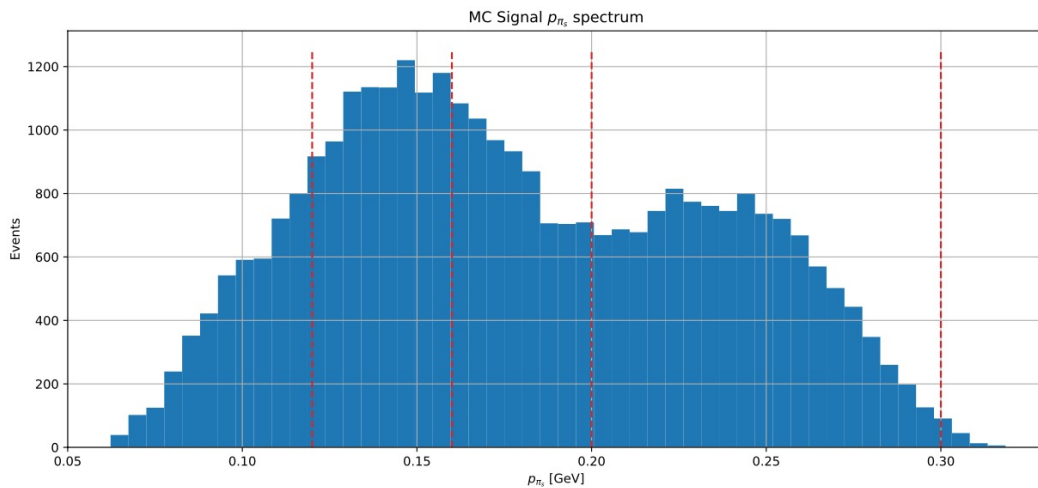
Bin	Rel. Err [%]
(0.05, 0.12)	5.04
(0.12, 0.16)	3.73
(0.16, 0.2)	4.48
(0.2, 0.3)	3.3

Delta E fit

Bin	Rel. Err [%]
(0.05, 0.12)	4.62
(0.12, 0.16)	3.37
(0.16, 0.2)	3.95
(0.2, 0.3)	2.98

# Average over $\pi_s$ spectrum

## preliminary



Bin	% of events
(0.05, 0.12)	0.15
(0.12, 0.16)	0.27
(0.16, 0.2)	0.22
(0.2, 0.3)	0.36

Fit type	rel. error [%]
Mbc 3 Modes	4.50
deltaE 3 Modes	3.91
Mbc 4 Modes	3.94
deltaE 4 Modes	3.54

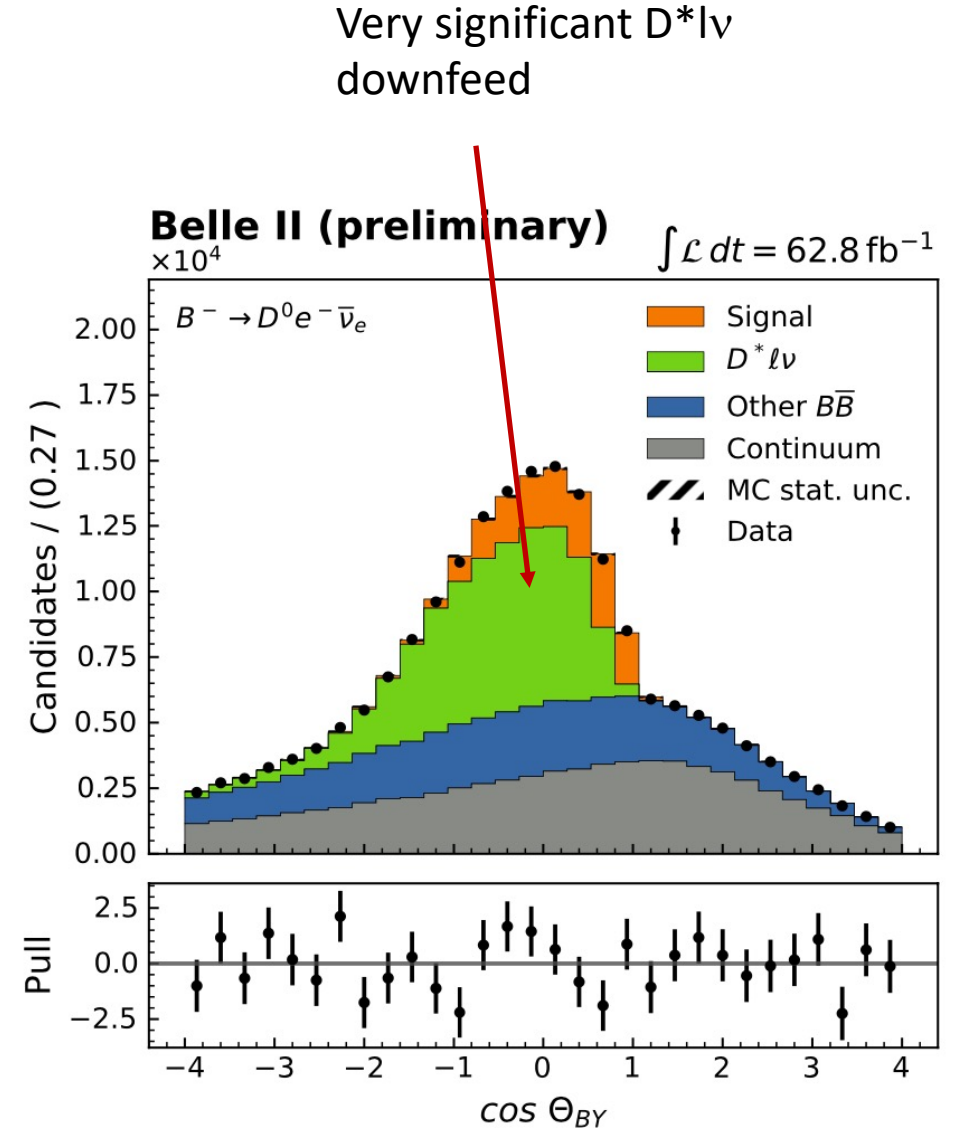
Modest improvement compared to the current Belle II value though still far from Belle...

# $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu$ untagged

- Very similar to previous analysis
  - $D^0$  is searched for in the K- pi+ mode
  - No requirement on second B
  - Yield is extracted from  $\cos \theta_{BY}$

- Branching fraction [arXiv:2110.02648]

$$\mathcal{B}(B^- \rightarrow D^0 \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell) = (2.29 \pm 0.05_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.08_{\text{syst}})\%$$



(release-04)

# D\* veto

- To suppress  $D^*$  downfeed, implement 2 vetos:
- $B^0 \rightarrow [D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+] \ell^- \nu_\ell$ 
  - Slow  $\pi$ :  $p < 0.35$  GeV
  - $144 \text{ MeV} < m_{D^*} - m_D < 148 \text{ MeV}$
- $B^+ \rightarrow [D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0 [\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma]] \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ 
  - $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  selection criteria from **recommendations\***
  - $141 \text{ MeV} < m_{D^*} - m_D < 145 \text{ MeV}$
  - Opening angle of  $D^0 \pi^0 < 17^\circ$

## D\* veto (2)

	Before D*+ veto cuts	After D*+ veto cuts
D*+ events	180k	66k
D*0 events	310k	304k

- Veto leakage is about 37%
  - mostly due to missing  $\pi_s$
  - could be improved by better ps reconstruction
- Not entirely clear how much this would improve the overall result (D\*0)

# Summary

- Slow pion reconstruction affects ongoing measurements of the CKM element  $|V_{cb}|$  from exclusive decays in various ways
- $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l^+ \nu$ 
  - Here, precise understanding of the slow pion efficiency is most crucial
  - It would be desirable to also develop \_absolute\_ measurements of the slow pion efficiency
- $B^- \rightarrow D^0 l \nu$ 
  - Better slow pion reconstruction will improve the  $D^{*+}$  veto and reduce downfeed from  $B \rightarrow D^{*+} l \nu$
  - However, downfeed background from  $D^{*0}$  is still substantial. So, not clear how much the overall result can improve

***Thank you for your attention!***