



Study of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$ decays using hadronic tagging

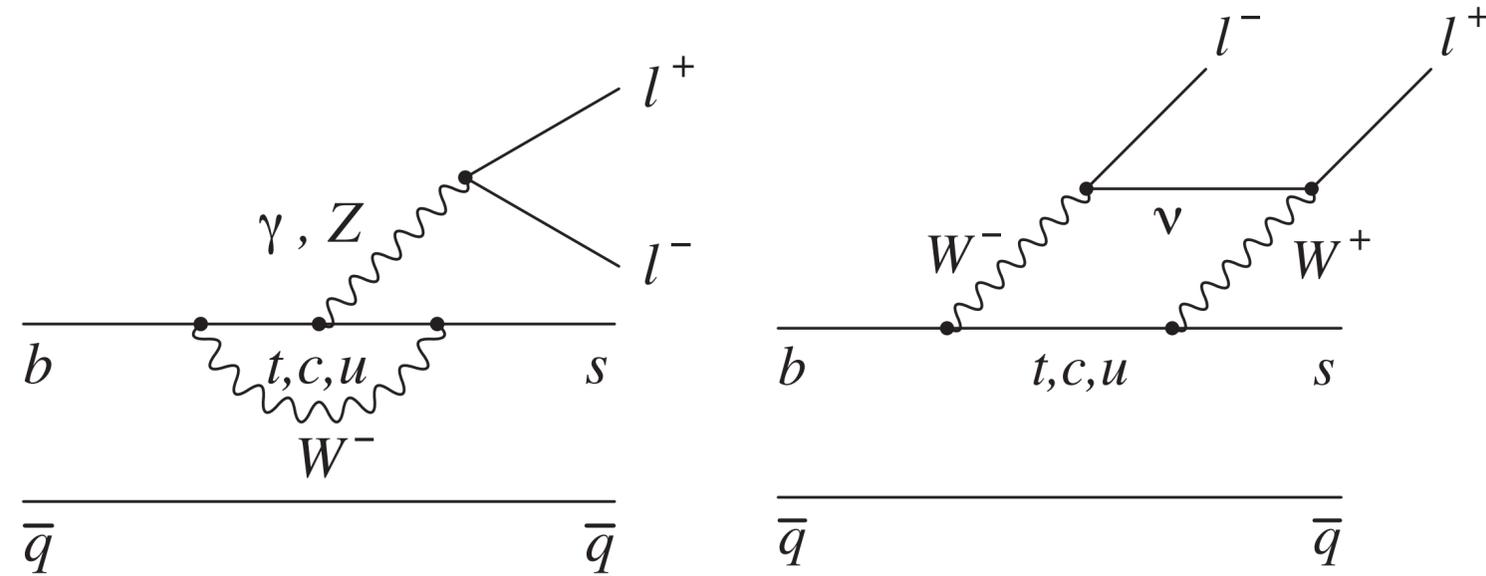
Debjit Ghosh
(University and INFN Trieste)

Belle II Physics week

28 Nov - 2 Dec, 2022

Motivation

- The flavour changing neutral current process, $b \rightarrow sll$, are forbidden at tree level in SM and only occurs via loop diagrams, $\mathcal{O}(10^{-7})$.



- Recent anomalies from LHCb measurements of R_{K,K^*} hint new physics models which predict enhancement of $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-)$ upto 3 orders.
- Importance of τ : 3rd generation and higher mass strongly couples to new physics models.
- **Current best constrained:** *BABAR* collaboration put an upper limit with 424 fb^{-1} dataset, $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-) < 2.25 \times 10^{-3}$ at 90% C.L. [[PhysRevLett.118.031802](#)]
- There were attempts to search in Belle data using hadronic Full Reconstruction estimating a sensitivity of $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-) < 3.17 \times 10^{-3}$ at 90% C.L. [Belle Note- 1394]
- Started working on $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$ to do a combined Belle (*Vidya et al.*) + Belle II analysis

Analysis workflow

Reconstruction: process simulated data applying pre-selection of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$

Optimise selection: identify selection that maximises signal to background ratio

Systematics: assess the relevant contribution to systematic uncertainties

Background studies: continuum suppression and potential background sources

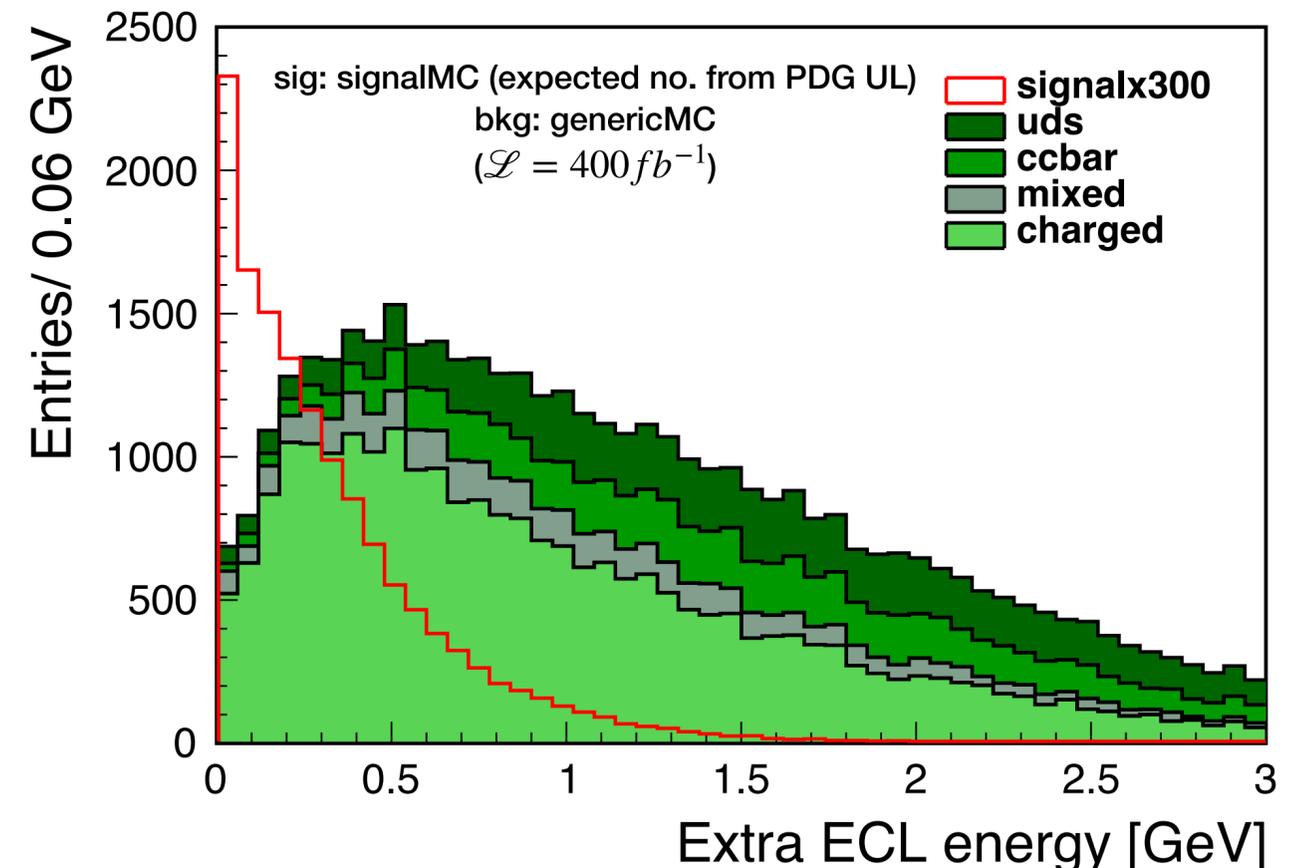
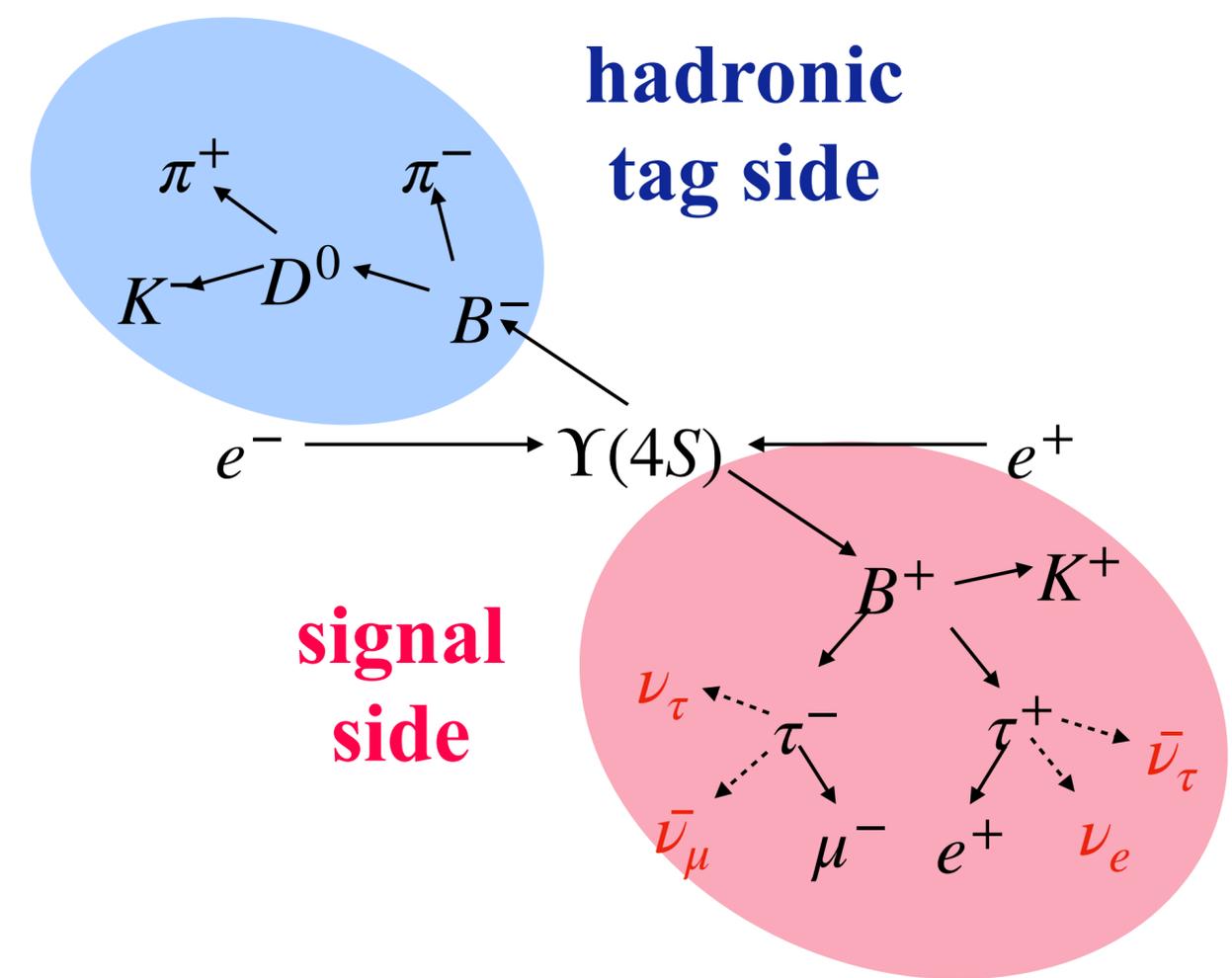
Signal extraction or upper limit

Analysis procedure

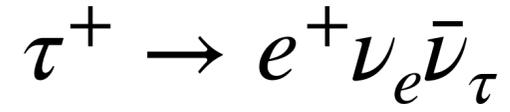
- With one prong τ decays ($\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau, \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau, \pi^- \nu_\tau$), $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$ have 2 – 4 neutrinos in the final state.
- Reconstruct tag B meson with only hadronic decays using FEI ($\sim 1\%$ efficiency).
- Reconstruct signal B mesons by combining K and oppositely charged pair combinations of e, μ, π (eg: $K^+ e^+ \pi^-, K^+ \mu^+ e^-, \dots$).
- For signal, there should not be any π^0 in the rest of event of B tag meson: apply π^0 veto
- Signal extraction: narrow peak at zero in the distribution of the energy of all ECL depositions not used in the reconstruction of signal and and B tag candidates.

* samples and selections are in backup slides

4



Challenge 1: identifying signal



```
ma.reconstructDecay(decayString='tau+:ch0 =direct=> e+:sel ?nu',  
                    cut='',  
                    dmID=0,  
                    path=main)
```

- Different methods in identifying true signal candidate give different results.
- I compared between MC truth match (isSignal) and topoana.
- No. of truth matched signal events are 22 % less compared to topoana.
- For $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$, the difference is 5 %.

“isSignal” → 3779

“isSignalAcceptedMissingNeutrino” → 3779

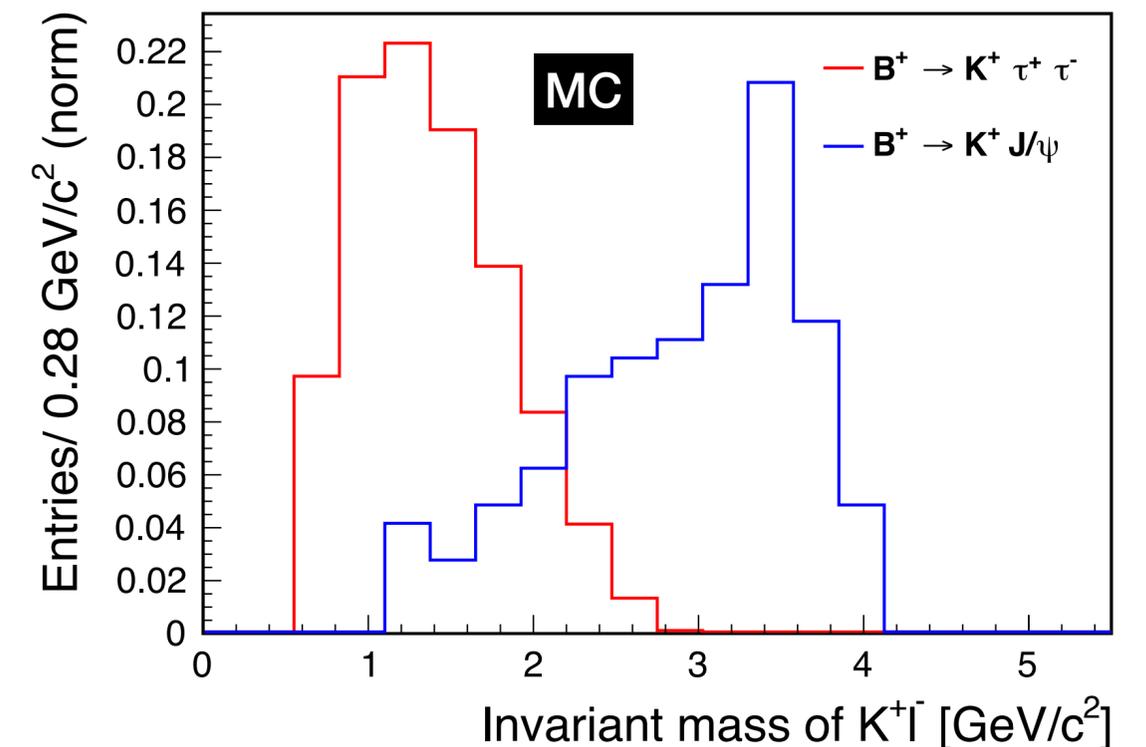
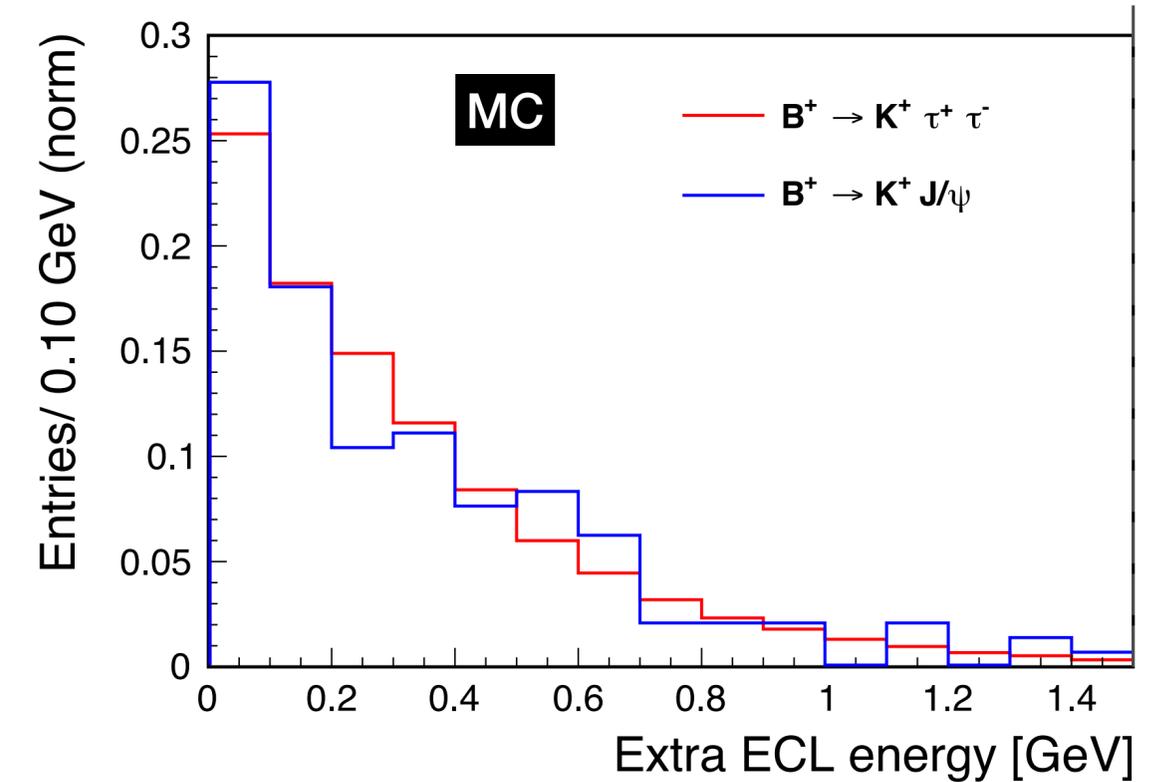
from topoana → 4849

Do anyone observe this difference in other missing energy decays?

Challenge 2: suitable control channel

- Control sample with same or equivalent final states: verification of efficiency, data-MC agreement check, validation of the BDT training, etc.
- In the final state, it must have three tracks: K and oppositely charged pair combinations of e, μ, π .
- Look at $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ decays using hadronic tagging where $J/\psi \rightarrow l^+l^-$ ($l = e, \mu$)
- Reconstruct with same selections as in case of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$, except the invariant mass of leptons pair cut: $2.90 < M(l^+l^-) < 3.15 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- After π^0 veto and extra ECL energy $< 1.5 \text{ GeV}$, number of signal events in MC are small: 129 ($\mathcal{L} = 364.35 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

any suggestion for alternative control channel
of higher statistics?



Backup slides

Sample and selections

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$$

SignalMC (for signal):

- Generated events: 50×10^6
- Generator model: BTOSLLBALL
- release-06-00-10
- globalTag: mc_production_MC15ri_a
- bkg:early phase III (release-06-00-05), BGx1

GenericMC (for background):

- Generated events: MC15rib
Luminosity = 400 fb^{-1}

Global tag:

- analysis_tools_light-2205-abys

Charged tracks (e, μ, K, π) cuts:

- transverse distance from IP, $dr < 0.5$
- distance in beam direction from IP, $|dz| < 2$
- polar angle is within CDC acceptance (thetaInCDCAcceptance)
- Kaon binary PID, $\mathcal{L}(K/\pi) > 0.6$
- Electron PID, $\mathcal{L}(e) > 0.9$
- Muon PID, $\mathcal{L}(\mu) > 0.9$

Sample and selections

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$$

Reconstruct FEI hadronic B_{tag} :

- weight file prefix - 'FEIv4_2022_MC15_light-2205-abys'
- Two most probable B_{tag} candidates are accepted
- $M_{bc} > 5.27$
- $|\Delta E| < 0.1$
- FEI signal probability > 0.001
- ROE of B_{tag} has 3 charged tracks

Continuum suppression:

- event sphericity > 0.2
- $\cos\text{TBTO} < 0.9$

ROE mask:

- $dr < 0.5, |dz| < 2, \text{thetaInCDCAcceptance}$
- $\text{clusterNHits} > 1.5$
- $E > 0.080 \text{ GeV}$ (FWD), > 0.030 (BRL), > 0.060 (BWD)
- $|\text{cluster time}| < 200$
- $\text{minC2TDist} > 20$
- $\left| \frac{\text{cluster time}}{\text{clusterErrorTiming}} \right| < 2.0$

π^0 veto:

- Cut on ROE π^0 : $120 < M < 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Select one π^0 per event that has the nearest mass to the PDG mass

Best candidate selection

- Randomly select a candidate in an event among the highest FEI signal probability candidates

Sample and selections

$$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$$

GenericMC:

- Generated events: MC15rib
Luminosity = 400 fb^{-1}

Data:

- Proc 13 + Moriond2023_prompt (exp 20-26)
Luminosity = 364.35 fb^{-1}

Global tag:

- analysis_tools_light-2205-abys
- data_beam_conditions_proc13prompt (data)

Charged tracks (e, μ, K, π) cuts:

- transverse distance from IP, $dr < 0.5$
- distance in beam direction from IP, $|dz| < 2$
- polar angle is within CDC acceptance (thetaInCDCAcceptance)
- Kaon binary PID, $\mathcal{L}(K/\pi) > 0.6$
- Electron PID, $\mathcal{L}(e) > 0.9$
- Muon PID, $\mathcal{L}(\mu) > 0.9$

J/ψ mass window cut:

- $2.90 < M(l^+l^-) < 3.15 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Only difference compare to signal sample reconstruction

Sample and selections

$$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$$

Reconstruct FEI hadronic B_{tag} :

- weight file prefix - 'FEIv4_2022_MC15_light-2205-abys'
- Two most probable B_{tag} candidates are accepted
- $M_{bc} > 5.27$
- $|\Delta E| < 0.1$
- FEI signal probability > 0.001
- ROE of B_{tag} has 3 charged tracks

Continuum suppression:

- event sphericity > 0.2
- $\cos\text{TBTO} < 0.9$

ROE mask:

- $dr < 0.5, |dz| < 2, \text{thetaInCDCAcceptance}$
- $\text{clusterNHits} > 1.5$
- $E > 0.080 \text{ GeV (FWD)}, > 0.030 \text{ (BRL)}, > 0.060 \text{ (BWD)}$
- $|\text{cluster time}| < 200$
- $\text{minC2TDist} > 20$
- $\left| \frac{\text{cluster time}}{\text{clusterErrorTiming}} \right| < 2.0$

π^0 veto:

- Cut on ROE π^0 : $120 < M < 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- Select one π^0 per event that has the nearest mass to the PDG mass

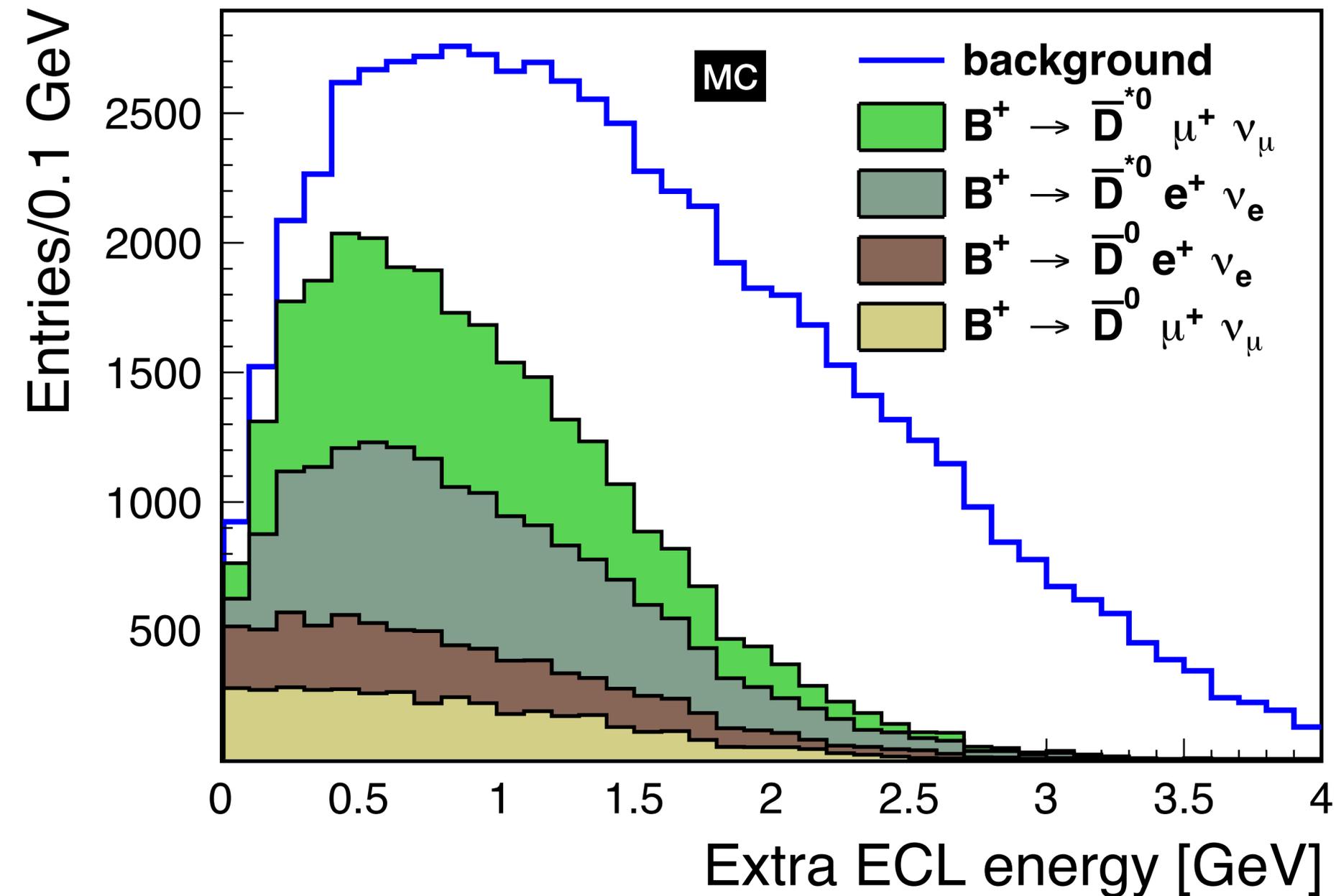
Best candidate selection

- Randomly select a candidate in an event among the highest FEI signal probability candidates

Charged decay modes

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-$$

background=> generic charged MC (MC15rib, $400 fb^{-1}$)



- $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0} l^+ \nu_l$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 l^+ \nu_l$ are the main source of backgrounds in $B^+ B^-$ samples